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the residence of F. A. Durgin, 305 ...nth street, last night, did a damage ...20.

...ll fell from a step-ladder in front of ... street last evening and sustained ...lly injuries.

...en, the man wanted for stabbing ...ry on the levee about a week ago, ...ed last night by Officer Condon.

...ouse at 323 South Fourteenth street ... by the police last night and Wil... the proprietor and five players ...ired.

...Dastroph, 29 years of age, residing ...rth Seventh street, showed symp... ...lirium tremens yesterday and was ... City Hospital.

...Chenat and J. A. McGrath, two new ...the civil service list, were appointed ...s in the mailing department of the ... yesterday. Several promotions ...made.

...ray, the popular presiding officer at ...ut Street Station, has obtained a ...rom the Board and will leave to... ...Batavia, N. Y. He intends to take in ...lls on his route, and will also pass ...anada. He says he hopes to meet ...Thomson and have him as a travel... ...nion on the way back.


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# St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

MISSOURI'S Stalwart Democracy In Convention TO-DAY

VOL. 37—NO. 42. ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY EVENING, AUGUST 19, 1886. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIERS, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.



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# LATEST EDITION

## DOWNED.

### The Railroad and City Cliques Routed.

### On the Sixth Ballot Brace is Nominated for Supreme Judge.

### Martin's Forces Desert Him After a Spirited Contest.

### An Unsuccessful Dicker of the Kansas City and St. Louis Delegation.

### Exciting Scenes in the Convention on the Sixth Ballot—The Stampede for Brace—Relative Strength of the Candidates for Railroad Commissioner—The New State Central Committee—Gossip.

"Where will Martin's strength go to?" was the question of the hour this morning when the convention assembled. It appeared to be the general impression that the race had narrowed down to Henry and Brace, and that Martin would withdraw after a few ballots. This idea was combatted vigorously by the Martin men who denied that they had ever considered such a contingency. When Frank Blair was asked where Martin's vote would go to eventually he refused to admit that any candidate other than Martin would ever get it for Supreme Judge.

"The race is between Henry and Brace is it not?"

"Don't you believe a word of it. Martin's not a dead cock in the pit by any means."

Despite the stiff upper lip which the Martin men keep, it is evident that Martin's vote is less secure than that of his more successful opponents. Maj. C. C. Rainwater claimed this morning that when the Martin break occurred Henry would receive the lion's share of the vote. "If Henry gains on the first ballot he is good as nominated," said the Major. "Martin is out of the fight. Henry's strength will stick to him through thick and thin. The Southeast vote will certainly come to us when it leaves Martin—there can be no question about it. Did you observe last night how anxious the Brace men were to adjourn after they saw how strong Henry was on the first ballot? Previous to that they were red hot for a long session and immediate nomination."

Secretary of State Mike McGrath was radiant. His reputation as a political prognosticator had been vindicated on last night's ballots. "Of all of the calculations made by the friends of the different candidates, mine came nearest being correct. I was within ten votes of the vote on the first ballot. You can say this morning that Martin is practically out of the race; in fact, he never was in it, and the fight is between Brace and Henry, with the chances largely in favor of the latter. Why, pshaw! the Martin men have begged, borrowed and prayed for the few votes they've got and it is reasonable to suppose that they will desert them at the first opportunity. The only question now is: Where will Martin's votes go to? I think that Henry will get them, particularly the Southeast vote."

The Brace men are equally as confident of securing the Martin vote as are the Henry men and with probably more reason. They claim that the Martin and Brace men will combine to beat Henry. Inquiry by a POST-DISPATCH reporter elicited the information that the managers of the Martin canvass feel more favorably towards Brace than towards Henry, and that should it become evident that their candidate cannot be nominated they will exert their influence to throw the bulk of the Martin votes to Brace. The Henry men, while admitting that Brace is the second choice of the prominent Martin men, deny that Martin's vote can be delivered by the managers to any particular candidate, and claim that by judicious trading on the Railroad Commissioner they can control the entire Southeast delegation and a part of Martin's strength outside of that corner.

In connection with the vote of the Southeast, which apparently is claiming considerable attention just at present as the weakest spot in Judge Martin's armor, it is reported that James F. Hatton of Wayne, candidate for Railroad Commissioner, has effected a combination with the Henry forces, which goes to confirm the positive assertions of the Henry leaders that they will have the Southeast solid on a break. Hatton is undoubtedly one of the strongest candidates for the second place on the ticket; still it is a fact that none of the candidates for Railroad Commissioner have sufficient strength to cut much of a figure in the Supreme Judgeship contest. A great deal of trading has been done by them this morning, however, and it is predicted that immediately a candidate for supreme Judge shows a material gain, the candidates for the other offices will stampede their friends for him in the hope of coming in for reciprocal favors later on.

Col. Deatherage, candidate for Railroad Commisioner, will swing what vote he can for Judge Brace; Webb is a John O'Day man and, of course, is for Henry. The idea that these gain of one vote was made known his friends Henry and Brace receives little consideration. The ultimate disposition of the Martin vote is the all-absorbing question of the convention this morning.

On the third ballot it became evident that the Martin leaders were making strenuous efforts to hold their forces together, but signally failed to do so in a number of instances. If the changes on the ballot are indicative of anything, they show clearly that the statement made above, that the Martin men preferred Brace to Henry, was well founded, and that if a goodly proportion of the Martin delegates follow the bellwethers Brace will secure the nomination before the adjournment for recess. One of the most prominent men in the Martin camp informed a POST-DISPATCH reporter while the vote on this ballot was in progress that the Martin vote would certainly go to Brace if it could be controlled in the event of Martin's withdrawal. "There may be some few votes that will get away from us, but not many will get away from us. Brace will get at least five-sixths of the entire Martin delegation."

"Have you made any combination for Railroad Commissioner?"

"No; our force is pretty well scattered all over the field."

In the canvassing after the ballot Ed Silver and Frank Blair, Martin men, worked strenuously to secure a promise from the Henry delegation from St. Louis to go for Martin on the next ballot, making it a question as to which should be withdrawn, Henry or Martin. The Henry men laughed at the proposition, and poo-pooed the idea that the majority should give way to the minority, and decided to stick to Henry.

After the fifth ballot it was reported that the St. Louis delegation had yielded to the solicitations of the Martin men and agreed to change from Henry to Martin provided Jackson County with thirty-two votes would lead off. Accordingly Jackson County retired for consultation on this ballot, and was followed by St. Louis. Lafayette County, with twelve Martin votes followed suit. After a brief but heated session the Jackson County delegation refused the overtures from the St. Louis delegation and decided to stick to Henry as long as he was in the race. The news was carried to the St. Louis delegation in session across the hall, when after it was agreed to do likewise. This ended the attempts of the Martin men to gain Henry's strength. The result was a great disappointment to Martin's friends, who then feared that Brace would be nominated on the next ballot, which was in fact accomplished.

### TO-DAY'S SESSION.

#### Theodore Brace Nominated on the Sixth Ballot—The Proceedings.

The clans began to gather early this morning. Red-eyed delegates began to put in an appearance at 9 o'clock and by 10 o'clock the steps in front of the main entrance to the Exposition were covered with smokers, while little groups of swappers and traders deliberated in the hall. At 10 o'clock, Chairman Dockery drove up in a carriage, accompanied by three distinguished delegates. His arrival was the signal for most of the smokers to throw away the stumps of their cigars and file into the hall. At 10:13 the Chairman rapped the convention to order, and two minutes after he announced that the roll would be called on "nomination—I mean election of Supreme Judge." At this time there was a full representation in the hall. As the roll-call proceeded there was not much enthusiasm. Most of the delegates looked weary, and many who had just eaten their breakfasts were busy with the morning papers. Occasionally, as a delegation cast its vote solidly for one candidate or another, there was applause from the candidate's friends. The Brace men seemed to be wider awake than any of the other delegates. Every gain for Brace was greeted with yells and cat-calls and stamping of feet. When the vote of Pulaski County was announced one stray delegate yelled, "Hurrah for Brace!" But the war cry brought no response. The first St. Louis County District tried to cast one more vote than it was entitled to but it did not succeed.

When the roll-call was concluded there was a murmur of conversation in the hall. Chairman Dockery turned around to talk with Silver Dollar Bland while the clerks were casting up the vote. At 10:52 Chairman Dockery announced the vote saying that 394 votes were necessary to a choice. As the announcement was "Henry 300" was made there was wild cheering which lasted only a minute. The vote was as follows:

| Counties. | Brace. | Martin | Henry | Counties. | Brace. | Martin | Henry |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adair | | | 5 | Morgan | | | 4 |
| Andrew | 3 | 3 | | New Madrid | 4 | | |
| Atchison | | | 5 | Newton | 1 | 1 | |
| Audrain | 10 | | | Nodaway— | | | |
| Barry | 1 | 2 | | 1st Dist. | | 2 | 8 |
| Barton | | 1 | 5 | 2d Dist. | | | |
| Bates | | 10 | 3 | Oregon | | 4 | |
| Benton | | 4 | | Osage | | | 4 |
| Bollinger | | 2 | 2 | Ozark | 1 | | |
| Boone | 5 | 3 | 4 | Pemiscott | | 1 | 1 |
| Buchanan— | | | | Perry | | | 4 |
| 1st Dist. | | | | Pettis— | | | |
| 2d Dist. | 3 | 8 | 6 | E. Dist. | | 11 | |
| 3d Dist. | | | | W. Dist. | | | |
| Butler | | | 3 | Phelps | | 1 | 3 |
| Caldwell | | | 4 | Pike | 11 | | |
| Callaway | | 11 | | Platte | 3 | 3 | 8 |
| Camden | | | 2 | Polk | | | 5 |
| Cape Girardeau | 1 | 3 | 3 | Pulaski | 3 | | |
| Carroll | 10 | | | Putnam | | | 3 |
| Carter | | | 1 | Ralls | 6 | | |
| Cass | | 10 | | Randolph | 11 | | |
| Cedar | 5 | | | Ray | 9 | 1 | |
| Clinton | 11 | | | Reynolds | 3 | | |
| Christian | | | 2 | Ripley | | | 3 |
| Clarke | | | | St. Charles | 7 | | |
| Clay | | | 3 | St. Clair | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Clinton | 6 | 1 | | St. Francois | | 6 | |
| Cole | | 4 | 1 | St. Genevieve | 1 | 3 | |
| Cooper | 8 | 8 | | St. Louis— | | | |
| Crawford | 2 | | 2 | 1st Dist. | | 5 | |
| Dade | | | 4 | 2d Dist. | | 4 | |
| Dallas | | | 2 | City of St. L. | | | |
| Daviess | 7 | | | 1st Ward | | | 3 |
| DeKalb | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2d Ward | | | 2 |
| Dent | | 4 | | 3d Ward | | | 3 |
| Douglas | | | 1 | 4th Ward | | | 6 |
| Dunklin | | 5 | | 5th Ward | 3 | | |
| Franklin | 5 | | 3 | 6th Ward | 2 | | |
| Gasconade | | 2 | | 7th Ward | 2 | | |
| Gentry | 3 | | 4 | 8th Ward | | | 1 |
| Greene | | | | 9th Ward | 2 | | |
| Grundy | | | | 10th Ward | | | 5 |
| Harrison | 3 | | 3 | 11th Ward | | | 1 |
| Henry | 11 | | | 12th Ward | | | 1 |
| Hickory | | | 2 | 13th Ward | | 1 | |
| Holt | 1 | 3 | 1 | 14th Ward | | | 3 |
| Howard | | | 8 | 15th Ward | | | 3 |
| Howell | 2 | 3 | | 16th Ward | | | 2 |
| Iron | | | 3 | 17th Ward | | | 4 |
| Jackson— | | | | 18th Ward | | | 6 |
| 1st Dist. | | | | 19th Ward | | | 2 |
| 2d Dist. | | | 32 | 20th Ward | | | 4 |
| 3d Dist. | | | | 21st | | | 1 |
| 4th Dist. | | | | 22d Ward | | | 1 |
| Jasper— | | | | 23d Ward | | 1 | |
| E. Dist. | 4 | 1 | 6 | 24th Ward | | 2 | |
| W. Dist. | | | | 26th Ward | | | 1 |
| Jefferson | | 6 | 2 | 27th Ward | | | 1 |
| Johnson | | | | 28th Ward | | | 3 |
| E. Dist. | | | | Saline— | | | |
| W. Dist. | 11 | | | 1st Dist. | 5 | 3 | 6 |
| Knox | 5 | | | 2d Dist. | | | |
| Laclede | | | 4 | Schuyler | 1 | | 3 |
| Lafayette | | 12 | | Scotland | | | 5 |
| Lawrence | | 3 | 3 | Scott | | 4 | |
| Lewis | 7 | | | Shannon | | 2 | |
| Lincoln | 7 | | | Shelby | 6 | | |
| Linn | 7 | | | Stoddard | 3 | | 3 |
| Livingston | 7 | | | Stone | 1 | | |
| McDonald | 1 | | 2 | Sullivan | 6 | | |
| Macon | | | 10 | Taney | | 1 | 1 |
| Madison | 3 | | | Texas | | | 6 |
| Maries | | 3 | | Vernon | 13 | | |
| Marion | 11 | | | Warren | | 2 | |
| Mercer | | | 3 | Washington | | | 5 |
| Miller | | 3 | | Wayne | | | 4 |
| Mississippi | | 4 | | Webster | | | 4 |
| Moniteau | | 6 | | Worth | | 3 | |
| Monroe | 12 | | | Wright | | | 3 |
| Montgomery | | 6 | | Total | 272 | 215 | 300 |

There were 787 votes, an increase of one, Jackson County having gained one by reapportionment. The new vote went to Henry.

THE THIRD BALLOT.

Chairman Dockery then announced the second call of the day for the third ballot. There was a cry of "Brace up" and cheers as Andrew County showed a gain of three votes for Brace. The Chairman requested the chairmen of the different delegations to use more "lung power," a request which was not observed. As the call proceeded the Brace men again demonstrated that they possessed most of the lung power and enthusiasm.

At the conclusion of the call Chairman Dockery announced that the Committee on Resolutions would meet immediately in the citizens' committee room in the Exposition building.

The clerks were very slow in casting up the vote. They could not make the totals add up the requisite number. At 11:25 Chairman announced the vote as follows: Brace, 286; Martin, 200; Henry, 301. At the announcement of the Brace vote there was a prolonged cheering. When Henry's gain of one vote was made known his friends yelled with a great show of enthusiasm. It was sometime after when order was restored sufficiently to proceed with the third roll-call and even then the Chairman was obliged to supplement the efforts of the blond clerk who called off the county names.

THE FOURTH BALLOT.

Dent County changed four votes Martin to Brace, eliciting loud cheers. Gentry County changed one Henry to Brace. Barry changed one Henry and one Martin vote to Brace. Howell changed one Martin vote to Brace. Jefferson County changed six Martin votes to Brace amid wild cheers and yells and cries of "Come again" from Brace's friends. Maries County changed three from Martin to Brace amid cheers. Mercer changed one Brace and one Martin to Henry. Newton changed one Brace to Henry. Nodaway changed three Henry and one Martin to Brace. Platte changed one Martin to Brace. Polk changed three Henry to Brace. Ray changed one Martin to Brace. St. Clair changed one Brace to Martin. The Fifteenth Ward, St. Louis, changed one Henry to Martin. Saline changed one Martin to Henry and two Martin to Brace. Scott changed four Martin to Brace amid cheering. Worth changed three Martin to Brace.

At the conclusion of the call there were two or three cries of "Hurrah for Brace," which in a few minutes crystallized into a general cheer. Then some weak voices said "Hurrah for Martin," but there was no response.

At 11:53 Chairman Dockery announced the result, Brace, 327⅔; Henry, 287⅔; Martin, 171⅔. At the announcement of the Brace vote there was more wild cheering and cries of "Brace," and then the 700 feet took it up and made the floor shake. There was great disorder for five minutes, and then the roll-call was proceeded with.

THE FIFTH BALLOT.

Every vote was greeted with cries and cheers, until the clerk was ordered to suspend, and then the Sergeant-at-Arms restored a semblance of order. Every minute some one would cry, "Hurrah for Brace." Jackson County asked permission through Col. Mercer to retire from the hall for consultation.

"Then they will all vote for Brace," said Nat Dryden.

Delegate Towey moved that the roll-call be suspended until the vote of Jackson had been announced.

Col. Mercer withdrew his request.

Caldwell changed four votes to "that eminent jurist, Theodore Brace," as the Chairman announced it. Cape Girardeau and Clinton changed one each, Martin to Brace. Franklin changed two Martin to Brace. Brace gained three in Franklin. The Brace men cheered every gain. Greene changed five Martin to Brace. There were cries of "Hurrah for Brace." McDonald changed two Henry to Brace. Newton County asked to be passed and then changed three and one-half Henry to Brace. Nodaway changed three Brace to Henry. Pettis changed two Martin to Brace. Platte changed one Martin to Henry, one to Brace. Reynolds changed one Brace to Henry. Ripley changed two Henry to Martin. Ste. Genevieve threw one Martin to Brace. In St. Louis the Eighteenth Ward changed one Henry to Martin. Schuyler changed two Brace to Henry; Scotland, one Brace to Henry. Taney changed one Henry to Brace.

The call was concluded at 12:15. Chairman Dockery came forward and announced the vote as follows: Martin, 152; Henry, 285½; Brace, 349½; necessary to a choice, 394.

The Brace vote was greeted with cheering that lasted two minutes. A delegate mounted a seat and tried to catch the Chairman's eye and ear, but there were general cries of "Sit down" and Mr. Dockery announced

THE SIXTH BALLOT.

A city delegate moved to adjourn, and the motion was seconded by John T. Crisp amid yells of "No" and much confusion. The motion was declared out of order, and the call proceeded. Atchison County changed five Henry to Brace. Barry changed one Martin to Henry. Bates County delayed the progress of the call five minutes, and then announced the same vote—thirteen for Martin. Benton changed two Brace to Henry. Bollinger changed one Brace to Henry and one Henry to Martin. Buchanan changed one Brace to Martin and one to Henry. Cape Girardeau one Henry to Martin. Clay changed two Henry to Brace amid cheers. Cole changed one Henry to Martin. Dunklin changed five Brace to Martin, Franklin two Brace to Henry. Greene changed one Brace to Henry.

At this point Jackson County (solid for Henry) asked permission to retire for consultation. There were cries of "no" "no." The permission was granted however. Mr. Bland took the chair and the call proceeded. Holt changed three Henry to Martin. Laclede changed two Henry to Brace.

Lafayette County (solid for Martin) asked permission to retire. It was given.

Mississippi County (solid for Martin) was given permission to retire for consultation.

Mercer County changed one Henry to Brace; Moniteau five Brace to Martin. Newton changed one and one-half Henry to Brace.

Nodaway County (Henry 8, Brace 2 on last ballot) was given permission to retire.

Pettis changed two Brace to Martin; Platte and Polk changed one each Brace to Henry.

Reynolds changed one Henry to Brace, amid cries of "hurrah for Reynolds."

Judge Lindley for the city of St. Louis delegates asked permission to retire. Objection was made. A delegate shouted that he did not want to retire.

Josh La Due jumped up and said that he objected to the delay of the business until these delegations could go out and sell out to one another. There was much confusion and an amendment was offered limiting the time of consultation to ten minutes. The amendment was agreed to and the delegation retired. There was great confusion and several gentlemen endeavored to get the floor. The chair refused to recognize any one until order was restored. In a few minutes the call was resumed.

Schuyler changed two Henry to Brace. Scott changed four Brace to Martin. Stoddard changed three Henry to Martin. Taney changed two Brace to Henry.

AFTER THE BALLOT.

At the conclusion of the regular call the counties passed were called, but Mississippi alone responded. Her vote remained four for Martin. Benton County asked permission to change her vote from four for Henry to four for Brace. There was some cheering.

The Sergeant-at-Arms was instructed to notify the St. Louis delegation that its time had expired.

The roll of passed counties was again called, and Jackson responded with "Thirty-two for Henry." No dicker had been made. Nodaway announced 7 for Henry, 3 for Brace, a gain of one for Brace. Chairman Bland instructed the doorkeeper to notify absent delegations that the vote would soon be announced.

The St. Louis delegation sent in a request for further time. There were a dozen objections, but the Chairman announced that there were none.

Lafayette county announced its vote as six for Henry, six for Brace—a loss of twelve by Martin.

At 1:05 the St. Louis delegation came in and was called off. The first four wards voted for Henry amid cheers and stamping. The vote was unchanged from the last ballot to the Fourteenth Ward, which changed three from Henry to Martin. The Eighteenth changed one Martin to Henry. The Twenty-sixth changed its one vote Henry to Martin. The roll-call was then declared closed. Polk county asked permission to change her vote to three for Brace and two for Henry. Mississippi County changed her vote four Martin to Brace. Shannon changed two Martin to Brace. Scott County's vote was changed back from Martin to Brace. Bollinger County changed three from Henry to Brace amid wild cheering and yelling and the pounding of the gavel.

Nat Dryden moved that the nomination of Brace be made unanimous. It was declared out of order.

Lafayette County changed three votes to Brace.

Franklin County changed two votes, Martin to Brace. Nodaway County changed seven votes, Henry to Brace. There was wild and continuous cheering. Hats and umbrellas waved in the air. Twenty delegates tried to get the floor. Visitors on the stage were yelling to delegates on the floor, and the wildest confusion reigned. The Twelfth Ward announced its desire to change its vote.

Warren County was recognized and changed two to Brace. St. Francois changed six Martin to Brace. The Twelfth Ward changed six Henry to Brace.

NOMINATING BRACE.

Polk County changed five to Brace. Iron County changed three Henry to Brace. Macon County changed ten Henry to Brace. The yelling was deafening, and the gavel was kept constantly in motion for five minutes with no effect. Buchanan changed five votes Martin and seven votes Henry to Brace. Chairman Dockery then refused to recognize anyone or receive any proposition. J. L. Rush of Webster moved to make the Brace nomination unanimous. He was not recognized. Chairman Dockery called out: "We want an orderly convention, and not a mob." Quiet was partially restored. Adair County changed her vote to Brace. Bates County changed thirteen to Brace. Putnam changed her vote to Brace. Clay County changed one to Brace. Pettis changed eleven Martin to Brace. Mercer County changed to Brace. Montgomery changed six to Brace. Scotland, Gentry and Moniteau changed to Brace. Laclede changed to Brace. St. Charles changed to Brace. Cole changed Martin to Brace.

The chairman asked the attention of the convention. He said that it had been suggested that the roll be again called. There were cries of "That's right" and the roll was again called. During the call Judge Lindley tried to get the floor to move that the nomination be made unanimous. There were cries of "Sit down," and the Judge was suppressed.

As the call proceeded every vote was cast for Brace until Cooper County was reached. She cast eight votes for Martin. When the call had proceeded to Greene County, E. W. Stephens of Columbia, asked unanimous consent to suspend the call. There were two objections which the Chair failed to hear, the unanimous consent was declared granted and the motion to make the nomination unanimous was carried without a dissenting voice.

THERE WAS A PROLONGED YELL,

mingled with whoops and cat-calls. The delegates stood on chairs and threw their hats in the air, while the ladies in the boxes waved their handkerchiefs. When order was partly restored Col. Chas. Mansur moved the appointment of a committee of three to escort Judge Brace before the convention when it should meet this afternoon. The motion was carried and the chair appointed Col. Mansur, Col. J. O. Broadhead and Gen. J. A. Hockaday. Then a motion to adjourn to 3 o'clock was put and carried, and with a yell the convention broke up.

"My fight's over. I love every one now," murmured Col. Mansur as he moved up the aisle.

### The Afternoon Session.

When the convention met at 3 o'clock this afternoon Judge Theodore Brace was called upon for his speech of thanks. The convention is now in session. The delegates expect to finish the business before them to-night.

### THE FORTUNATE MAN.

#### Sketch of the Career of the Next Supreme Judge.

Theodore Brace is a resident of Paris in Monroe County. He was born June, 1835, in Allegheny County, Md. He only secured a common school education but studied law privately and was admitted to the bar when but 19 years old, in 1856. At the end of the next year he came to Missouri. He entered the Confederate army when the war began and served as a private soldier. His first political office was given him in 1874 when he was elected to fill a vacancy in the State Senate. He was elected in 1880 Judge of the Sixteenth Judicial Circuit which office he has since held. He is a Bourbon Democrat and an eloquent speaker. He put Crittenden in nomination for Governor, making at the time the hit of the convention.

### JUDGE BRACE.

#### How He Received The News of His Success To-Day.

The news from the convention was brought to Judge Brace at his quarters at the Laclede by his faithful secretary, Mr. Jos. Moore. A few minutes later a POST-DISPATCH reporter called on the Judge who said: "Well, I can't express my sentiments. I am greatly pleased and sincerely thank my many steadfast friends. I hope I will always be able to discharge the duties of the high office with which I have been honored." Shortly after the Convention adjourned Judge Brace's friends and constituents hurried to the Laclede Hotel and crowded to his room with cheers and congratulations. The Judge was considerably affected by the events. Mr. Alexander of Marion, Judge Brace's nominator and most intimate friend took charge of affairs and induced the jubilant friends of the successful candidate to withdraw and give him a few moments quiet to restore his nerves, after the anxiety of the convention.

### IT HAS REGISTERED.

#### Judge Henry Expresses His Feelings Toward the Post-Dispatch in Shocking Language.

A POST-DISPATCH reporter called at the Lindell Hotel as soon as the result of the ballot was known. Judge Henry was not in, but he entered the rotunda shortly afterward with a friend and passed up the stairway toward the dining-room. He carried his hat in his hand and wore a look of general depression. The reporter met him just at the head of the stairs.

"Ah, Judge." The gentleman extended his hand and grasped that of the reporter. "I am from the POST-DISPATCH, and—"

That was as far as the reporter got. The Judge, still retaining his grasp on the hand of the scribe and shaking it with emphasis as he uttered each word, replied:

"I have not a word to say to the POST-DISPATCH. It has acted like a G— d— dog throughout this whole canvass, and they are a set of stinking s— — —." With that the Judge threw the reporter's hand violently from his own and walked toward the dining-room swelling and throbbing with his rage.

### MAFFIT SUCCEEDS LANCASTER.

#### Dark Lantern Dick Forced Out of the Committee.

The Ninth Congressional District Delegates met at the Lindell this morning and elected Charles Maffit to the vacancy in the Democratic State Central Committee, caused by the resignation of Dick Lancaster. To a POST-DISPATCH reporter, Mr. Bob Towey, a member of the delegation, said that Lancaster, although he resigned for appearance sake, was actually forced off the committee. "Lancaster knew several days ago that a majority of the committee was opposed to his representing them in the Central Committee and he saved himself as best he could under the circumstances."

Previous to the meeting of the State Convention Lancaster asserted on several occasions that he would not get out of the committee, and it was evidently his intention to hang on as long as possible.

### The State Committee.

The newly elected Democratic State Central Committee is as follows:

First District—D. H. Shields of Hannibal, re-elected. The delegation also passed a resolution indorsing Mr. Shields for the Chairmanship.

Second District—H. F. McClanahan of Milan, re-elected.

Third District—James W. Riley of Plattsburg, re-elected.

Fourth District—S. L. Ramsey, Maryville, in place of J. L. Cormack of Platte City.

Fifth District—Ed Noland of Jackson, in place of M. Munford of Kansas City.

Sixth District—John S. Elliott of Boonville, re-elected.

Seventh District—H. L. Biggs of Louisiana, in place of John W. Booth of Washington.

Eighth District—E. A. Noonan of St. Louis.

Ninth District—Charles Maffit of St. Louis in place of R. D. Lancaster.

Tenth District—Samuel Byrnes of Potosi in place of W. R. Edgar of Ironton.

Eleventh District—Ed Silver of Jefferson City in place of S. T. Harrison of Fulton.

Twelfth District—W. H. Pheips of Carthage in place of D. P. Stratton of Nevada.

Thirteenth District—John O'Day of St. Louis, or Springfield, re-elected.

Fourteenth District—D. C. Allen of Piedmont in place of T. D. Ferguson of Popiar Bluff.

### AT THE HEADQUARTERS.

#### The Candidates Fairly Well Pleased and Eager for the Fray.

The weary delegates who did not retire until 3 o'clock this morning reappeared in the hotel rotundas as early as 6 o'clock. By 8 o'clock the corridors were well crowded and the buzzing of the pow-wows filled the rotundas. Judge Brace appeared at his quarters early and received groups of his constituents who came to congratulate him on the result of the first ballot, for which they fought desperately.

When asked what had been done during the night Judge Brace said: "We were tired out last night, or this morning, rather, and tumbled in without doing anything. Our opponents may have been more active, but I think they were all worn out after the session."

The Brace men had the satisfaction of having their predictions verified by the ballot. Two days ago Secretary Joseph Moss estimated the vote at 282 and on yesterday at 284, coming one vote on either side of the tellers' total.

At 9 o'clock Judge Alexander Martin put in an appearance at his quarters. Judge Martin wore a very unjudicial seersucker suit and at straw hat with a brim turned down in front and slightly elevated in the back. He was well pleased with the result of last night's meeting. When asked if his friends had done anything to improve his chances in the interval, he said: "No meetings were held last night. I expect the first ballot to-day will show some slight changes." Col. John A. Hockaday, who placed Judge Martin in nomination, was at his quarters early this morning, pleased with the situation. At the headquarters of Messrs. McGrew and Deatherage, the candidates for the Railroad Commissionership, the ballot was not considered of particular significance, as affecting the race for that office. It is considered that the fight on the Supreme Judgeship develops the full

strength and leaves no room for trades of any importance.

## FIRST BLOOD FOR HENRY.

### Last Night's Session of the Convention—The Initial Ballot.

The attempt to get the convention together at 3 p. m. was not a success. After a short wrangle Chairman Phelps declared a motion to adjourn until 8 p. m. carried.

The majority of the delegates accepted the invitation for a trip on the Chouteau, and the few hours spent in that manner were utilized in active electioneering.

It was 8:20 when the convention came to order in the evening. The statement was made that the Committee on Credentials was unable to report. LaDue of Henry County severely arraigned the committee for their delay. Word was received from the committee to the effect that they would be ready in half an hour. Pending their arrival the chair introduced Hon. W. H. Hatch. The gentleman said that the National honor and credit was safer in Democratic hands than it had been for the past twenty-five years. There were some differences in the party on financial questions, but the Missourians still wanted the dollar of the daddies. Tariff reconstruction would be necessarily slow but the party was pledged to a reduction. The taxation must be lifted from the agricultural interests. Salt should be free. A Democratic House and a Democratic President had passed and approved a tax on the greatest fraud of the day—oleomargarine. The party must be patient. There were a good many Republicans still in office, but they were growing beautifully less.

Mr. R. P. Bland followed Mr. Hatch. He referred to the railroads which had swindled the citizens out of $35,000,000 in the last thirteen years. The silver question was also treated generally and the speaker expressed the hope that the convention would demand the restoration of the coinage of the silver dollar and the other rights of the red Democratic days.

The chair appointed five gentlemen to wait upon the Committee on Credentials. Judge Thomas of Jefferson County endeavored to address the meeting, but was drowned by the disorder. John Overall met with similar treatment. Several motions to adjourn were lost. Pending the further delay of the committee reports, Bob Kerns of St. Louis addressed the body, telling of his recent trip to Washington and his meeting the President. Judge Noonan o; St. Louis followed in a characteristic address.

More motions to adjourn were then made and lost.

At 10:15 p. m. Mr. LaDue returned from the Lindell Hotel and reported that the Committee on Credentials would be ready at 10:30.

Mr. John T. Crisp then addressed the convention in terms of rebuke for their disorder and ignorance.

At the conclusion of Mr. Crisp's remarks the Committee on Credentials appeared. Mr. LaDue moved that the majority report be adopted without reading. The minority reports advocated the admission of Horan and Lebaume, the contesting delegates of the Sixth Ward.

Col. James O. Broadhead then read the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization which was as follows: For Permanent Chairman, A. M. Dockery of Daviess County.

Secretary J. G. Buchanan of Jackson; Assistant Secretaries E. F. O'Bear of Saline, J. G. Newhill of Greene, Wm. Mayo of St. Louis, Richard Roy of St. Louis, and Jos. N. Judge of St. Louis. All other officers of the temporary organization shall be made permanent.

Order of business:

First. Nomination of candidate for Supreme Judge.

Second. Nomination of candidate for Superintendent of Public Schools.

Third. Nomination of candidate for Railroad Commissioner.

Fourth. Election of Central Committee for ensuing two years which shall be by each Congressional district and reported to the convention.

The candidates for Supreme Judge and for Superintendent of Public Schools shall be put before the convention in a speech not exceeding fifteen minutes and by two seconds in ten-minute speeches. Candidates for Railroad Commissioner to be nominated by ten-minute speeches and seconded in five-minute speeches.

All resolutions to be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without debate. The roll-call for voting to be alphabetically, by counties, districts and wards as arranged on the tally-sheet furnished by the Central Committee. The convention to be governed by the Jefferson Manual of Parlimentary Law.

The report was adopted without dissent.

The Permanent Chairman was then introduced by Gov. Phelps, who then retired. Chairman Dockery addressed the convention. He invoked the earnest aid of the delegates in the work before them. They were on the threshold of reform. Death was claiming many of Democracy's brilliant leaders. The party must restore to the public domain every acre of unearned land that the railways have been given. The bit and bridle must be put in the mouths of these corporations with an inter-State commerce bill. The surplus in the Treasury must be applied to the payment of the National debt. Excessive taxation must cease. The Government must be in the hands of the Democrats, and in good time the President would get it there.

A motion to adjourn was lost.

Mr. La Due moved that the nominations for Supreme Judge be made. This was carried. After some dilatory motions Mr. Alexander of Monroe County placed in nomination Judge Theo. Brace. Mr. Alexander, speaking of Judge Brace, said that for thirty-two years he had lived in Missouri, honest, true and energetic in every position and capacity, and faithful to every trust. For a long time he had been Judge of the Sixteenth District. Monroe County asks that for the first time in the history of the State she be given a place on the State ticket.

Hon. John A. Hockaday then placed in nomination Judge Alexander Martin. He spoke of the necessity of having a scholar on the bench and a man learned in science. Attention was also called to the fact that St. Louis, or the Eastern section of the State, was without a representative on the Supreme bench.

Col. James O. Broadhead then followed with a full-time speech, placing before the convention Judge J. W. Henry. He had been a resident of the State for forty years, had held the position of Superintendent of Public Schools, had twice been elected Judge of the Circuit Court of the Macon circuit, and for ten years has been Judge of the Supreme Court.

Mr. G. W. Warder seconded the nomination of Judge Henry in an appropriate speech.

J. E. McKeighan of the Eighth District seconded the nomination of Judge Martin.

E. M. McCabe of Marion County followed with a second of Judge Brace.

James J. Hogeman of Jackson spoke in Judge Henry's behalf.

Judge Debolt seconded Judge Brace and Col. Henry O'Fallon followed with a speech for Judge Henry.

A motion by Mr. Crisp to adjourn was lost.

A ballot was then taken, giving for Brace 263 votes, Martin 236 and Henry 287. An adjournment was then taken at 2 a. m. until 10 o'clock this morning.

### Convention Gossip.

There is another "dark horse" for the Railroad Commissionership looming up in the Southwest.

A delegate from the Thirteenth remarked this morning that his delegation would probably fly to pieces on every nomination.

W. H. Means, one of the Democratic Civil-service-reform Deputy Marshals from Springfield, is doing some very hard work for Dan Kennedy for Railroad Commissioner.

Congressman Jno. T. Heard was in the Laclede Hotel lobby this morning trying to beat the record on handshaking. When asked what he thought of his prospects in the Sixth he said "I don't think anything about it. I know I am going to be elected." Mr. Heard said he did not expect to go near the convention.

Delegate H. W. Young of Springfield expresses great confidence in the election of a Democratic Congressman from his district. Col. Wade, he says, was elected by the Greenbackers. The Greenback vote will go to Fellows, and if the Republicans stick to Wade, as it is expected they will, the Democratic candidate is sure of election. Mr. Young has a dark horse coming before the Democratic Convention.

The Kennedy men were at work last night until 3 o'clock.

There is a good deal of tobacco smoke in the hall considering that smoking is forbidden.

Mayor Francis occupied a front seat on the platform.

"No invitation to-day," said Maj. Rainwater. "Our invitation of yesterday was too reluctantly accepted."

Chairman Dockery had a new basket of roses and chrysanthemums on his desk.

A number of the country delegates left this morning. There will be a general exodus this evening, convention or no convention.

There were twenty-two ladies in the boxes.

"Brace up," was the war-cry this morning.

John O'Day was the hardest worked man in the hall.

The Brace men have the lungs.

"Will you trade?"

The swappers were out in force this morning.

Railroad Commissioner Pratt says he is preparing a long letter on inter-State commerce, to present to the Conference Committee of Congress.

A patent POST-DISPATCH folding fan was placed in each seat in Music Hall to-day for the use of the delegates. They were neat and convenient little novelties and were appreciated by the delegates.

Col. Don Morrison came on the stage with a big bundle under his arm.

Col. Broadhead read a newspaper behind the chairman's rostrum.

A policeman was placed at the stage entrance to keep Lancaster out if possible.

Shirt sleeves were not on view as they were yesterday.

Judge W. C. Jones and Honest John Hogan paired off on the platform.

A backwoods delegate with a ruby-tinted nose came down the aisle during the casting up of the second ballot and wanted to change his vote from Henry to Martin. Sergeant-at-Arms Wand persuaded him that Martin was dead, and he returned to his seat.

The clerks are very pretty, but apparently they do not know much.

The convention tried a fresh clerk on every ballot this morning, but failed to discover a worthy successor of Nick Bell.

Ex-Lieut.-Gov. Brockmeyer appeared on the scene this morning. The delegates are now sure of riding home.

Clerk Joe Judge says: "I got 15 votes more than they is."

### The Convention.

[As reported by the ghost of Mr. Campbell.]

The bar-rooms, when the sun was low,
With bottles ranged in many a row
Prepared to start the fiery flow
Of liquors rolling rapidly.

The varied drinks more frequent grew;
The city took a festive hue
Before the dawn disclosed to view
The redness of its scenery.

Then shook the bar with glasses clinking;
Then shone the face with blear-eyed winking;
And heavy forms, with arms close linking,
Stood up in spite of staggering.

Then shone the "schooner," foaming white,
And whisky straights made glad the night;
While champagne, bubbling into sight,
Amazed the rural diaphragm.

The drinking deepens; on, ye great!
Imbibe and glorify the State;
Charge, waiter; put it on the slate,
Though never so unwillingly.

Few, few shall stand where many drink;
The flowing juice will make them sink;
And every limber Statesman think
'Tis grand to be a delegate.

## THE FLAMBEAUX.

### Meeting of the Directors and Arrangements for the First Appearance in Public.

The directors of the Athletic Parade Association, including the officers of the Flambeau battalion, met last evening at the Mercantile Club, Col. Jay L. Torrey in the chair and Will J. Thornton, Secretary. There was a large attendance of directors and officers, and the reports from the sub-committees showed satisfactory progress in all the parade arrangements for the coming month. As stated in the POST-DISPATCH yesterday the Flambeau battalion will proceed to Jacksonville on September 9 in a special train provided for the battalion by the Wabash Company. They will be the guests of the Jacksonville Committee directing the military tournament in that city on the 9th and 10th prox. The Flambeaux will take part in a day parade and an exhibition of fireworks at night. The directors will accompany the battalion in a special car.

Arrangements for the parade and exhibition at Sportsman's Park on Saturday evening, September 4, were completed, and Col. Jay L. Torrey invited the directors to dine with him at the Mercantile Club at 5 o'clock that evening. Horses will be in readiness, and the directors will meet Maj. Ware and the officers of the battalion at the place of assembly at 6 o'clock sharp. There will be a short street parade after which the battalion will take reserved street cars at Tenth street and proceed to Sportsman's Park. It was resolved that the Major should report the names of all members of the Flambeau battalion who are absent from drill for two successive nights with a view to relieving them from duty altogether. It was also resolved that the Major should report to the Board for action all cases of breach of discipline or unbecoming conduct on the part of members with a view of removing all possibility of danger in the handling of pyrotechnics on parade.

The Board elected to membership all the gentlemen appointed on the staff of Maj. Ware whose names have already been published in the POST-DISPATCH. John S. Moffett was appointed Chairman of the Finance Committee.

## A FIEND FINISHED.

### The Jackson (Tenn.) Female Poisoner Lynched by a Mob.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JACKSON, Tenn., August 19.—Eliza Wood, colored, mentioned in yesterday's dispatch, was taken from the jail at 9:50 o'clock last night by about 500 masked men and hung in the Court-house yard in the presence of at least one thousand people. Sheriff Parson did all he could to prevent the act, and summoned a posse of fifteen men to assist him against the expected violence. Of this number only five men responded, but they were utterly powerless. Hon. H. C. Anderson, one of the Sheriff's posse, made a speech from the window of the jail and urged the crowd to desist, but they were determined and forced an entrance through the front door, when they were met by the Sheriff, who was knocked down and his pistol taken from him. He still refused to give up the keys of the jail, while the mob proceeded to batter the door, until the jailer, Mr. Wiley, was captured and the keys forced from him. The doors were then readily opened, but the victim, who had been dressed in men's clothes as a precaution, was hid and could not be found easily. Another woman, a prisoner, to save herself told her hiding place. In twenty minutes more Eliza Wood hung suspended in the air with fifty bullet holes through her body. She confessed to having bought the poison, but denied the crime charged. It is thought if more time had been given her she would have confessed all. It is firmly believed here that she has poisoned several ladies and others for whom she has cooked. While many of our people condemn the violence of last night, all believe it was just, and there is no doubt of the victim's guilt. The excitement is rapidly abating.

## HUSTON—CROCKETT.

### The Husband Endeaving to Effect a Reconciliation with His Wife.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., August 19.—C. C. Huston, who was arrested in this city on the charge of adultery with the wife of Mr. Crockett of St. Louis, was discharged this morning after being in custody four days. Mr. Crockett, who arrived in this city early in the week to swear out a warrant for the arrest of Huston, returned to St. Louis after his interview with his runaway wife, but is again, it is reported, in the city. It is understood that he will make another effort to have his wife return to her home. In case he is successful he will probably abandon the idea of prosecuting Huston, but in case his wife persists in remaining with her lover, he will, it is believed, have Huston rearrested and punished. It was stated that when Crockett first arrived in the city he met his runaway wife and had a long and earnest talk with her regarding her shameful conduct. He tried every means to persuade her to return with him and lead a better life. His words had little effect on her, however. She confessed that she had no love for him whatever, and that all her affections were bestowed on Huston. She positively refused to return home with him. Huston left St. Louis in the night of July 6 in company with Mrs. Crockett, and has since been living with her. They arrived here July 7, since which time they have changed their residence a number of times. Huston was formerly with the Wabash freight department at St. Louis.

### The Peoria Convention.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PEORIA, Ill., August 19.—The Democratic Convention convened shortly before noon, organized and appointed committees, and then adjourned till 2 o'clock p. m.

A BUILDING permit was granted to-day to George Ruhland to build a $400 house on Morgan street between Sarah and Pendleton streets.

# LOYAL TO IRELAND.

### Second Day's Proceedings of the Irish National League Convention.

### Finerty and Davitt Have a Lively Wrangle Over a Cablegram.

### J. E. Redmond, M. P., Makes an Eloquent and Stirring Speech.

**The Series of Resolutions Adopted by the Convention—Parnell's Course Indorsed—Gladstone Eulogized—Gratitude to Americans for Aid and Sympathy—Alexander Sullivan's Eloquent Address—Michael Davitt Denies a Mischievous Report—Caucus of the Anti-Sullivan Faction.**

CHICAGO, August 19.—At the afternoon session of the Convention of the Irish National League yesterday, Judge James H. Fitzgerald of Cincinnati was made temporary chairman, and Mr. John P. Sutton, temporary Secretary. Judge Fitzgerald, on taking the chair, made a short address. He referred to those in England and Ireland who hoped the present convention would commit political suicide. He hoped that the Irish



*Mrs. Parnell.*

race throughout the world was centered on Charles Stewrrt Parnell. The most earnest attention for Parnell's lieutenants, who would address them, was asked of the delegates, and they were requested to form their platform after these had spoken. The press had intimated that discord would pervade the meeting; that it would endeavor to instruct Parnell, but if any man should enter with enough brazen effrontery to attempt such a course, the convention would certainly eject him.

THE IRISH DELEGATES.

Messrs. Davitt, O'Brien, Redmond and Deasy, were then warmly welcomed and assured of the indorsement that the meeting would give the policy of their chief. The members were then entreated to be wise, conservative and forbearing, to abstain from vituperation and dissension.

Alexander Sullivan offered a resolution instructing the delegate from each State, Territory and Canada to report as soon as possible a representative on the Committees of Credentials, Resolutions, Finance, Constitution and Permanent Organization; also providing the four delegates from Ireland be appointed as members of the Committee on Resolutions, to insure harmony and the absence of unwise expression. The resolution was adopted.

Some confusion ensued over a motion to take a recess. The appointment of a committee on credentials was immediately decided, each delegation to select its own representative, whereupon the convention adjourned till 8 p. m. Considerable feeling was elicited in the choice of committeemen. The New York delegation have the most difficulty. At the night session, the committee on credentials not being able to report, an adjournment was taken until 10 a. m. to-day.

TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

The delegates in attendance upon the convention of the Irish National League were slow in reporting at Central Music Hall this morning to enter upon the work of the second day. The committees appointed yesterday remained in session until a late hour last night, but in the main concluded their labors so as to be ready to report to the convention to-day without any delay. The Committee on Credentials had no contesting delegations to pass upon, but owing to the large number of delegates present were not able to complete their report until after midnight. The Committee on Resolutions also held a long night's session, but worked harmoniously, despite of any fears of the contrary.

Judge Fitzgerald, the temporary Chairman, appeared on the platform at 10:25 o'clock and shortly afterward the delegates began to pour in and quickly filled the seats on the main floor.

At 10:45 a. m. the temporary Chairman announced that several of the committees were still absent, but expected to be able to report within a very short time, when he would call the convention to order.

THE PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

The convention was called to order at 10:50 a.m. The Committee on Permanent Organization submitted a report recommending that the temporary organization be made the permanent organization. The motion was put to the convention by Michael Davitt, apparently in the expectation of complete harmony, and the motion was carried almost unanimously. There were a few dissents, apparently from the New York delegation. Judge Fitzgerald rose and thanked the convention for the honor of the position. He said he would certainly endeavor to give a full hearing to every delegate on any subject to come before the convention. "I know no clique," said the speaker, "and I am here for United Ireland." He closed with a caution that delegates "should have only one sentiment, and that was to prepare to fight the common enemy, and to engender no feuds among themselves. We hate her," said he, "because she has hated and despoiled us. When she declares peace, then may we and not till then will we cease hating her." Continuing, he said: "Look at the manner in which we received the peace offering from the greatest of English statesmen, stinted though it was (cheers), to the people of Scotland and Wales, who said that Ireland was entitled to home rule. The benediction of a million hearts goes out to the democracy of England who had signified a purpose to lend a helping hand to Ireland," he said; "gratitude also went out." He closed with the declaration: "We can have, we will have no peace, until England ceases her deadly hostility to the friends of freedom and freedom's isle."

THE TEELING CABLEGRAM.

Hon. John F. Finerty rose in his seat and his appearance was the signal for tremendous cheering. He said he only rose to read a cablegram addressed to him. It read as follows:

DUBLIN, August 19.

*Finerty, Chicago Convention, Chicago:*—

The manhood of Ireland is with you and trusts convention will by resolution indorse Ireland's right and resolve to be free.

CHARLES MCCARTHY TEELING, Dublin.

Mr. Davitt rose and said he desired to say a word in explanation. Mr. Davitt did not question the right of anyone in Ireland to send a dispatch from Ireland, but said Mr. Teeling had no right to speak for the people of Ireland. He was not a member of the League, and "I say that Mr. Redmond, Mr. Deasy and myself have the right to speak for the people of Ireland." (Loud applause.)

Mr. Finerty arose to speak and there were loud cheers.

Mr. Hines of Illinois made the point of order that no motion was before the house and no delegate had the right to the floor.

The Chair decided the point well taken.

Mr. Finerty then rose to a question of privilege and was finally given the floor amid considerable confusion. Delegates from New York and Mr. Hines interrupted him repeatedly. Mr. Hines said Mr. Finerty should not speak on personal questions. Cries were raised for Finerty to take the platform.

The Chair—Mr. Finerty is no spring chicken. He can be heard anywhere in the hall.

Mr. Hynes—I protest against Mr. Finerty speaking.

Mr. Finerty—I will speak.

The Chair admonished Mr. Finerty not to make another such remark.

FINERTY SPEAKS.

Mr. Finerty, after comparative order had been restored, said: "I am surprised to see the father of the Land League rise in his place and question the telegram." (Here another scene of confusion ensued.) In the midst of the uproar, Mr. Finerty was heard to say: "It is what we have believed for twenty years, and I shall hold to my view for the freedom of Ireland to the day of my death. If Mr. Teeling is not in the League, if he holds to that sentiment, he is certainly entitled to belong to it."

As another scene of confusion ensued, Mr. Finerty declined to say anything further, and ceased speaking. He was cheered by the main body of the convention.

Mr. Davitt arose and said he could not dispute the right of Mr. Finerty to desire the freedom of Ireland, and would not do so. This acted as a quieter, and the uproar subsided.

The Committee on Credentials reported the list of regular delegates.

The Committee on Resolutions reported through Rev. Mr. Betts as follows:

THE RESOLUTIONS.

"Your Committee on Resolutions respectfully submit the following report:

We, the delegates of the Irish National League of America, in convention assembled, firmly believing in the principles of human freedom and in the right of a people to frame their own laws—a right which lies at the foundation of the prosperity and greatness of this Republic, and which has been advantageously extended to the colonial possessions of Great Britain, do hereby

Resolve, first, That we express our heartiest and most unqualified approval of national self-government for Ireland.

PARNELL APPROVED.

Second—That we heartily approve of the course pursued by Charles Stewart Parnell and his parliamentary associates in the English House of Commons, and we renew the expression of our entire confidence in their wisdom, and in their ability to achieve home rule in Ireland.

THANKS TO GLADSTONE.

Third—We extend our heartfelt thanks to Mr. Gladstone for his great efforts on behalf of Irish self-government, and we express our gratitude to the English, Scotch and Welsh democracy for the support given to the great Liberal leader and his Irish policy during the recent general elections.

GRATITUDE TO AMERICA.

Fourth—Resolved, that this convention hereby returns its thanks to the American people and press for the generous support which they have given to the cause of self-government in Ireland.

FORBEARANCE OF THE IRISH.

Fifth—That we record our sense of the remarkable forbearance and self-restraint exercised by our people in Ireland, in the face of the cruel and dishonest system of extortion to which they are being subjected by rack-renting landlords and in view of the license scandalously extended to organized lawlessness in the North of Ireland by partisan officials, and we commend the laudable desire of the people of Ireland to manage their own affairs in their own way.

OFFICERS OF THE LEAGUE THANKED.

Sixth—That we hereby thank the President, Treasurer and Secretary of the Irish National League for the faithful and efficient manner in which they have discharged the arduous duties of their respective stations.

A CABLEGRAM TO PARNELL.

Seventh. That the following cablegram be forwarded in the name of the Chairman of the convention to the Hon. Charles Stewart Parnell: "Delegates to the Irish National League Convention of America send greeting from our body which embraces representative citizens from every State and Territory in the Union, and also from Canada, and assure you of a cordial indorsement of your policy by a united and harmonious convention."

All of which is respectfully submitted.

GEO. C. BETTS, Chairman.

Col. Atkinson of Detroit, Mich., one of the members of the Committee on Resolutions, explained on behalf of the committee that in considering the declarations contained in the draft the committee, while discussing them fully, adopted them unanimously.

DISCUSSING THE RESOLUTIONS.

The reading of the resolutions was followed by hearty cheering.

Mr. Finerty moved that the resolutions be adopted section by section. (Cries of "no! no!")

Mr. Armstrong of Georgia seconded this motion.

Mr. Gannon desired them adopted by sections. If there was anything between lines, with all due respect to their visitors from Ireland, which would bind the League to pursue its present course, forever, despite any exigencies of the future, which might arise for a different course of action, then he desired to vote against it. [Cheers.]

SULLIVAN'S ELOQUENT ADDRESS.

Alexander Sullivan made an eloquent address and evoked wild cheering. He declared that in the suppression of views dear to their souls, they did so that the men in the gap might be untrammeled. The personal representatives of Ireland present had given proof of their absolute fealty to their native country. The empty sleeve of Michael Davitt testified to what he had suffered. There had been preachers of fear that there would not be harmony in the convention, but the men who had borne the brunt of the fight in the past and who were ready to bear arms now if necessary (tremendous cheering) did not fear, and there were enough of them here to strangle, if necessary, those who would attempt to hamper or thwart the absolute purpose of the League to follow Parnell under any flag he might elect. (Great cheering.)

Mr. Devoy of New York said many of the New York delegation may have come with as many reservations as those from Illinois, but he desired peace and harmony, and wanted them indorsed as a whole.

Mr. Davitt suggested, in the spirit of harmony, that the resolutions should once again be read, and then be adopted unanimously.

Mr. Finerty said he would withdraw his motion. The resolutions were then adopted by the convention rising followed by frantic cheering. The Chairman then introduced Mr. Redmond.

MR. REDMOND'S SPEECH.

Mr. Redmond spoke as follows: "The duty which devolves upon my colleagues and myself of representing the Irish Nation at home at this great gathering of the Irish Nation abroad, is one in which the honor is general and the responsibility heavy. Perhaps the greatest glory of our nation is to be found in the fact that our people, driven by misfortune and misrule from the land of their fathers, and coming to this land rude and ignorant and poor, have yet been able to bear an honorable part in building up the fortunes of America, and to give to the world undeniable proof that, in addition to the qualities of fidelity and honesty, Irishmen under a free constitution can be worthy sons and good citizens of their adopted country. The Irish people in this great republic, no less as American citizens than as Irish Nationalists, have arrested the attention and commanded the admiration of the world. The assembly of this day is a proof of devotion to the great cause perhaps unparalleled in history. The hardships, the oppressions, and the miseries which drove you or your fathers from Ireland, have wedded your hearts to Ireland's cause by ties which neither prosperity nor distance nor time can destroy or weaken. The principle underlying the movement of this convention is unquestioned recognition of

THE NATIONALITY OF IRELAND.

We are working, not simply for the removal of grievance or the amelioration of the material condition of our people. Nothing I think is plainer than if Ireland had in the past abandoned principle, she could easily have bartered her national rights to England, and in return have obtained a certain amount of material prosperity. But Ireland has preferred rags and an unconquered spirit of liberty to favors won by national dishonor. The principle embodied in the Irish movement of to-day is just the same principle which was the soul of every Irish movement for the last seven centuries. A settlement honorable to England and Ireland alike, we believe, was offered to us by Mr. Gladstone, and quite apart from the increased strength which Mr. Gladstone's proposals, even though temporarily defeated, have given to our cause, we have, I think, reason to rejoice at the opportunity which they afforded to our suffering and exasperated people to show the magnanimity of their futures, and the unalloyed purity of their liberty. What a spectacle Ireland afforded to the world, when, at last,

ONE GREAT ENGLISHMAN AROSE,

bold enough and wise enough to do justice to her character. Ages of heartless oppression and bitter wrong, hundreds of thousands of martyrs to Irish freedom, ages of stupid religious persecution, ages of depopulation and state-created famine, never ending insult and ruthless calumny, dull in that one moment, were forgotten and the feelings uppermost in the hearts of the Irish race, at home and abroad, were gratitude to the aged statesman who simply proposed to do justice and anxiety for a "blessed oblivion of the past."

Who, in the face of the reception given to the bill of Mr. Gladstone, cramped and deformed as it was by humiliating safeguards and unnecessary limitations, will dare to say that the principle of our movement is merely race hatred of England?"

Continuing, the speaker said: Once again the policy of conciliation has been cast aside by England. The English viceroy, who represented the policy of liberty, and who, for the first time since 1795, was greeted with the acclamations of the populace in Dublin, has left our shores, and in his place has come one bearing

THE HATED NAME OF CASTLEREAGH.

Once again all thoughts of amity with England has been banished from the minds of Irishmen and to-day we are once more face to face with our hereditary foes. The same cloud has descended once more upon our land, but we have a right to call on the world to remember how brightly and peacefully the Irish landscape smiled during the brief sunshine of the last few months. The duty of the moment is clear. We have given England the most convincing proof that on the concession of liberty we can be trusty friends; it now remains for us to prove for the thousandth time that as slaves we can be formidable foes. I assert here to-day that the Government of Ireland by England is an impossibility, and I believe it to be our duty to make it so. Were our people tamely to submit to the yoke which has been once again placed on their necks, they would be unworthy of the blood which they have inherited from fathers who preferred poverty to dishonor and

DEATH TO NATIONAL SLAVERY.

But there is no danger of such a disgrace. The National movement is in the hands of a man who can be bold as well as cautious, and I claim the confidence and support of the Irish in America, not only because they are animated by the same principle and the same hopes as we are, but because our movement at home is conducted on a wise and honest policy.

SUFFERINGS OF THE IRISH TENANT.

In another portion of his address he said: "The tenant farmers of Ireland have played a part too little known and appreciated here. They submitted to untold privations and sufferings and exactions in patience and in silence lest by one word or act of theirs they should embarrass their leaders in Parliament or retard by one moment the concession of home rule. The landlords of Ireland noted, but totally misunderstood the meaning of the change of attitude. They mistook forbearance and patriotism for cowardice and the crowbar brigade once more set to work. Still the tenants suffered in silence.

Mr. Gladstone proposed a land bill which would have bought out the landlords at an extravagantly high figure, yet the Irish tenants were ready because it was coupled with the concession of home rule to pay this exorbitant sum as the price to be paid for national freedom. But all motive for forbearance on their part is now gone, the sands have run through the hour-glass, and the old fight between landlord and tenant must revive if the people are not to be swept out of existence while they are waiting for home rule."

A NOBLE AND SACRED WORK.

In conclusion, he said: "Gentlemen, I have now done. The memory of this day will live with me while memory lasts. The effects of the work upon which you have been engaged will, I think, live and be felt as long as the struggle continues. Your wisdom will guide our policy, your courage will inspire our hearts, your marvelous union will excite our emulation. You have good reason, indeed, to be proud of the proceedings of this day. You are in truth, engaged in a noble and a sacred work. Nothing less than championing the weak against the strong, the helpless against the powerful, the afflicted against the prosperous. You have long since earned for yourselves and your adopted country the blessings of the poor, and rest assured when at last victory sits upon our cause and freedom is again enthroned in Ireland, the God of justice and of mercy will also increase your prosperity and watch eternal over your lives."

The convention, at 1:10 p. m., upon the conclusion of Mr. Redmond's speech, adjourned to 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Redmond's closing remarks were wildly applauded.

PRESS COMMENTS.

In regard the to Irish convention in Chicago, the Herald this morning says: "It is no exaggeration to say that what is now done in Chicago will be held with fate with the future of the Emerald Isle. For the prudence and sagacity of the convention may shape influences and conquer prejudices of vital moment at this turning point in the history of the Irish people. The acts of the Chicago convention are awaited with deeper solicitude in London even than in New York. For these acts will have a potent bearing upon the English political situation, and the anxious comments of the London press clearly show that the fact is thoroughly appreciated. In view of all this, every true friend of Ireland must earnestly hope that the proceedings of the memorable body that sits to-day by Lake Michigan will be marked by a wisdom and patriotic foresight that cannot hereafter justly be impugned."

The Tribune says:

In spite of the fact that Parliament meets to-day, the eyes of England are turned, not on Westminster, but on Chicago, where the convention of the Irish National League began yesterday. The English people think that action may be taken by the League that will fix the course of English policy toward Ireland, and the prospect is not pleasing to them. Not alone in England is the struggle between the two parties in the convention watched with interest. The leaders of the League doubtless realize the responsibility that rests upon them. President Eagan's opening speech was moderate in tone, yet clear and emphatic.

A M'CAFFREY CAUCUS.

At an early hour this morning an important secret conclave came to an end in the Palmer House. It had been a gathering of the anti-Sullivan clans over which Counselor John J. O'Gorman of New York presided. Roderick J. Kennedy, also of New York, acted as Secretary. About one hundred delegates from New York, the entire Iowa and New Jersey delegations, and a goodly sprinkling of Pennsylvania and Kentucky men—nearly three hundred and fifty in all—were in attendance. The result of nearly three hours' deliberation in a nutshell is that it was firmly resolved to stand by Hugh McCaffrey of Philadelphia for President of the League.

DAVITT SUMMONED HOME.

The statement is published that Michael Davitt is in receipt of a cablegram from Charles Stewart Parnell. One of Mr. Davitt's closest friends said it was a request to come home at once, giving as a reason that the destitution in Ireland was as bad as it was in 1848, and that Mr. Davitt was needed. Mr. Davitt had intended making a tour of the country, delivering lectures for probably two weeks yet. He had engaged to go to Montreal as a lecturer, but he immediately gave notice to H. J. Cloran of that delegation that he would probably not be able to carry out his intentions, indicating that he will probably obey Mr. Parnell's summons.

To a representative of the Associated Press this morning Mr. Davitt said he had not received any such message from Parnell. He expected to be able to complete his full stay in America, such as he had at first contemplated.

## AN INDIANA LYNCHING.

### A St. Louisan's Death Promptly Avenged by Hanging.

CINCINNATI, August 19.—Dispatches from Aurora, Ind., state that Louis Hilbert was stabbed and killed by Wm. Watkins in the Aurora distillery to-day. Watkins was arrested and shortly afterwards was taken from all and hung to the shafting in the distillery. Watkins had demanded time from Hilbert which the latter refused. Hilbert is from St. Louis and Watkins from Louisville.

### Arrested for Begging Money.

A man who gave his name as Otis J. McDonald was brought into the Chestnut Street Station this afternoon by Officer Allen. McDonald has been engaged for the past week or two sending notes to business men requesting the loan of small sums of money. He generally got small boys to take the notes for him on a promise to pay them, which he never did. When searched at the station a document purporting to be his own appointment as agent for the Prudential Insurance Company signed by Mr. R. J. White was found on him, but was evidently filled out by himself. Whether he has been collecting dues on policies the officers have not ascertained.


Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS COMPANY

WILL CONTINUE THROUGHOUT THE WEEK

THE SALE OF THE REMAINDER OF

The Bankrupt Stock of Archambeault & Cavanaugh

And in closing this Most Successful Sale we shall devote

THE LAST TWO DAYS,

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, TO

CLOSING OUT ALL REMNANTS

And Odds and Ends in every department throughout the House. We still have many of the best goods shown in this sale, and that there shall not be a vestige of the stock of Archambeault & Cavanaugh remaining, we shall make special reductions on these remnants to make the sale assured.

No Such Opportunity of Securing Desirable Goods at Half Their Actual Value Has Ever Been Offered in This City.

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## PARIS PET DOGS.

**Liveries, Trousseaux and Summer Resort Toilets of the Pampered.**

Paris Letter in the Brooklyn Eagle.

Every dog has his day; for pet dogs this day is a very happy one, at least in Paris. Every grand lady's dog is far better known by her friends than her children, for the latter remain in the nursery with nurses and governesses, ride out and dine alone, are never seen in the drawing-room, while Nero and Finette are ever at their fond mistress' side; they have their privileged corner or seat in the reception rooms; after the mistress, they are the ones next saluted by callers and guests; the best tid bits of a sumptuous table are given to Gyp or Mopps; in their best bib and tucker they are driven in madame's carriage, in which the best places are reserved for their dogships. At the present day the aristocracy of dogs is as well defined as the aristocracy of their masters, and dog brain is not so dull as to be oblivious to the great distinction made in their favor; the noted pet dog of Paris knows its rank and looks down on plebeian churls accordingly.

A chic dog has his fashionable tailor, and he would think himself degraded if he did not have his things made at the renowned dog tailor's, Ledouble. The trousseau of a dog varies according to the race to which he belongs; it is composed of shirts, vests, coats, artistic collars and the variety of ornaments to be put on them, bracelets, leashes and flower boutonnieres. Their livery corresponds with that of the house. Their articles of toilet comprise a whole collection of combs, brushes, scissors and shears; some whose paws are delicate have rubber boots. The wife of Gen. Turr had a hood made for Niniche, a Havana pup, whose ears are so delicate that it makes the thing nervous to have raindrops fall on them when caught in a storm. These dogs have their special professional men, such as bathers, hair-dressers, shearers and doctors, who daily come to attend to their wants. I really think it necessary for an English philologist to coin a name for such fine animals; I feel as if I were insulting them to call them dogs. The poodle is of the kind which demands the most care. The Marquise Belhoeuf, Duke de Morey's sister, has a passion for poodles. Not finding a shearer to suit her in France, she induced an artist, a specialist in the shearing business, to leave Spain, his native country, to attend to her many poodles. To be specially adored, the dog must be gigantic or lilliputian, it does not matter so much as to its kind; however, the favorite ones are Danish, the black and white poodle, the griffon and the terrier; the bulldog has been taken into favor since the Princesses of Orleans have adopted him.

Nero is one of the most noted dogs in the capital; he belonged to the Czar Alexander II., and is now under the care of that emperor's morganatic wife, the Princess Jouriewsky. He drives in the Bois every day with his mistress, his long, silky, black hair is admired by ever one who takes time to notice dogs: he refuses to sleep anywhere but in his mistress' bedroom. Don Francois d'Assisi's favorite dog is a white fox terrier. When he desires to pay a particular favor to one of his lady friends of noble birth he sends her a young terrier accompanied with its whole trousseau; at first he takes it to a fashionable tailor to have an extensive outfit made, after which he orders a dog house, which in its sumptuousness of rich satin upholstery, lace, gold and silver ornamentations deserves the name of palace. He thus presented the Intanta Eulalia with a white Danish dog of untold value, whose collar was of silver, set in real pearls. Mme. Maurice Ephrussi, nee Rothschild, the day of her marriage, had her favorite terrier dressed in white satin with garlands of orange blossoms. The whole Rothschild family are possessed of the passion for dogs. The Baron and Baroness had two different houses built for their canine specimens, who seemed to have declared war with each other. The Baroness has a whole family of marvelous terriers. Rigalo is the gentlemen, Beauty the lady. The lady possesses the good graces of her mistress to the detriment of her husband. She travels with her, her trousseaus are made of finer materials, and afterward the gentleman dog's jealousy is excited by being deprived of the much coveted Rothschild coat-of-arms, which his wife wears embroidered in relief in one of the corners of her coat. The Baroness Nathaniel Rothschild has all of her dogs wear the white and yellow color of her livery. When the wife of Gen. Turr takes her dogs out on a yachting expedition they wear dark blue coats with marine colors, anchors embroidered in the corners and paraphed with their mistress' names. The rarest of all Paris dogs is probably the one Mme. Theo brought back from America. Pistache was given to its mistress in a bouquet of roses at her last performance in Mexico. It belongs to a race of dogs which is almost extinct, the Chiwawas; they can now only be found on the summit of a mountain in Mexico, on the day of public markets. One of her great admirers scaled that mountain to bring the dog-loving actress that marvel among dogs. It is to be hoped American women are far too sensible to imitate the French woman in her inordinate love of dogs. I have heard strange stories of American women's passion for pets, that turtles, lizards, chameleons, were taken to the opera by their admiring mistresses. I consider that a vile, calumniating falsehood, for I deem the American woman as the one having the most good sense of her race, capable only of occupying her time in useful work, instead of killing it by caressing things that are too beastly to return their affection.

### Sardines and a Sicilian Breakfast.

From Blackwood's Magazine.

It is safe to say that the sardines of Messina are not to be surpassed, though they may possibly be equaled. Like Greenwich whitebait they are rather a specialty of the place. The waiter breathes a shrill whisper through the speaking tube which communicates from the ground floor to the kitchen. A satisfactory response comes very promptly in the shape of a faint sound of frizzing. As the whitebait are merely immersed for some seconds in a wire-work cage in boiling oil, so the sardine are sent up with startling celerity considering the Italian habit of procrastination. The tiny fish, delicately browned, are served on a soft bed of frizzled parsley. By way of condiment there are simply a couple of sliced lemons and the result is so tempting, so fragrantly appetizing, that you scarcely take time to disengage the fish from the bones. Should you have followed up the sardines by the real cutlet the waiter will surely have recommended, or by what he is pleased to call a filet, you will have cause to repent it, though the man is not to be blamed for suggesting them, as both dishes are popular with the ordinary patrons. If you are wise you will have ordered green peas or asparagus, which seem to flourish in the Sicilian gardens all the year round. After these you can hardly do better than to call for macaroni a la creme or with tomato sauce, having taken the precaution of warning the cook to boil the macaroni sufficiently. Should the quails chance to be in they are sure to be plump and delicate; the chickens, which may be fried in sweet oil, are generally good and fat, thoughly equal to the capons of Bresse; and for dessert, or indeed with the bourgeois soups, the grated Parmesan cheese is always delicious; while you may crown your repast in the early spring with a profusion of magnificent mountain strawberries.

### Why Calico Has Gone Out of Popularity.

From Fibre and Fabric.

The calico made years ago would wear twice as long without washing as the modern calico. More substance in actual fibre is what is wanted to regain popularity. Another reason is the low price that wool has ruled at for several years past, enabling our manufacturers to make woolen dress goods at a very low figure, and these goods do not require washing. Some may think they absorb just as much dirt without showing it, but they do not. Cotton warp goods with combed wool filling can now be sold just as cheap as calico used to be sold for. But let clean wool again run up to $1 and over and calico would again be more in demand. It might be in its new form and under the more fascinating name of sateen, which is but the same fabric with the same material and process of printing, only it is woven on three, four or five harness, which enables the manufacturer to make what we call a warp or satin face. Sateen is, in weaving parlance, "quarter satin"—both these fabrics take their name from the method or manner of weaving. Satin is wove on sixteen harness, with fifteen threads up every time a filling pick is thrown in; while a sateen is wove on four harness, usually with three warp threads up every time a filling pick goes in. All observers will have noticed that satin will not hold dust, and will repel all kinds of dirt, although silk in other weaves, such as grosgrains, will catch and hold not only dust but any foreign substance. Cotton does not have the repelling power of silk, because it is not so dense or so lustrous, but is a quick absorber of moisture, and has an equal affinity for dirt.

### Politics and Business.

From the Philadelphia Times.

There have been 6,389 failures in the United States so far this year, against 7,367 last year. There appears to be something after all in the idea that a change in the politics of the National Administration does not necessarily involve universal business ruin.

LEVISON'S BLUE BLACK
WRITING FLUID.
Warranted superior to any ink in the market or money refunded.
—MANUFACTURED ONLY BY—
LEVISON & BLYTHE STATIONERY CO.,
213 & 215 N. THIRD ST.

SECURITIES FOR SALE.
—BY—
NELSON & NOEL, Bankers,
Corner Third and Pine.
$10,000 Texarkana, Tex., water, 6s.
$15,000 East Dallas, Tex., school, 6s.
$15,000 East Dallas, Tex., improvement, 6s.
$12,000 Wilbarger County, Texas, court-house, 8s.
$7,000 Llano, Tex., school, 8s.
$500 Jefferson County, Arkansas, 6s.
$3,000 St. Francis County, Arkansas, 6s.
$1,000 Laddonia, Mo., school, 6s.
$8,000 Princeton, Mo., school, 6s.
$7,500 Oswego, Kan., funding, 6s.
$10,000 Boonville, St. Louis & Southern Railroad, 6s.
$10,000 St. Louis Gas Trust certificate.
$5,000 Farm Loan—5 years—at 8 per cent. semi-annual interest.
For further information and low prices on above call on us.
NELSON & NOEL.

## MONEY.

NEW YORK, August 19, 11 a. m.—The stock market opened strong this morning, with first prices from ⅛ to ¾ higher than last evening's closing figures. Slight gains were made in the early tradings, but the market could not hold the advance and prices soon began to decline slowly. The market continued heavy until 11 o'clock and became dull, being at that hour generally small fractions below the opening figures.

NEW YORK, August 19, noon.—Money is quiet at 8 per cent; bar silver 91¾. The stock market after 12 o'clock continued in the same condition, there being a heavy undertone and prices yielding small fractions accompanied by less activity. At noon the market is quiet and rather heavy.

Threes, 100⅛; do 4s, regular, 125⅝; do 4s, coupons, 125⅝; do 4½s, regular, 100½; do 4½s, coupon, 110½; Pacific 6s of '95, 124.

BOSTON, August 19.—Mexican 4s 36½@¾; do 7s 40@41; scrip, 60; common, 6¼@⅜.

LONDON, August 19, 12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 100 15-16 for money and 101 for the account.

4 p. m.—Consols closed at 100 15-16 for money and 101 1-16 for the account.

### New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whittaker, bankers and brokers, 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

| STOCKS. | Opening | Highest | Lowest | Closing |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Canada Southern | 44 | 44⅛ | 43¼ | 44 |
| Canadian Pacific | 65⅞ | 66 | 65⅞ | 66 |
| Central New Jersey | 53¼ | 53½ | 52⅞ | 53¼ |
| Central Pacific | | | | |
| C., St. P., M. & O. | 44½ | 44⅞ | 43½ | 44⅞ |
| do pfd | | | | |
| C., R. I. & Pac. | | | | |
| C., B. & Q | 133⅝ | 134 | 133⅝ | 134 |
| C., M. & St. P. | 90⅞ | 91½ | 90¾ | 91½ |
| Chic. & N. W. com | 112½ | 113⅛ | 112½ | 113⅞ |
| Del., Lack. & W. | 127¼ | 127¼ | 126 | 127¼ |
| Deleware & Hudson | 98⅛ | 98⅝ | 98⅛ | 98½ |
| Denver & Rio Grande | | | | |
| East Tennessee com | 5⅝ | 5⅞ | 5⅝ | 5⅞ |
| East Tennessee pfd | 14 | | | 14 |
| Erie com | 31⅝ | 32¼ | 31⅝ | 32¼ |
| Erie pfd | 74⅜ | 75¼ | 74¼ | 75 |
| Erie 2d mtg. bonds | 100 | 100¼ | 99¾ | 100¼ |
| Houston & Texas | | | | |
| Illinois Central | 134½ | | | 134½ |
| Ind., B. & West | 16 | 16½ | 16 | 16½ |
| Lake Shore | 85 | 85½ | 84¾ | 85⅝ |
| Louisville & Nashville | 44¼ | 45¼ | 44 | 45¼ |
| Michigan Central | 77⅜ | 78 | 77⅜ | 78 |
| Missouri Pacific | 108¼ | 108¼ | 108 | 108 |
| M., K. & T. | 30¼ | 30½ | 30⅛ | 30⅜ |
| Manhattan Elevated | 132 | | | 132 |
| N. Y. & New Eng | 41½ | 41⅝ | 40½ | 41½ |
| New York Central | 108⅞ | 109 | 108½ | 109 |
| N. Pacific com | 26¾ | | | 26¾ |
| do pfd | 58¾ | 59¼ | 58¼ | 59⅛ |
| Ohio Southern | | | | |
| Oregon & Trans | 30½ | 30⅞ | 30¼ | 30¾ |
| O., N. & Trans. Co. | 102¼ | 103 | 102¼ | 103 |
| Ohio & M. com | 23⅞ | | | 23⅞ |
| Pacific Mail | 55 | 55½ | 54⅞ | 55½ |
| Phila. & Reading | 27¼ | 27¾ | 27¼ | 27⅞ |
| Pullman Palace Car | 132½ | | | 132½ |
| St. Paul & Duluth com | 47¼ | 47¾ | 47¼ | 47¾ |
| do pfd | | | | |
| St. L. & S. F. com | 26¼ | | | 26½ |
| St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd | 108 | | | 108 |
| St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd | 55¼ | 55⅛ | 55 | 55¼ |
| St. P., M. & Man. | | | | |
| Texas & Pacific | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | 14 | 14⅜ |
| Texas & Pacific Income | 52⅝ | | | 52⅝ |
| Union Pacific | 54 | 54⅝ | 53¼ | 54¼ |
| Wab., St. L. & P. | 1¾ | 18¾ | 18⅛ | 18¾ |
| Wab., St. L. & P. pfd | 32½ | 33 | 32 | 33 |
| Western U. T. Co. | 64½ | 64⅝ | 63⅞ | 64½ |
| West Shore Bonds | 101½ | 101½ | 101⅜ | 101½ |

ENGLISH CONSOLS—Cash—Opening, 100 15-16; highest, —; lowest, —; closing, 100 15-16. Account—Opening, 101; highest, 101 1-16; lowest, 101; closing, 101 1-16.

### Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

| U. S. BONDS. | WHEN DUE. | INTEREST PAYABLE. | BID. | ASK. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 ⅌ cent bonds | | M. A. N. & F. | 101 | 101½ |
| 4½ ⅌ cent bonds | 1891 | J. S. D. & M. | 112½ | 113 |
| 4 ⅌ cent bonds | 1907 | J. A. J. & O. | 126 | 126¼ |
| **RAILWAY BONDS.** | | | | |
| Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s | 1888 | Feb. and Aug | 103¾ | 103½ |
| Mo. Pac. Consols | 1920 | May and Nov. | 113 | 114¾ |
| Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s | 1891 | Jan. and July | 113¼ | 115 |
| Mo. Pac. 3d | 1905 | May and Nov. | 128 | 129½ |
| No. Mo. 1st m 7s | 1895 | Jan. and July | 118 | 121 |
| K. P. 1st m 6s | 1895 | Feb. and Aug | 108 | 110 |
| K. P. 1st m 6s | 1896 | June and Dec | 106 | 106½ |
| K. P. D. Ex. 6s | 1899 | May and Nov. | 104½ | 105½ |
| K. P. Consols | 1910 | May and Nov. | 94¾ | 95¼ |
| St.L. & M. 1st 7s | 1892 | Feb. and Aug. | 112½ | 113½ |
| **ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.** | | | | |
| City 4s sterling, 10-20s | 1902 | May and Nov. | 100 | 102½ |
| City 4s sterling, 10-20s | 1903 | Jan. and July | 100 | 102½ |
| City 5s sterling, 10-20s | 1900 | June and Dec. | 103½ | 104½ |
| City 5s | 1900 | Jan. and July | 107½ | 109½ |
| City 6s currency | 1886—87 | Various | 103 | 104 |
| City 6s gold | 1892—93 | Various | 110½ | 111¼ |
| City 6s sterling | 1898 | June and Dec | 117 | 118 |
| City 6s water | 1887 | June and Dec | 102¾ | 103¼ |
| City 6s water | 1890 | June and Dec | 107¼ | 109 |
| City 7s water | 1892 | Apr. and Oct. | 110½ | 111½ |
| City 6s bridge approach | 1892 | June and Dec | 111¼ | 112¼ |
| County 6s gold | 1895—96 | Jan. and July | | 115½ |
| County park | 1905 | Apr. and Oct. | 112 | 123 |

| CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT. | |
|---|---|
| Clearings | $2,606,825 |
| Balance | 537,649 |

## COMMERCE.

### Closing Prices—1 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

| CHICAGO:— | Closing Yesterday. | Highest To-day. | Lowest To-day. | Closing To-day. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| **WHEAT.** | | | | |
| Sept. | 77⅞@78 | 80 a | 78¾ | 79¼@⅜ |
| Oct. | 79⅞ | 82 | 80⅜ | 81¼@⅜ |
| Nov. | 81⅝ | 83¾ | 82⅜ | 83⅛ |
| **CORN.** | | | | |
| Sept. | 43⅞ | 44⅛ | 43½ | 43½ a |
| Oct. | 45¼ | 45⅜ | 44⅞ | 44⅞ |
| Nov. | 46 | 46 | 45⅝ | 45⅝ a |
| **OATS.** | | | | |
| Sept. | 28 | 28⅛ | 27⅞@28 | 28 a |
| Oct. | 29¼ | 29½ | 29⅛ | 29⅛ |
| Nov. | 33⅞ | 34 | 33¾ | 33¾ a |
| **PORK.** | | | | |
| Sept. | 9.55 | 9.60 | 9.47 | 9.47 |
| Oct. | 9.65 | 9.70 | 9.57 | 9.57 |
| **LARD.** | | | | |
| Sept. | 7.35 | 7.45 | 7.40 | 7.42 |
| Oct. | 6.87 | 6.95 | 6.85 | 6.85 a |
| **SHORT RIBS.** | | | | |
| Sept. | 6.20 | 6.22 | 6.15 | 6.17 |
| Oct. | 6.20 | 6.07 | 6.05 | 6.07 |

NEW YORK—Wheat—August, 89c; September, 89¾c b; October, 91¼c b; November, 92⅞c b; December, 94⅜c a; May, $1.01. Corn—August, 52c; September, 52c; October, 52¾c b; November, 53½c a. Oats—August, 33⅛c; September, 33¼c b; October, 34¼c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—August, 82½c; September, 83⅛c; October, 84⅜c; May, —.

DETROIT—Wheat—September, 82⅞c; October, 84¼c.

### Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

| | RECEIPTS. Wheat. | RECEIPTS. Corn. | SHIPMENTS. Wheat. | SHIPMENTS. Corn. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Louis | 93,957 | 27,310 | 6,650 | 3,006 |
| Chicago | 46,203 | 300,168 | 60,059 | 228,767 |
| Milwaukee | 15,795 | 3,360 | ........ | ........ |
| Baltimore | 142,042 | 3,958 | 16,000 | ........ |
| Toledo | 182,054 | 9,432 | 47,000 | ........ |
| New York | 216,320 | 9,950 | 149,526 | 34,859 |
| Detroit | 57,236 | ........ | 37,917 | ........ |
| Minneapolis | 57,200 | ........ | 12,650 | ........ |
| Duluth | 90,736 | ........ | 26,000 | ........ |
| Kansas City | 24,500 | 43,500 | 15,000 | 16,900 |
| Philadelphia | 38,349 | 2,936 | 123,936 | 1,712 |

### Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

| | Wheat bu. | Corn bu. | Oats bu. | Rye bu. | Barl'y bu. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| To-day | 4,171,048 | 1,152,890 | 311,177 | 12,502 | 12,794 |
| Yes'day | 4,117,556 | 1,136,946 | 300,853 | 7,008 | 11,638 |
| | No. 2 Red. | No. 2. | No. 2. | No 2 | No. 2 |
| To-day | 3,300,501 | 911,781 | 256,638 | 10,446 | ...... |
| Yes'day | 3,249,994 | 900,320 | 247,439 | 4,952 | ...... |

### Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—85 cars, 2,791 sks No. 2 red, 22 cars, 1,188 sks No. 3 do; 3 cars, 444 sks, No. 4 winter; 7 cars rejected do; 1 no grade do; 2 No. 2 Mediterranean; total, 120 cars, 4,423 sks. Corn—34 cars No. 2, 4 No. 3, 11 No. 2 white, 3 No. 3 do.; total, 52 cars. Oats—15 cars No. 2, 8 No. 3; total, 23 cars. Rye—10 cars No. 2. Total in, 205 cars, 4,423 sks.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—6 cars No. 2 red, 10 No. 3 do, 2 rejected winter, 1 no grade do, 1 No. 3 hard do. Corn—2 cars No. 4. Total out, 22 cars.

### St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Dodge, the statistician of the Government Agricultural Department, received a cable from London stating that the shortage of wheat in Great Britain for the present year was estimated at 60,000,000 bu.——The out-put of the Minneapolis mills last week was 121,175 bbls against 142,230 bbls the preceding week and 72,620 bbls the corresponding period last year. Exports last week were 45,950 bbls.——Memphis, Tenn., says that the present dry spell is causing cotton on the uplands to shed, and if the drought continues serious damage will be sustained.——Tom Dunnaway, with R. Cleary & Co., says the late hot winds damaged a great deal of the late-sown corn in Kansas and Missouri, but that the early-sown was too far advanced to be hurt.——A Chicago telegram to Francis stated that "a leading client of ours cabled to Koenigsmark about Russian crop, and reply just in saying prospects of an average crop and quality as good as expected."——The strength in Chicago wheat this morning was said to be due to the buying of Lester and of Bloom, the latter taking three-quarters of a million at an early stage in the game.——A Chicagoan, who has just returned from a trip over the Rock Island, reports that corn in the sections he visited is damaged less than would be expected from the reports received here. He says there is still a large quantity of old corn in the cribs; too much to warrant any expectation of a corn famine or of famine prices. The oats and barley crops are excellent. Wheat is of good quality, but short in quantity, and he predicts 90c wheat by November 1.——Commenting upon the flow of bearish news from Dakota and Minnesota correspondents, it was remarked that the whole Northwest is short on the market, having shifted from the bull side to the bear side after standing a loss of $4,000,000 or $5,000,000. And it might be said that they are as far wrong now as bears as when they were trying to bull wheat.——The shipments of wheat from India last week amounted to 500,000 bu and to the Continent 380,000 bu.——"I think wheat is about high enough for a time," remarked W. L. Green of R. T. McCormick & Co. "We have had a good advance. Exporters have had their picnic and will probably begin selling. Ocean freights are scarce and higher, the leading traders in Chicago are selling and the fellows who sold at the bottom are now buying, and the spring wheat crop will soon begin to move. Therefore, I look for a decline, when it will be a good purchase again."——John Galbreath, speaking of the lack of demand here for up-country meats said: "It's very easily explained. The Illinois Central give a rate from Chicago to Memphis of ten cents a hundred, while the rate from St. Louis to Memphis is 14c."——One of the clique brokers was buying September lard in Chicago to-day.——A steamer sailed from London to-day for New York with $5,000,000. The balance of trade is gradually swinging around our way.——An annoying mistake was made yesterday in our provision market, where dry salt short clear was reported as sold to arrive at 6.16 c. and f. It should have been 6.65——Up to 1 p. m. export purchases in New York were 25 loads wheat.

Wheat—The legitimate strength in this cereal appears to be slowly but surely getting away with speculative bearishness, and if Europe continues to hold out for a short time longer the encouragement she has of late, the whole gang of bears will be on the run and pay any price to get out of their desperate situation. Indications were not wanting to-day that the Chicago crowd was getting restive and that the influence of their leaders was less and less felt and also that some of their heaviest traders had already placed themselves squarely in the bull ranks. The 60,000,000 shortage in Great Britain crop reported to our Government Bureau was a complete "knocker out" for the bears, and they couldn't even scrape up nerve enough to deny it. All the cables that came in showed the same strong tone, spots in Liverpool were quoted 1d up and cargoes to arrive advanced 6d for red winter and 9d for California; besides weather in England was unsettled. New York was very strong all the morning, but Chicago was inclined to wabble rather uncertainly, though responding with more readiness to advances than for a long time past. How the local crowd stood was shown by the trading, it slackening off at once when weakness was felt, but awakening to life and activity on every show of strength. They had several of these "shows," the strong European cable's reports of heavy shipments of gold to this country and a continuance of the export demand exerting a very bullish effect. The highest rates of the day were not maintained, as late there was an easing off of ¼@⅜c, but the close was 1⅛c above yesterday. September sold at 80c to 80⅞c, closing at 80⅝c asked. October at 81⅞c to 83c, closing at 82⅝c; November at 84⅜c to 84⅝@¾c, and late 84½c asked; May at 94⅛c to 94c, with 94¼c asked at close, when August was offered at 79⅝c. Spot grades advanced and were strong, No. 2 red selling 1c higher, but market rather quiet. No. 2 red, 79⅝c; No. 3 del., 75c; No. 4, 72@73¼c; No. 2 Mediterranean, 77¼c in U., 77½c bid for M.; No. 3 do, 72c bid; rejected, 61c bid.

Corn was held up by wheat more than through its own worth, but even the great strength and advance in the finer cereal was not enough to prevent ¼c decline. The market was a dull and heavy one all through, with very light trading, as operators' attention was engrossed by wheat. September sold at 40⅛c to 40¼c, with latter asked at close; October at 42¼c to 41¾c, closing at the bottom. August was offered at 39½c, bid 39c; November at 43c, bid 42⅝c; May at 47½c, bid 47⅛c. There was little demand for spot grades and they ruled dull, weak and lower to sell. No. 2, 40c bid for C. & A.; No. 3, 38c bid this side; No. 4, 35c bid this side; No. 2 white, 42½c in St. L.; No. 3 do, 40c bid this side; no grade, 33c bid this side.

Oats were strong, but very dull as a speculative commodity and no trading indulged in. September was offered at 28c, bid 27¾@⅞c; October at 28½c, bid 29c; May at 34⅛c, bid 34c. Higher prices were paid and bid for spot grades, but very little was offered for sale. No. 2, 27½c in U., 27¾c bid for St. L., 28c for M., 28½c for C.; No. 3, 27⅛c in U., 27¼c in M.; no grade, 25c asked for rejected and bid for St. L. and M.

Rye—A sale of No. 2 was made for October at 53½c, which was ½c advance, but nothing doing in spot.

Flour was strong and most sellers were demanding higher rates, but buyers were not prepared to pay an advance and, though the inquiry was good, trading was smaller. We quote: Patents, $4.10@4.35; straights, $3.70@3.85; clears, $3.15@3.60; mediums, $2.25@2.60: low grades, $1.75@2.10. Quotations of the Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XX, $2.00@2.10; XXX, $2.25@2.35; family, $2.35@2.50; choice, $3.10@3.20; fancy, $3.40@3.50; extra do, $3.60@3.80; patents at $4.10@4.35. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3.35@3.45 per bbl.

Cornmeal—Steady at $2.25@2.30 for city on orders del.; pearl meal, grits and hominy, $2.75@3.

Bran—Market quiet and unchanged; bulk selling at E. side points at 38@40c, and on E. trk at 43c. Sacked at 50c f. o. b. this side, and at 52@53c f. o. b. E. side. Small order lots all by dealers brought 58@60c.

Hay—Prairie scarce and higher; otherwise the market was unchanged. There was a good demand for choice to fancy new timothy, and values ruled firm; the other grades were quiet and steady. Market limits were (new crop): This side—Prairie, $9.50@11.00 for prime to fancy—top rate for quarter-bales rope-bound; mixed timothy, $9.50@11.00; prime to fancy timothy, $11@13.50. East track stock sells about 50c@$1.50 per ton below the above rates.

Provisions was marked more by a masterly inactivity than anything else, but the feeling was weak and buyers out for a decline which checked trade, as there were few sellers willing to concede lower rates. That some were selling at declines was proven by the "p. t." sales reported. Small sales of pork were made at $10.25 for standard mess and $10.50 for heavy, but a larger lot of standard sold below that rate. Current-make lard could have been sold at the same rate it brought yesterday—6⅝c. Boxed dry salt longs sold at $6.30@6.35c, c'ribs at 6⅞c, shorts at 6½@6.55c; loose f. o. b. on Cash orders—shoulders, 6c; longs, 6.20c; c'ribs, 6.30c; shorts, 6.45c; up-country summer c'ribs were offered to arrive at 6.30c c. and f. here, but no buyers at near that price. Packed bacon and longs sold at 6.95c, c'ribs at 6⅞@6.95c. Shorts at 7⅛@7.20; loose c'ribs at 6¾@6.80 and shorts at 7.05. Country lard, 5½@6c per lb. S. c. hams, 12¾@13½c. Breakfast bacon, 8½@10c. Beef—Family, $10@13 ⅌ bbl according to brand; on orders higher; $6@7 ⅌ ½-bbl; dried, 12½@13c; selected, 15c ⅌ lb; smoked tongues, $4.75@5.50 ⅌ doz. Tallow—prime summer rendered, 3¾c in oil barrels; No. 2, 3½c; in irregular packages, ¼c less. Grease—Brown and yellow, 2½@3½c; white, 3¼@4¼c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, $1@1.05 ⅌ bbl, as in size of lot. Ground alum, $1.10 ⅌ sack—small way higher.

Highwines steady at $1.08 in St. Louis and Cincinnati, $1.10 in Peoria, $1.13 in Chicago.

Lead still dull. Refined was offered at $4.62½ and chemical hard East side at $4.60, but no demand.

### On the Curb.

Wheat—Weak lower at 82¼c October; puts, 81¾c to 81⅝@¾c, and calls 82⅞c. Chicago—September, 79⅜@½c to 79c; puts, 78¾@⅝c, and calls 80½@80c.

### Cotton.

The speculative markets were weak and declining to-day, but New York and Liverpool futures suffering depression and losing several points in value. Crop damage as a bull influence appears to be about as much a failure with the staple as it has been with corn and last year with wheat. The local market was quiet and unchanged.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 6⅝c; ordinary, 7⅝c; good ordinary, 8c; low middling, 8⅝c; middling, 9¼c; good middling, 9¾c; middling fair, 10¼c; stained and tinged, ¼c to ⅜c under quotations for white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 11 bales, against 18 bales last year; since September, 1885, 471,487 bales, against 290,836 same time last year; shipments to-day, 258 bales, against — bales last year; since September 1, 1884, 461,643 bales, against 289,216 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day, 11,4[illegible] bales, against 3,132 bales.

CLOSING PRICES, 3 P. M.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5 3-16d; Orleans, 5¼d. Sales, 10,000 bales. Futures closed —; August and September, 5 8-64d; September and October, 5 5-64d; October and November, 5 4-64d; November and December, 5 3-64d; December and January, 5 3-64d; January and February, 5 4-64d; February and March, 5 6-64d; March, —.

NEW YORK—Futures steady; August, 9.19c; September, 9.26c; October, 9.25c; November, 9.25c; December, 9.28c; January, 9.37c; February, 9.45c; March, 9.53c; April, 9.61c; May, 9.70c; June, 9.78c; July, 9.86c. Sales, 45,600 bales.

### Country Produce.

APPLES—Large, sound highly-colored choice in demand and firm at $1.40@1.70, but nearly all arrivals inferior and hard to sell at 50c@$1 per bbl.

WATERMELONS—Lower, with sales on track at $60@70 for common, $80@90 for kolb gems per car.

DRIED FRUIT—Steady and good demand. New sun-dried apples ranged at 2¼@2½c for prime and 2¾c for fancy quarters, and 3c for sliced. Evaporated at 4@5c for quarters and 7@8¼c for sliced. Peaches scarce and firm at 3½@3¾c for old halves. Blackberries firm, at 7@8c.

POTATOES—Easier at 40@42c for Ohio and 43@45c for peerless ⅌ bu.

ONIONS—Slow at $1.75@2 ⅌ bbl. and 67½@75c ⅌ bu.

EGGS—Receipts, 574 pkgs; firm and in demand; good guaranteed stock at 9½@10c ⅌ doz.

BUTTER—Receipts, 57,700 lbs. Firm for the better grades, but unchanged; demand only for the best; medium and low qualities dull. Sales: Creamery—Choice to fancy, 18@21, and 22c for selections. Dairy—Choice to fancy, 15@17c; selections, 18c; choice, 10@13c; common 4@7c; near-by country make, 3@4c for common, 8@10c for choice.

CHEESE—Choice full cream, 9¾c; part skims, 5c; low, 2@3c.

VEALS—Choice, 5½@6c; rough and thin, 4½@5c, and heretics, 3@3½c ⅌ lb.

LAMBS—Sales at 3½@4c per lb, according to size.

LIVE POULTRY—Demand fair, prices firm and offerings small. Sales ranged: Old hens at 6½c, roosters at 3½c ⅌ lb. Springs—Small at $1@1.25, medium to good sized, $1.40@1.50; choice and fancy large at $1.75@2.25 per dozen; old or young ducks, $1.25@1.75 per dozen.

GAME—Little doing. Woodcock, $3.50; wood duck, $1.75; mallard duck, $2.50; frog legs, 50@60c—small, half price

GRASS SEEDS—Clover, $5@5.25; timothy, $2.10; red-top, 35@40c.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime quotable at $1.65.

FLAXSEED—Receipts 8,000 bu. Still lower, with a sale at $1.07, but late it was learned that $1.08 was obtainable.

HEMPSEED—Last sale at $1.

HIDES—Dull and easy. We quote: Green salted, No. 1 at 8¾c; No. 2 at 7½c; bulls or stags, 5c; green (uncured), 7c; do (do) damaged, 5½c; glue stock, 3c. Dry flint—No. 1 at 15½c; No. 2 at 12½c; bulls and stags, 10c; dry salted, 12c; damaged, 10c; glue, 5c.

FEATHERS—Quiet. We quote: Prime Live Geese (white) 42c in large sacks, and 43c in small sacks (sacks largely gray 5c ⅌ lb less than prime white); unripe, quilly, etc., 30@40c; mixed, 10@30c; tare 3 and 10 ⅌ cent.

BEESWAX—Quiet and steady at 22c for choice.

WOOL—Receipts, 21,408 lbs. Quiet but steady. We quote average wools (bright lots of Kansas, etc., as good as Missouri, bringing equal prices):

| STATES. | Medium. Cl'ng. | Medium. C'mb'g. | Low and coarse |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mo., Ill., Io., Ark., Ind. and Ky | 26 | 25 | 18@22 |
| Kansas and Nebraska | 22 @ 23 | ........ | 16@20 |
| Texas and Indian Territory 12 mo. | 25 @ 26 | ........ | 15@22 |
| Texas and Indian Territory 6 mo. | 23 @ 24 | ........ | 14@19 |
| Colorado, New Mexico and Mexico | 22 @ 23 | ........ | 14@20 |
| Tennessee and Southern | 25 @ 26 | 24@25 | 18@22 |
| Montana and Wyoming | 24 @ 25 | ........ | 15@22 |
| Utah | 22 @ 24 | ........ | 15@20 |

| STATES. | Fine. Light. | Fine. Heavy | Black. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mo., Ill., Io., Ark., Ind. and Ky | 21@23 | 17@20 | 20@23 |
| Kansas and Nebraska | 20@22 | 17@19 | 18@21 |
| Texas and Indian Territory 12 mo. | 23@24 | 18@21 | 19@23 |
| Texas and Indian Territory 6 mo. | 20@22 | 16@19 | 17@20 |
| Colorado, New Mexico and Mexico | 21@23 | 17@20 | 17@19 |
| Tennessee and Southern | 22@23 | 17@20 | 20@23 |
| Montana and Wyoming | 22@23 | 18@20 | 19@22 |
| Utah | 20@23 | 17@19 | 18@21 |

Slightly burry, cotted or sandy—2c to 3c off; moderately do, 4c to 5c off; hard do, 12c to 17c ⅌ lb.

Tub—Choice, 38½c: fair, 36@37c. low and coarse, 28@34c.

Sacks once used, 18c; old, 10c; tare, 3½ lbs; Texas 10c.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 19.—Wheat excited, feverish and 1@½c higher, with an unusually brisk speculative business; receipts, 216,320 bu; sales, 16,000 bu No. 2 red August, 88⅞@89c; 5,120,000 bu do September, 88¼@90c; 306,000 bu do October, 90¾@91⅜c; 624,000 bu do November, 92 1-5@92⅞c; 1,284,000 bu do December, 93¾@94¼c; 296,000 bu May, $1.00@1.00⅞. Corn ⅛@⅜c higher and moderately active Receipts 9,950 bu; sales 216,000; mixed western spot 52@52½c; future 51¾@53⅜c. Oats shade stronger; receipts 77,026 bu; sales 35,000 bu; western 34@41c. Beef dull; new extra $8. Pork firm; new mess $11.62½@11.87½; old do $10.50@10.75. Lard stronger; steam rendered $7.50. Butter firm; western 12@21½c. Sugar dull, crushed 6¼@6⅜c; powdered 6¼@6½c; granulated 6c; molasses steady. Eggs, western 13¾@14c.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The wheat market has been very much excited this morning. At the first call the feeling was feverish and very irregular. At times some brokers were bidding ⅛@¼c more than the asking price. The trading is certainly the largest ever reported for the first hour and half of business, over 11,000,000 bushels having changed hands; of this September was dealt in most freely, although October and December deliveries received a fair share of attention. The tendency is to a higher market. Prices are up fully 1@1½c, with foreign shorts covering quite freely mainly for London and Paris accounts. Stronger cable advices and the recent large export purchases add strength to the situation.

CHICAGO, August 19, 11:15 a. m.—September wheat opened stronger at 79c and advanced to 79½c. Corn steady; September, 43⅞c. Oats steady; September, 28⅞c. Pork steady; September, 9.57½c. Lard stronger; September, 7.45c.

1 P. M.—Wheat stronger; cash, 78⅝c; September, 79 5-16c. Corn easier; cash, 42⅝c; September, 41½c. Oats easier; cash, 27c; September, 28c. Rye, 50½c. Barley, 62c; Flaxseed, $1.12@1.12½c, timothy, $2.07@1.20. Whisky, $1.13. Pork easier; cash and September, $9.47½; Lard stronger; cash and September, $7.42½.

KANSAS CITY, MO., August 19.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat, receipts, 8,663 bu; shipments, 17,112 bu; in store, 318,629 bu. Higher, No. 2 red, cash 65½c bid; 67c asked; September sales at 66¼c; October, 67c bid, 67½c asked; May, 80c asked; No 2 soft cash, 71c asked. Corn, receipts, 15,358 bu; shipments, 4,000 bu; in store, 238,940 bu. Weaker No. 2, cash 33c bid, 33¼c asked; September, 34c bid, 34⅛c asked; October, 35⅜c bid, 35⅝c asked; May, 41½c bid, 42⅝c asked, No. 2 white, cash 35¼c bid, 36c asked. Oats—No. 2, cash, sales at 27⅝c. Rye—No. 2, cash, no bid, 47½c asked. Eggs and butter unchanged. Hay unchanged.

NEW ORLEANS, August 19.—Flour quiet and steady. Cornmeal dull at $2.25. Corn steadier. mixed, 53c; yellow. 55@56c; white, 54c. Oats steady; No. 2, 36@36½c. Bran unchanged. Hay quiet and easy at $15.50@16; prime, $14@15. Provisions quiet. Pork, $10.37½. Cut meats—Shoulders, 6⅛c; sides, 6½c. Bacon, 6¾@7.20c; l. c. s., 7.20c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured, 13c. Lard—Refined tierce, 6⅞c; packers' tierce, 7¼c. Whisky firm; basis $1.08. Exchange on New York, $1 discount. Sight, 50 discount. Cotton—Spot dull at 9 3-16; net receipts, 683; gross, 683.

BALTIMORE, August 19.—Wheat—Western higher and active; No. 2 winter red spot, 89⅝@89¾c; August, 89¼c bid; September, 88½@89c; October, 89½@89¾c. Corn—Western steady and dull; spot, 49@49½c; September, 49¼@50c; steamer, 48@48¾c. Oats firm and fairly active; Western white, 33@35c; do mixed, 30@33c. Provisions steady, with fair inquiry. Other articles unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 2,810 bbls; wheat, 142,000 bu; corn, 4,000 bu; oats, 14,400 bu; rye, 1,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 1,124 bbls; wheat, 16,000 bu.

TOLEDO, August 19.—Wheat quiet and firm; cash and August, 82¼c; September, 83⅛c; October, 84½c; November, 85⅞c; December, 88⅞c; May, 94⅛c. Corn active and steady; cash, August and September, 44½c; October, 45c. Oats steady; cash, 28½c; September, 29c. Clover-seed easy; cash and September, $5.25; October, $5.27; November, $5.35; December, $5.40.

DETROIT, August 19.—Wheat—Cash white, 80c bid cash; Michigan red, 82c; No. 2 red, 82c bid cash; 83¼c September; receipts, 55,200 bu. Corn—46c asked; receipts, 2,700 bu. Oats—No. 2, 28¼c; No. 2 white, 32¼c; receipts, 8,100 bu.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., August 19.—Wheat weak; cash, 77¾c; September, 78¾c; October, 80⅞c. Corn dull; No. 2, 42⅞c. Oats easy; No. 2, 27½c. Rye quiet; No. 1, nominal. Barley firm; No. 2, 61¼c.

CINCINNATI, O., August 19.—Flour active; 10@15c higher. Grain stronger; ½c to 2c higher. Provisions quiet. Whisky firm; sales 784 bbls finished goods on basis $1.08.

### Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, August 19.—Petroleum was dull and depressed. Prices opened at 60c, advanced to 60¾c, and at 1 o'clock this afternoon were steady at 60⅝c.

CLEVELAND, O., August 19.—Petroleum steady; S. W. 110, 7⅛c.

WILMINGTON, August 19.—Turpentine dull, 32c.

### Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, August 19.—Wheat arrived firmer and held higher; corn arrived not much doing; wheat to arrive firm. Corn to arrive strong. Mark Lane wheat and corn firm. Country markets firm. Weather unsettled. California wheat off coast advanced 9d; red winter wheat to arrive, 33s 6d@34s. Spot wheat strong, with a good demand; holders offer moderately; No. 2 spring, 6s 9d@6s 10d; red winter, 6s 8d@6s 9d; No. 1 California, 6s 10d@7s. Western corn firm, with a good demand at 4s 3½d; demand from Continent and United Kingdom good for wheat and corn.

LIVERPOOL, August 19, 3:30 p. m.—Pork is in poor demand; prime mess, Eastern, 61s 6d, steady; do Western, 59s, steady. Lard is in good demand; short, August, September and October 35s 9d, firm. Wheat—Demand active; new No. 2 winter, 6s 8½d, firm; do spring, 6s 9½d, firm. Flour in fair demand; 8s 2d. Corn is in good demand; spot, 4s 4d, firm; August, 4s 3½d, firm; September, 4s 4d, steady; October, 4s 5d, steady.

## LIVE STOCK.

| | Cattle. | Hogs. | Sheep. | Horses and mules. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Receipts | 2,289 | 2,450 | 2,668 | 262 |
| Shipments | 2,005 | 215 | 1,979 | 68 |

CATTLE—Market again slow but firm for good fat butchers and choice shippers. Receipts large and principally range cattle, which met with a fair demand and sold at unchanged prices. Natives were scarce and wanted. We quote:

RULING QUOTATIONS—Good to choice native shippers, $4.25@4.65; fair to medium, $3.90@4.10; common, $3.25@3.50; butchers' steers, fair to choice, $3.40@4.20; common, $2.50@3.00; cows and heifers, fair to choice, $2.40@3.25; common, $1.75@2.25; feeding steers, $3.25@4.00; stockers, $2.75@3.00; native bulls, $1.50@2.25; veal calves, $4@9 per head; Texans, $2.00@3.75.

Representative sales:

UNION STOCK YARDS.

| No. | Description. | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 19 | native cows and heifers | 879 | $2 40 |
| 14 | Texas bulls | 906 | 1 50 |
| 24 | Texas bulls | 1,034 | 1 65 |
| 43 | Texas cows | 752 | 2 40 |
| 20 | rough Texas steers | 919 | 2 50 |
| 24 | rough Texas steers | 892 | 2 50 |
| 21 | stock steers | 816 | 2 50 |
| 21 | native steers | 790 | 2 87½ |
| 20 | native steers | 783 | 2 87½ |
| 11 | common Southwest mixed | 793 | 2 00 |
| 10 | old sausage cows | 750 | 1 00 |

185 retail from $2.25 to $3.75.

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

| No. | Description. | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 19 | Indian butchers | 911 | 3 25 |
| 23 | Indian butchers | 863 | 3 15 |
| 37 | Indian butchers | 803 | 2 90 |
| 24 | native cows | 907 | 2 35 |
| 40 | mixed Texans | 810 | 2 70 |
| 45 | Indian steers | 800 | 2 65 |
| 19 | native steers | 1,138 | 3 40 |
| 25 | Indian steers | 982 | 3 40 |

HOGS—Strong and as active as the rather limited supply would permit. There were no more $5.25 sales, the quality all the way through being very poor and the top price paid by butchers was $5.10. Other sales being made on a basis of $4.95@5.20 for butchers to best heavy, $4.70@5 for mixed packing, $4.50@4.80 for lights and yorkers; grassers and common mixed $3@4.25.

Representative sales:

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily live stock report of sales of hogs.

| No. | Av. | Price. | No. | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 55 | 204 | $5 05 | 49 | 200 | $5 05 |
| 30 | 162 | 4 75 | 60 | 197 | 5 00 |
| 43 | 170 | 4 70 | 42 | 240 | 5 10 |
| 34 | 165 | 4 75 | 54 | 246 | 5 10 |
| 61 | 180 | 4 80 | 32 | 199 | 5 00 |
| 33 | 206 | 5 00 | 55 | 199 | 5 00 |
| 21 | 180 | 5 00 | 38 | 193 | 4 50 |
| 25 | 201 | 4 60 | 38 | 131 | 3 50 |
| 52 | 244 | 5 15 | 45 | 187 | 4 85 |
| 27 | 278 | 5 10 | 44 | 227 | 5 15 |
| 60* | 179 | 4 40 | | | |

*Grassers.

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS

| No. | Av. | Price. | No. | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 51 | 176 | $4 65 | 67 | 201 | $4 60 |
| 71 | 178 | 4 60 | 46 | 220 | 4 80 |
| 67 | 227 | 5 10 | 63 | 140 | 4 15 |
| 39 | 222 | 4 60 | 67 | 222 | 5 00 |
| 28 | 148 | 4 15 | 32 | 146 | 4 15 |
| 40 | 166 | 4 30 | 86 | 166 | 4 70 |
| 88 | 233 | 5 10 | 44 | 211 | 4 80 |
| 120 | 194 | 5 10 | 61 | 179 | 4 70 |
| 54 | 229 | 4 35 | 48 | 130 | 3 80 |
| 139 | 146 | 4 30 | 32 | 142 | 3 75 |
| 26 | 221 | 5 05 | 11 | 152 | 4 25 |
| 16 | 203 | 5 00 | | | |

SHEEP—Active and strong at full firmer rates.

UNION STOCK YARDS.

| No. | Av. | Price. | No. | Av. | Price. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23 | 100 | $3 00 | 79 | 89 | $3 00 |
| 62 | 86 | 2 75 | 100 | 57 | 2 00 |
| 36 | 81 | 2 50 | 82 | 80 | 2 50 |
| 97 | 83 | 2 60 | 90 | 76 | 2 25 |
| 141 | 73 | 2 90 | 34 | 107 | 3 00 |
| 121 | 91 | 3 00 | 48* | 64 | 3 50 |
| 88 | 64 | 2 50 | 43* | 55 | 3 50 |
| 174 | 72 | 2 75 | 62* | 71 | 4 00 |

* Lambs.

### Horses and Mules.

HORSES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cavalry | $130 00@140 00 |
| Heavy draft, extra, weighing 1,450 lbs and over | 140 00@175 00 |
| Heavy draft, good | 125 00@135 00 |
| Streeters, extra | 115 00@125 00 |
| Streeters, good | 100 00@110 00 |
| Drivers, extra | 150 00@175 00 |
| Drivers, good | 120 00@150 00 |
| Saddlers, extra | 130 00@150 00 |
| Saddlers, good | 100 00@120 00 |
| Westean plugs | 25 00@ 50 00 |
| Western mares | 75 00@125 00 |
| **MULES.** | |
| 14 hands, 4 to 7 years old | 70 00@ 80 00 |
| 14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old | 80 00@ 90 00 |
| 15 yands, 4 to 7 years old | 115 00@125 00 |
| 15½ hands, extra | 125 00@140 00 |
| 16 to 16½ hands, extra | 150 00@170 00 |

### Live Stock by Telegraph.

KANSAS CITY, MO., August 19.—The cattle receipts, 1,335; the hog receipts, 5,016. Cattle—Market slow; market strong on good; steady on common; some very select, 5c.

## THE WEATHER.

### Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 19, 1886

The following observations are taken at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time:

| STATIONS— | Barom. | Therm. | Change in 24 h. | Wind. | Rainfall in 9 h. | State of Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jacksonville, Fla. | 30.00 | 81 | † 1 | S | .... | Clear. |
| Vicksburg, Miss. | 29.90 | 76 | - 1 | E | .... | Fair. |
| New Orleans | 29.88 | 81 | † 2 | E | .... | Clear. |
| Shreveport, La | 29.91 | 78 | 0 | SE | .... | Clear. |
| Little Rock, Ark | 29.95 | 75 | - 3 | NE | .... | Cloudy. |
| Galveston, Tex | 29.93 | 77 | - 5 | E | .... | Clear. |
| Memphis, Tenn | 30.00 | 75 | - 7 | NE | .... | Fair. |
| Nashville, Tenn | 30.00 | 66 | - 9 | NE | .... | Clear. |
| Louisville, Ky | 30.18 | 63 | - 9 | N | .60 | Clear. |
| Indianapolis, Ind. | 30.21 | 63 | - 2 | NE | .01 | Clear. |
| Cincinnati, O. | 30.20 | 61 | - 3 | NE | .01 | Clear. |
| Pittsburg, Pa. | 30.22 | 56 | - 6 | Calm | .... | Clear. |
| Marquette, Mich. | 30.18 | 60 | -11 | W | .... | Fair. |
| Chicago, Ill | 30.22 | 69 | † 1 | E | .... | Clear. |
| Duluth, Minn. | 30.06 | 59 | † 1 | NW | .... | Clear. |
| St. Paul, Minn | 30.08 | 67 | † 8 | SE | .... | Cloudy. |
| La Crosse, Wis | 30.18 | 65 | † 1 | S | .... | Clear. |
| Davenport, Io. | 30.17 | 61 | 0 | E | .... | Fair. |
| Cairo, Ill | 30.10 | 65 | - 9 | NE | .... | Clear. |
| St. Louis, Mo | 30.14 | 67 | - 3 | E | .... | Clear. |
| Leavenworth, Kan | 30.03 | 71 | † 1 | SE | .... | Clear. |
| Omaha, Neb. | 30.08 | 69 | † 7 | S | .... | Cloudy. |
| Moorhead, Minn. | 29.86 | 66 | †14 | S | .... | Fair. |
| St. Vincent, Minn | 29.79 | 63 | 0 | S | .... | Clear. |
| Bismarck, Dak | 29.78 | 62 | † 4 | S | .... | Clear. |
| Ft. Buford, Dak. | 29.68 | 56 | - 1 | NE | .... | Fair. |
| Ft. Assinaboine | Miss. | | | | | |
| Deadwood, Dak. | Miss. | | | | | |
| North Platte, Neb | 29.94 | 67 | † 1 | SE | .... | Clear. |
| Denver, Col. | 29.90 | 57 | - 5 | S | .03 | Clear. |
| W. Las Animas | 29.91 | 60 | - 4 | W | .06 | Clear. |
| Dodge City, Kan. | 30.02 | 64 | - 1 | SE | .... | Cloudy. |
| Ft. Elliott, Tex. | 29.92 | 65 | - 3 | NE | .... | Clear. |
| El Paso, Tex. | 29.93 | 69 | - 7 | NW | .... | Clear. |
| Salt Lake City | 29.92 | 67 | - 1 | SE | .05 | Fair. |
| San Francisco | 29.90 | 62 | † 9 | SW | .... | Clear. |

Dash (*—) indicates rainfall inappreciable; † indicates rise; - indicates fall. G. A. WEBER, Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

### Levee Lore.

River rising.

Receipts and shipments fair.

Scant five feet at Walker's and Brown's bars.

Five and a half feet reported at Liberty Island.

The C. C. Carroll is aground near the mouth of the Missouri.

Height of center span of bridge above present water, 78 feet 7 inches.

The new snagboat, W. E. Merrill, was launched yesterday at Cincinnati.

The City of Natchez will be the Anchor Line New Orleans packet for Saturday afternoon.

The Calhoun, one of the best officered boats in commission, leaves for Peoria on Saturday afternoon.

The New Hudson and City of New Orleans had every pound of freight they could carry on the water.

J. H. Leyhe, engineer on the Spread Eagle, was robbed by unknown parties last night of a hunting-case silver watch.

To-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock promptly Capt. John Massengale will send out for the Tennessee and Cumberland Rivers the Henry A. Tyler.

No person that desires to be relieved of all cares and take good solid comfort will travel by rail when a steamboat can be found going their way.

The steamer Will S. Hays will make a trip from Memphis to St. Louis with an excursion of the Knights Templars, remaining here four or five days.

The steam drug store propeller owned by a St. Louis firm will reach here Saturday on her maiden run down from St. Paul, where she was built. Next week she will load out from here to New Orleans with $5,000 worth of medicines.

### River Telegrams.

CAIRO, Ill., August 19.—Arrived: W. F. Nesbit, Ohio, 11 p. m.; Arkansas City, St. Louis, 1 a. m.; City of Natchez, New Orleans, 5; John Gilbert, St. Louis, 7; George Lyle, St. Louis, 9; City of Cairo, Vicksburg, 10. Departed: Nesbit, St. Louis, midnight; Natchez, St. Louis, 6 a. m.; Gilbert, Ohio, 7; Arkansas City, Vicksburg, 8; Cairo, St. Louis, 11; Lyle, St. Louis, 11. River 9 feet 7 inches and falling. Cloudy and mild.

LOUISVILLE, August 19, noon.—River 7 ft. 5 in. in the canal, 5 ft. 3 in. on the falls; rising. Weather clear and cool. Business good. The Granite State, which has been laid up two weeks at Cincinnati, passed down on her way to Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., August 19.—River falling. Arrived: Will S. Hays from Arkansas City. Departed: Annie P. Silver to New Orleans, 7 a. m. Weather warm.

WHEELING, W. Va., August 19.—River 8 feet 6 inches; rising. Down—Nellie Walton, light, Ella with coal. Weather clear and cool.

CINCINNATI, August 19.—River 11 feet 7 inches and falling. Clear; thermometer 74 deg.

PITTSBURG, August 19.—River 4 feet 7 inches and falling. Clear and pleasant.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., August 19.—River stationary, 5 feet 7 inches.

### Marine.

NEW YORK, August 19.—Arrived: Steamer Nordland, from Antwerp.

RIVER TRANSPORTATION.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

DIAMOND JO LINE STEAMERS
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, LaCrosse, Winona, Red Wing and St. Paul.
Elegant Passenger Steamers Through to St. Paul Without Transfer.
Str. LIBBIE CONGER ........ Dawley, Master
Leaves Saturday, August 21, at 4 p. m
From wharfboat, foot of Washington avenue.
Telephone 1608. ISAAC P. LUSK, Agent.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line,
U. S. MAIL AND BONDED LINE.
Packets for Natchez, Bayou Sara, Baton Rouge and New Orleans leave Wednesdays and Saturdays.
Str. CITY OF NATCHEZ ........ Bixby, Master
Leaves Saturday, August 21, at 5 p. m.
Packet for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester, Wittenburg and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOT ........ Lennox, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m.
D. T. PRATHER, Agent.
For Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg.
Str. D. R. POWELL ........ Vickers, Master
Will leave Anchor Line Wharfboat, foot of Chestnut st., Thursday, August 19, at 5 p. m.
D. T. PRATHER, Agent.

St. Louis and Mississippi Valley Transportation Company.
FOR NEW ORLEANS
Steamer PORT EADS and barges, Leaves Saturday, August 21, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans, Red River and Texas points apply to
JAS. P. BURDEAU, Agent.

# St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY
THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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| One year, postage paid | $9 00 |
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| Editorial Rooms | 501 |
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THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1886.


IT is reported that GERONIMO is seeking an alliance with Mexico. This would carry out the *pares cum paribus* idea, and might turn out better than some people anticipate.

TIDINGS from Saranac Lake tell that the President has caught a speckled trout weighing three-quarters of a pound. This is another proof that the President's lines are cast in pleasant places.

THE Queen adopts the plan of those American Congressmen who have their speeches printed without delivering them. It may be added that in the rare virtue of brevity, the Queen easily surpasses her American competitors.

AN ex-Confederate reunion is now being held at Fayetteville, Ark., with a large number of ex-Union soldiers in attendance. The excited correspondent has not sent out his account of the Confederate flag, but it is not too late.

IT is announced that a United States revenue cutter has seized three British schooners off the Alaskan coast for violating the seal fishing laws. This incident teaches that the American seal is as sacred an animal as a Canadian codfish.

THE virtue of the pole that is wielded by the POST-DISPATCH is shown in the tardy and reluctant withdrawal of Surveyor LANCASTER from the Democratic State Committee. The political coon clung desperately to the limb, but he had to come down.

THE talk of VEST and DOCKERY in the convention against railroads was wind, and thin and feeble wind at that. The election of O'DAY and PHELPS, two railroad lawyers, to the State Committee is a hard leaden fact that hits the Democracy of Missouri square in the face.

RAILROAD officials and attorneys such as JOHN O'DAY and W. H. PHELPS do not care who writes the platform poetry and the campaign songs of the Missouri Democracy so long as they are permitted to control the Democratic organization and the law-making of the State.

THE election of JOHN O'DAY's right-hand man, Railroad Attorney PHELPS, as a member of the Democratic State Central Committee, means trouble for the Democracy in Congressman STONE's district. The district which O'DAY bosses is now represented in Congress by a Republican.

CLEVELAND will not allow his mails to be forwarded, but he ought to make an exception and get this morning's Globe-Democrat with the indorsements of his Administration by the St. Louis delegates. In the words of the dramatist, "Praise from Sir Hubert Stanley is praise indeed."

THE New Orleans City Item, in reprinting an article from the POST-DISPATCH, speaks of this paper as "a staunch supporter of the Administration." That is the exact truth. We give the Administration that staunch and valuable support which consists in approving its merits and in frankly criticizing its failures.

VEST and RICKEY and CRISP and all the other eminent representative Democratic statesmen who were called on to address the convention advised it earnestly to restrain the railroad corporations. One of the most effective ways of restraining railroad corporations is to put the State Committee in charge of railroad managers and attorneys.

THE Texas Republicans have decided to hold a convention and nominate a ticket. This ought to make their timid friends in New York ashamed of themselves. Of course the Republicans will be beaten by something like a 100,000 majority, but there is some satisfaction in simply "going through the motion." A Republican in the Lone Star State is well situated for learning the vanity and hollowness of contemporary politics, and no one can blame him for asking occasionally: "What are we here for, anyhow?"

THIS Mr. O'DAY, who is managing the State Convention in virtue of his authority on the committee, is not merely the attorney of the St. Louis & San Francisco Road. He is the Vice-President, he is the substitute of General Manager ROGERS as long as Mr. ROGERS' health continues impaired, and he has been for years the manager of the company in everything connected with the prevention of State legislation, the obstruction of justice and the annulment of the Constitution. With Mr. O'DAY and his partner, Mr. PHELPS, controlling the organization of the party in the State three hundred and sixty-five days in the year, any anti-railroad talk in a convention that sits one day in two years merely adds insult to injury.

## VEST AND THE CONSTITUTION.

Senator VEST's convention speech of yesterday, as reported this morning, contained this passage:

I have always found in politics that the outspoken way is the best way. It is so much more pleasant than to be a demagogue. What is the trouble in this State of Missouri? I will tell you. You have not carried out the laws in regard to the railroads. [Cheers.] I trust in God I am not one of those politicians who go through the country denouncing men because they are rich, or denouncing corporations because they are corporations. I have taken fees from corporations and have been what is called a railroad lawyer. If it has affected my politics, I don't know it. I say here now, that the only just rule either in the State Legislature or National Congress is to pass such laws as will equally protect the great corporations of the country who are aggregating in their own hands the money power of this continent, and the people who are supporting by their toil the business that is enriching these companies.

From Senator VEST's course in the Senate no man would infer that the fees he had earned as a railroad lawyer had affected his politics. But we believe this is the first time since the Constitution of 1875 was adopted that the voice of Senator VEST has been raised in Missouri, in conventions or on the stump, for some better legal protection of the people from the abuses of railroad power. But better late than never, and while thankful that a voice so influential has at last been heard on the right side, we could wish it had been a little more clear in its utterance. While talking so much and so well about strict adherence and strict obedience to the Constitution of the United States, he might have put in a word or two for the long-nullified XIIth article of Missouri's Constitution. As the Legislature which elected him was at fault in this respect, it would seem that, so far as the State Constitution is concerned, he felt as the Irish member he told about felt in regard to the United States Constitution—that it was a very venerable and sacred instrument, but "should not be allowed to come between friends."

If Senator VEST had spoken of the XIIth article by name, and nerved the convention up to the point of being equally explicit in demanding the enforcement of every section, something might have come of it. But after he had spoken, his old friend, JOHN O'DAY, was made a member of the Democratic State Central Committee for the Springfield District, and JOHN O'DAY's partner, W. H. PHELPS, was made a member for the Carthage District, and railroad bossism was again conspicuously saddled upon the Democratic organization of Missouri. Does anybody suppose that the XIIth article will ever be enforced with their consent?

## WHAT IS WANTED.

The persistent nullification of the XIIth article of our State Constitution by the railroads apparently with the consent and connivance of the dominant party is something more than a sentimental grievance, something more than the sickly outcry of the men whom Senator VEST characterizes as demagogues going through the country "denouncing men because they are rich and denouncing corporations because they are corporations." It is a real grievance which has wronged so many men and so seriously affected the industries, the business interests and the social peace of the State that the people of all classes and conditions not enslaved or corrupted by railroad power are looking earnestly for some assurance that this grievous wrong will be remedied.

To whom have they a right to look for such comforting assurance if not to the State Convention of the dominant party? What better or more important work has it on hand? Does not this question tower in importance far above any other question involved in a scramble over two or three State offices? As between rival candidates they know not whom to trust, they have been fooled and disappointed so often by the adroit manipulators of railroad influence in conventions. What they want and what they have a right to demand from this convention is not merely a whitewashed ticket and the flattering unction of a Delphic platform. They will look rather to the organization of the State committee and to the whole action and utterance of the convention for the manifestation of the party's dominant spirit, and for some reliable assurance that it will vigorously demand and obtain for the people the honest and effective enforcement of their fundamental law.

Such a manifestation will guarantee the fidelity of the nominees. Without it each nominee will be offered to the people as a "pig in a poke" that may or may not turn out a good bargain.

THE preliminary proceedings of the convention of the Irish National League indicate that the wise and moderate element is in the ascendency and that the fiery and truculent extremists will be restrained, if not silenced, by the good sense and sagacity of the convention. The leaders of the great movement for Irish home rule realize that their cause can be best helped by heeding the dictates of sound policy and common-sense. The roseate aspirations of poetical day-dreamers who woo the receding phantom of Irish independence are out of place in a great crisis when there is a prospect of wresting for that country unexampled concessions from the English Government and of striking an effective blow for Irish rights. The harsh criticisms of the Tory press show that they perceive in the Chicago convention a new hope for the legislative independence of Ireland. The active struggle is no longer confined to the mother country, but is taken up by Irishmen and Irish sympathizers all over the world. There will be contributed, moreover, by all civilized nations the powerful aid of their moral support.

SEVERAL hoary jokes will attend the next old settlers' reunion.

PRO-FORMA and perfunctory indorsements show a bearish tendency in the political market.

IT is probable that CUTTING will marry and raise a family pending negotiations for his release.

THE opinion is ventured that CUTTING is too small a potato to figure in a Democratic State Convention.

THE Irishman who invents a gag for ex-Congressman FINERTY will do his country a good service.

NOW is the season when the uncorked champagne spreads delighted surprise and amazement throughout the rural stomach.

THE warm heart of the rustic political magnate is shielded by no talismanic charm from the winning power of the scantily clad chorus girl.

WITH the 3½ per cent bonds selling at a premium, "Poor Old Missouri" is privileged to raise her head pretty high into the atmosphere.

A SURVEY of the situation warrants the conclusion that the State Superintendent of Education is not much of a nabob or mogul hereabouts.

LET no hasty man conclude that the cross-roads delegate is a "chump" simply because he swallows a cooling draught from the finger-bowl.

THE Mexicans want us to believe that RASURES tied his own hands behind his back, knocked down his guards and was killed in attempting to get away.

NEW YORK's treatment of ROLLIN SQUIRE shows a strange disregard for its literary atmosphere. It is like stopping up the Hellconic fountain with a wad of mud.

ONE desirable feature about a war with China would be the temporary cessation of Chinese immigration, although an ugly offset might turn up in the permanent cessation of several American missionaries.

### The Forfeited Public Lands.

From the Boston Herald.

There is crimination and recrimination between certain people at the West over the failure of the bill to reclaim to the National Government the forfeited lands under the Northern Pacific Railroad grant. The subject is well understood by lobbyists and others behind the scenes. It was not intended that any bill taking the lands from the corporation should pass. The Senate bill, which forfeits the lands not earned by the Northern Pacific up to the present time, might have been adopted. No more comprehensive measure could. But it is shrewdly suspected that more than one Senator who voted for the more moderate scheme is not troubled at its failure to pass. The friends of the road—and they are more than appear ostensibly in legislation—looked on with confidence and complacency, in view of a disagreement which they had reason to know was sure to come. Several Western members thus get the credit of being implacable enemies of the Northern Pacific, while that corporation keeps its land grant in safety. These disagreements between the two Houses of Congress are convenient forms for the prevention of legislation.

### Bayard's Blunder.

From the New York WORLD.

The only difficulty or stumbling-block in the way of a settlement seems to have been placed there by our own Government. Secretary Bayard made an unfortunate blunder when on imperfect information he sent a peremptory "demand" for the liberation of Cutting, whom he claimed to have been "illegally" arrested and imprisoned. Of course it followed that if the "demand" was not obeyed an immediate hostile demonstration ought to have been made. Otherwise the hasty despatch would become ridiculous. But neither Congress nor the people could discover any necessity for the "demand," nor could they recognize any merit in our display of Jacksonian firmness in such a case against a weakly neighbor. Hence, while peaceful and proper diplomatic negotiations are going on, the "demand" remains suspended in the air, as it were, awaiting future developments. It is to be hoped that the hasty despatch will be forgotten in the course of more regular and deliberate proceedings, and that, despite all the anger that has been exhibited over the affair, an amicable and honorable settlement will be reached.

### Boodle Aldermen.

From the Philadelphia Times.

The syndicate of Philadelphians that not long ago succeeded in obtaining a valuable franchise for its street railway from the Board of Chicago Aldermen seems to have taken a most unfair advantage of that trustful body. In consideration of certain rather vague arguments, which were construed to mean the granting of $5,000 to each Alderman who could convince himself of the public necessity for granting what was asked, a number of these voted for the franchise without taking the precaution to get their money first. When payday came and these faithful public servants went for their money only $500 was allowed to each Alderman for his zeal in the people's behalf, and no amount of argument could convince the disbursing agent that he wasn't doing all he should. On the whole the laugh is on the company's side, but it is difficult to contemplate such wanton deception of the incorruptible Alderman without a shudder for the future of the republic.

### The Quarreling Democracy.

From the Chicago Herald (Ind. Dem.)

In twelve Congressional districts already the Democrats are involved in factional quarrels which threaten to result in the election of Republicans to seats now held by Democrats. Considering that it is yet early in the season, this record must be regarded as a very remarkable one, and one which is not at all favorable to the Democratic hope of retaining a majority in the House of Representatives. In the present Congress there are twenty-five Democratic members who were elected by pluralities of less than 1000, most of them less than 300. When it is remembered that they were chosen in a Presidential year, when a full party vote was out, and that the party in power usually suffers in an off-year, it will be seen that the Democrats have no great margin to go upon. They may quarrel as to Congressmen in Presidential years, and on the principal of the more fights the more cats, increase their Presidential vote, but in a year when only a Congress is to be elected the effect of their broils is bound to be seen on their party delegation.

### Mr. Magone in the 1880 Campaign.

From the Cortland (N. Y.) Democrat—Dem.

Mr. Magone is a lawyer of fair abilities, but in no sense a business man. He was the nominal Chairman of the Democratic State Committee in 1876 and has been somewhat prominent in the politics of the northern counties for some years. His record as a Democrat has not been all that could have been desired for a few years past. The charge has frequently been made that he voted for Garfield in 1880, but we understand that he denies this, but admits that he did not vote for Gen. Hancock. Perhaps the latter's Democracy was too pronounced to suit Mr. Magone's ideas, or it may be that his war record was unsatisfactory. The rank and file of the Democracy of the country ought to have been assured that his reasons for assisting the Republicans in the campaign of 1880 were formed upon substantial grounds, and not from mere caprice, before rewarding him with one of the most lucrative offices in the gift of the President.

### The Bankers on Silver.

From the Boston Herald.

The views expressed at the Bankers' Convention in relation to silver money show a wide variance of opinion. On one side it was suggested that the associated banks of New York, following the example set by California financiers during the war, should ignore the fiat of Congress and keep all their accounts in gold. On the other hand, bi-metalism found support even in the advanced form of the free coinage of silver side by side with gold. Between these poles there were a good many degrees of shading, so that, if measured solely by the declarations in the speeches and papers, the convention would seem to have been as inharmonious as Congress itself on the silver issue.

### Wouldn't Risk It.

From the Wall Street News.

A very religious old darkey brought ten pounds of geese feathers into Baltimore to sell, and the buyer found them of such excellent quality that he said:

"Uncle Reuben, if you will promise not to mix any hens' feathers in I'll agree to buy all the geese feathers you can bring me."

"I—I can't 'zactly promise on dat, Mas'r Sodus," was the hesitating reply. "Dar am two kinds of religun in my house, an' while mine leans to'rd clean geese feathers de ole woman's kinder allows hens' feathers to git mixed into the bag to make up weight. Reckon you'd better 'zamine de bag afore it goes on de scales. I neber buys a coon up a tree."

### The Senator Didn't Want Iced Tea.

From the Albany Evening Journal.

When Senator Edmunds arrived at the Ocean House, Newport, I noticed that the kind-hearted landlord led him quietly behind the desk, put his hand around his mouth, and whispered confidentially: "Yes, Senator, it's strictly prohibition here. We can't sell it. You can go down to the Casino (say you are an Ocean House guest) and ask for cold iced tea and——" "But I don't drink cold iced tea," interrupted the Senator. "Of course not, you only call for it. Don't you understand? They'll bring you brandy and soda."

### Partyism in the United States.

From the Philadelphia Record

The ways of politicians are as freaky and undeterminable as are the ways of women. Before the State Department had time to move in the matter of the Mexican unpleasantness, Republican Congressman and Republican journalists were hot for a rigorous accounting even if war were to follow. But the moment it became apparent that the Administration was in deadly earnest, the Republican ardor cooled. The shout now goes forth from the opposition that it is best to go slow, and unseemly to browbeat a weak sister.

### What is Maine After?

From the Philadelphia Record.

Prohibitory liquor laws have been on the statute books of Maine for more than thirty years. Both the Republican and Democratic parties of the State profess to favor prohibition. Yet an active campaign is going on in Maine for prohibition just as if the question had never been considered before in the State. Does not prohibition prohibit even where everybody is in favor of it? When Mr. Blaine takes the stump, he ought to be able to give a satisfactory answer to this question.

### Far Reaching.

From the New York WORLD.

Over a quarter of a million twenty-page papers was the output of the WORLD's press-room yesterday. This would mean a strip of white paper, the width of one of the WORLD's pages, over two thousand miles long, reaching from New York City to the Rocky Mountains.

## MEN OF MARK.

ALBERT BIERSTADT, the artist, is visiting the far West.

SENATOR BLACKBURN is said to wear more jewelry than any other member of Congress.

THE Chevalier Von Hesse Wartegg will presently leave Cape May for a tour in South America.

THE gorgeous gala-sleighs of the late King of Bavaria are to be put on public exhibition in Munich.

JOSEPH JEFFERSON tries his hand at the brush, and a new painting by him of a Louisiana bayou is shown in New York.

LEVI P. MORTON's new house at Saratoga will be, according to the New York Mail and Express, a palace among cottages.

MR. GLADSTONE has been obliged to decline at least a dozen invitations from owners of yachts because of his inability to be in a dozen places at the same time.

CAPT. DAVID BUSKIRK, the largest man in Indiana, died at his home near Bloomington Thursday. He was 7 feet tall in his stockings and weighed 400 pounds.

BISHOP RILEY paid $35,000 for the Protestant Episcopal Church property in the City of Mexico, and now the same property has a value of $1,000,000, so great has been the increase.

MR. TILDEN once admitted that he never once faced an audience or rose in court that stage fright did not seize him. He tried every device to cure himself, but it could not be done.

LUTHER's home as a child at Mansfeld, in Saxony, has been restored to its original condition and will be inhabited by a body of deaconesses, who will care for the sick and poor of the town.

SENATOR BLAIR's friends have felt compelled to deny his alleged fondness for expensive cigars and to assert that he does not smoke, drink nor chew, but that doesn't make him a statesman yet.

JOSEPH W. TAYLOR of Alabama, one of the most gifted orators of the South, died at Okalona, Miss., last week. In his early life he wielded a powerful influence in his State, but with the dawn of what is known as "practical politics" he sought retirement, having no taste for the chicanery and wire-pulling which the new era brought.

ALTHOUGH Senator Morrill of Vermont is 77 years old and has spent nearly half his life in Congress, it is said that up to the time of his recent illness he was never absent but one day from his seat.

THE Mayor of Philadelphia has determined to buy no more benefit tickets to picnics and entertainments generally. He complains that his salary is not large enough to pay for all the tickets sent to him from all sorts of clubs and organizations.

INSTEAD of going as usual to Bedford Springs, ex-Secretary Simon Cameron is this summer making a tour of the various watering places. Last week he was at Long Branch renewing memories of twenty-five years ago, when he first went there.

## WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MME. PATTI has given $7,500 to the Swansea Hospital. She made the money at two concerts.

BARNUM's Queen of the Air, like the majority of circus attaches, left nothing but memories to her friends.

ROSE COGHLAN is reported as very deeply interested in bringing a particularly fragrant onion to a state of unusual development.

ONE of the members of the Fortesque Company, which is soon to visit this country, is Miss Kate Hodson, the sister of Mrs. Labouchere.

AMERICAN girls of the present generation seem to be fighting more shy of blue-blooded beggars with a European title than they did a few years back.

POND lilies are the favorite flower of the season. At summer resorts each lady wears a bunch of white lilies, and a few are able to obtain the pink variety.

SOME girls and young women are beginning to part and wave their hair again in the fashion so becoming to a certain type of face, in vogue a dozen years ago.

AT the Isle of Shoals the hotels have "girl waiters" who are selected with reference to their "intellectuality" in order to meet the tastes of the patrons from the Hub.

COMPLAINT is made that it is very difficult to obtain good servant girls in Massachusetts. The trouble is that the girls are spoiled for housework by dabbling too much in literature.

A WALL street broker who recently said that there was no such thing as female speculators makes a great mistake. One or two firms in the street do some of their heaviest trading for wealthy women.

MISS BRADDON, the novelist, is very methodical in her habits. She works only three days a week, but on those days she puts in full time, working from 10 a. m. to 7 p. m. without any intermission whatever.

OUT of 100 heroines of elopements, escapades and more serious offences, a statistical authority says that seventy-nine are described as young and beautiful, thirteen as beautiful and eight as occupying high social stations.

MRS. NANCY RICE, the oldest person in Plymouth County, Massachusetts, died on Wednesday, aged 101 years 9 months and 27 days. She was one of a choir that sang at a memorial service when Washington died.

THE Philadelphia Record says: "Twenty-five years ago there was probably not a woman in Philadelphia worth $500,000, and even a man millionaire was a curiosity. Nowadays estates footing up $1,000,000 and more are being settled up almost every week or two, and the list of women who own millions is by no means insignificant."

VICTORIA's dislike for Gladstone is said by the St. Stephen's Gazette to date back to the passage of the Irish Church disestablishment bill in 1868. The Queen expressed to Gladstone her aversion to the essential principle of the bill, and he replied: "But, madam, you must sign." The Queen flushed and rejoined with indignation: "Sir, do you know who I am?" "Yes, madam, the Queen of England. But does your Majesty know who I am? I am the people of England."

## THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

### What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The WORLD says: "The truth probably is that Mr. Bayard is better fitted for Senatorial rhetoric than diplomacy. He lacks the judicial temperament which is all essential in that calling. He is apt, to use an expressive phrase, 'to go off at half cock,' and to make disappointment a personal matter."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "If Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland is the woman we believe her to be, her day is just beginning. She certainly occupies at the present time a position which ought to command the respect and enlist the good will of every man with a spark of chivalry in his soul. Preferring absolute independence to all the social opportunities which accident had opened to her, she has determined to earn her own living by the labor of her own brain. She has gone to work quietly and bravely. Good taste and modest dignity have characterized her course."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "A man just released from the workshop was put on the ticket nominated yesterday by the Ohio Democratic Convention. In the evening the State Central Committee annulled this nomination and put another man in his place. Under the circumstances, what was the use of having a convention? It would have been simpler and easier for the State Committee to make all the nominations. The candidates are only put up to be defeated, anyhow."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "The meanest and most sordid politics in the country is doubtless to be found in Ohio, and there the Democracy seems to be furthest from any decent standard of principle and public honesty. Its platform is made up of ignorant clap-trap and unprincipled false pretence, and its conduct in partisan warfare and public administration shows that this fairly reflects the character of the men who contrive to manage its affairs and retain the support of the party."

### A Hideous Parody on Religion.

From the Chicago Herald.

The people of Belfast who are not savages appear to be so few or so timorous as to be utterly unable, even with the assistance of the Imperial government, to silence savagery. Belfast should have very much more religion or very much less. Malevolent and murderous bigotry, mayhem, rapine, arson, are not religion. The heathen in his blindness is better than these Christian barbarians of the North.

### The People's Educator.

From the Boston Post.

Never was the superiority of a newspaper to a magazine made more manifest than by the WORLD when it republishes the whole of the first number of Miss Cleveland's Literary Life in one of its corners! The reproduction of the entire magazine occupies only one-sixth of the paper, which is only one-half as big as the Sunday issue at that. The magazine must go!

### Some Good Advice to Colored Folks.

From the Boston Herald.

Instead of spending $1,000,000, or any other sum, in monuments to the benefactors of their race, the colored people would better apply their spare change to founding and maintaining Normal Schools for teachers of their race, and industrial training schools, at the South.

### No Pay, No Joke.

From the Boston Record.

Mark Twain is said to be the richest humorist that ever lived.

He has acquired his wealth by making everybody pay for his jokes in advance. No pay, no joke, is his watchword.

## THREE DELEGATIONS.

### Prospect of a Lively Time in Convention—East St. Louis News.

East St. Louis has always had a well-established reputation for political factionism, but she promises to outdo herself at the Democratic County Convention on Saturday. The regular primaries were held on Saturday and a delegation nominated, but as the manner in which the primaries were conducted was not satisfactory to what is known as the Bowman faction, primaries were held again on Tuesday, and another and entirely different delegation selected. East St. Louis has very frequently sent two delegations to the county conventions and when the people of the county learned that two sets of delegates would contest for admission to the convention to be held in Belleville Saturday, very little surprise was manifested, for that East St. Louis Democrats could be contented with one set of delegates was hardly expected. Now, however, it is very probable that three full delegations will present their credentials to the convention on Saturday. A meeting has been called for 3 o'clock this afternoon at Trucbel's Hall by "Many Democrats" for the expressed purpose of nominating a third delegation. The leaders of the movement to select a third delegation say that having come to the conclusion that neither of the two delegations nominated were eligible to the convention they determined to nominate a third set of delegates so as make sure that East St. Louis would not be totally deprived of representation. The entire number of delegates to be selected to represent the various districts in the county is sixty-eight. Of this number East St. Louis is allowed seventeen; but thirty-four have already been nominated, and if seventeen more are nominated this afternoon, as was contemplated this morning, the number of delegates who will go to Belleville to represent this city will be fifty-one.

Mr. James Rafter, who has been making an active canvass in the country districts for the nomination for County Judge, returned to town this morning and says that the vote he will receive from the country delegations will be a shock to Brockhaus and Kinsped and a surprise to even his most sanguine friends.

Mr. Charles Connally of Mascoutah, who is seeking the nomination for County Superintendent of Schools, was in the city this morning. Mr. Connally will be nominated by acclamation, there being no opposition. Mr. Henry Dase of New Athens, candidate for the nomination for Sheriff, was also here looking up his chances which he regards as being most favorable. Mr. Joe Whitaker, the Summerfield aspirant for the nomination for Sheriff, will get a good vote from the East St. Louis delegation.

### NOCES.

Timothy Canty, a truckman at the L. & N. depot, swore out a warrant this morning for the arrest of Samuel Hilton, the foreman, on a charge of assaulting him. Hilton was arrested and gave bond for his appearance in Justice Bunyan's court.

The C. K. of J. meet Sunday at St. Patrick's church for special business.

The Concordia Gesangverein will give a moonlight picnic to-night at Starkel's park. The Casino Singing Society will present the Gesangverein with an elegant banner. Mr. Paul W. Abt will make the presentation speech.

## DON'T WANT CONVENTIONS.

### A Cattleman Who Thinks They Do No Good.

James A. Jackson, a cattleman from near Rawlins, Wyo., talked to a reporter this morning in the rotunda of the Lindell. He said: "I do not think the cattle interests have been benefited in the least by the conventions that have been held in St. Louis or elsewhere and am not certain that there will ever be another convention in that interest. Not the slightest good has been accomplished. The cattlemen got together and talked; they talked about a National trail to let Texas cattle into the Northwest territories; they talked about quarantine restrictions. They talked a great deal; but it has all amounted to nothing. The country will never allow the establishment of a trail to Montana from Texas, wide enough to maintain the cattle that would be driven over it, and the States through which it would go would enter the most emphatic protests against it. That was all the Texans wanted in going into conventions—that trail. And that was what the other cattlemen did not want. The conventions instead of doing good have injured Texas."

"In what way?"

"Now the quarantine laws in Kansas and Nebraska are enforced rigidly, causing great delay and annoyance to cattlemen. This energy was brought about by the discussions on the National trail which stirred up the people in those middle States and made them anticipate Texas fever and all sorts of evils as the result of driving cattle between their borders.

"The interests of the cattlemen from different sections are too diverse to be harmonized and conventions will never do it."

## THE FOREST FIRES.

### Over 10,000 Acres in Cranberry Marsh Burned—Houses and Hay Destroyed.

CRANBERRY CENTER, Wis., August 19.—During the last two weeks over ten thousand acres of cranberry marsh and timber land have been burned in Juneau County. The fires are in check now, but not entirely out. Two small districts, one of one square mile, is all the cranberry land left in this county. One of these is on Silver Creek, near the town of Mathers, and the other is at Cranberry Center. Many farmers have had their houses burned and stock destroyed. Thousands of tons of hay have been consumed.

## ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

R. U.—You have got your question very badly mixed up.

INQUISITIVE.—In 1843, July 31 was a Monday; in 1844 it fell on Wednesday.

F. M.—The Superintendent of the Fair will be the same as last year.

FOUR YEARS READER.—You will have to inquire among poultry fanciers about the Brahmas.

EVERYDAY READER.—The fair at Kansas City occurs September 13—18. The Quincy fair is not on record.

CONSTANT READER.—Both Mr. Heard and Cosgrove are in St. Louis. You might catch them at the Lucledo. Read the papers.

CONSTANT READER.—In the game of "freeze-out" A and B do not have to withdraw the amount over C's. C has a sight for his three chips.

JOHNSON.—Messrs. Lucas and Von Der Ahe signed a contract for a spring series and fall series. In view of recent developments, however, it is probable that the fall series will not be played.

TWO OLD SUBSCRIBERS.—If the ball was touched by an outsider and a player was at third base he could not come home, as it would be a dead ball. A dead ball does not give a man a base.

OLD SUBSCRIBER, Biddeford Pool.—"This is one of the things that are" is the correct form, because the relative "that" is in the plural, agreeing with things, therefore must the verb be in the plural.

W. R. R.—The brewery you mention is not the largest in the world, but we cannot tell its standing. It is the largest in this country. New York, Chicago and Philadelphia exceed St. Louis in the volume of railroad business.

REFEREE.—In representing himself as an agent of a theatrical company in order to obtain reduced rates, the drummer was guilty of false pretenses; but as the proprietor of the hotel afterward accepted a settlement from him, the offense was condoned and there can now be no arrest or prosecution. As this is one of the crimes that are considered offenses against an individual only, the aggrieved party has the right to compromise it, but in cases of larceny and other offenses that are considered crimes against the public, the offender may be prosecuted, even though he reimburses the party who suffered by the crime, and if anybody makes a settlement with a man guilty of an offense against the public, he himself is liable to prosecution for compounding a felony.

### Letter Carriers' Coats.

The letter carriers' almost to a man claim that the heavy regulation coats they are compelled to wear helped Anslung, the carrier who was overcome by the heat, to his grave. The coats these men wear are the same as they are compelled to wear in midwinter. Business men are beginning to take an interest in the matter and a petition to the P. M. G., signed by representative men, will probably be gotten up. It is thought best by business men that the Postmaster of each city should have discretion in this matter, as the claimants all vary.

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# THE LEAGUE CLUB.

## L. A. COQUARD SAYS THAT WIMAN WILL BUY IT.

**Messrs. Espenschied and Coquard Leave for New York—The Maroons to Arrive To-Morrow—Hecker's Record—Mitchell and Sullivan—The Chicago Cockroach Main—Base Ball Gossip—Wheel Notes.**

The Maroons are expected to arrive in the city to-morrow morning, and Mr. F.F. Espenschied announced last night that they would positively play with the Kansas City team to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Union Park. Mr. Louis A. Coquard yesterday said that he and Mr. Espenschied were waiting the settlement of a few standing matters in the affairs of the club, which, when these were straightened out, would be turned over to Erastus Wiman of New York, the consent of the League managers having been obtained for the deal. Mr. Coquard further said that the matter referred to would be arranged either to-day or to-morrow and then that the trade with Wiman would be consummated. Efforts to locate Mr. Espenschied or Mr. Coquard to-day were fruitless, and it was learned that both of them had departed for New York. Inquiry about both of these gentlemen resulted in statements that they had gone to the metropolis in a hurry and unexpectedly, and they left no indications as to the time of their return.

Although it was impossible to find out whether their visit to New York was made with the express purpose of consummating the deal with Wiman, there can be but little doubt that it was for this purpose and the sale will be accordingly postponed one day more than was anticipated. Just what Wiman will do with the Maroons if he gets them is a question. If he has secured the sanction of the League in the transaction he will of necessity be compelled to play out the remaining games on the schedule either by allowing the Maroons to do so or by putting in another club.

Under existing conditions there can be no doubt whatever that the Maroons will play at the Union Park the series of games with Kansas City at least.

**Base Ball Games.**

At Detroit—Detroit, 8; St. Louis Maroons, 7. At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 9; Louisville, 4. At Baltimore—Baltimore, 9; Athletics, 3. At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 8; Boston, 7. At Chicago—Chicago, 7; Kansas City, 1. At Washington—Washington, 4; New York, 4. At Pittsburg,—Metropolitans, 2; Pittsburg, 0.

## LO, THE POOR INDIAN.

**Roseman of the Metropolitans Has a Word to Say About the Pennant.**

Capt. Roseman of the Metropolitans was recently asked while at Pittsburg what he thought of the Louisville club and its splendid work of late. "Although the St. Louis club has a lead of nine games on their Kentucky rivals," said Roseman, "yet when the two clubs have finished the six games yet to be played, there will be a very different state of affairs. I am positive that the Louisville club will take four out of the six games and bring the champions to their level. Meanwhile the Louisville club is winning as often as the St. Louis club, and my prediction is that if Ramsey and Hecker hold out in their present shape, St. Louis and Allegheny will be working for second place. The Allegheny club will trouble St. Louis some—in fact the Western clubs will all be thorns in each other's side from this out."

When Rose committed himself as he does above, he had not yet grasped all the situation. The Browns have yet to play six games with Louisville, three at home and three at Louisville Granting that the Louisville club win half of the games, and this is a most generous concession, the Browns must lose their playing strength in order to lose sufficient games for the Eclipse nine to pass them. At the same time the Louisvilles must win a larger number of games than the Browns when playing with other clubs, and this is not at all likely. Taking all things into consideration, Roseman's remarks may be put down as the crude ideas of the savage that he is.

**Hecker, the Great.**

The Louisville Courier-Journal thus describes Hecker's great batting feat: Hecker broke all previous batting records for a single game, making three home runs and three singles, a total of six hits, which yielded altogether fifteen bases. He was at the bat seven times and made seven scores. Only once did he fail to make a hit, and this time he knocked a line ball to left field, which Summers muffed after a long hard run. The home runs were all beautiful drives to the left-field fence, one ball going beneath the seats and losing itself amid the weeds and rubbish.

No Association player ever before made three home runs in a championship game, or reached a total of fifteen bases. The best records hitherto were made by Orr, the big batter of the Metropolitans, and Larkin, the heavy slugger of the Athletics. These players tied for the honor, each having made a total of eleven bases last year. Orr against Caruthers of the St. Louis Browns, and Larkin against Morris of the Pittsburgs. Hecker's performance is thus four points better than that of either Orr or Larkin. In the National League, Anson of Chicago once made three home runs in a single game, but his total number of bases did not equal Hecker's record.

**Gossip of the Game.**

Esterbrook leads the League third basemen both in batting and fielding.

The Louisvilles follow the Pittsburgs at Sportsman's Park. Now comes the tug of war.

The Waltons of this city will play with the Madisons at Edwardsville, next Sunday afternoon.

Some one suggests that the Brooklyns get a few new pitchers. What is the matter with a new team?

Ward of the New Yorks made his first error in nine games Saturday. His fielding average is .886.

When Latham gets back on the grounds he will tell the captain of the opposing team how Foutz did at Alton.

There is great danger that before the season's end the Cowboys will have strangled themselves with their own lariat.

The Pittsburgs open a series of their games to-day at Sportsman's Park. Three straight will add to the Browns' percentage.

The Monograms want to hear from clubs under 18 years of age. Their address is J. Hyde, No. 814 North Seventeenth street.

The Wabash nine will meet the Western Athletics at the Compton avenue Park next Sunday afternoon. Game called at 3:30.

At this season of the year the managers begin to tell gullible people just how much they are ahead of the season over this time last year.

One-armed Daily signed to pitch three months in Milwaukee for the sum of $500. Last year he made more than that amount in a single month.

There is one old, reliable, staple and standard item of base ball news on which the morning papers never get scooped. Here it is: "This is ladies' day."

President Heim of the Kansas City Club has come on to St. Louis to purchase the Lucas players! "President" Heim will go back to Kansas without even a Maroon belt.

Kent Howard, formerly of the St. Louis Maroons, is playing with the Belfasts. Last Friday he went five times to the bat and made four hits with a total of seven off the Bangor pitcher.

If Kansas City fails in the base-ball business it will not be the fault of the K. C. papers. They have published more "mush" about base ball thus far than any other four cities in the Union. As mush-makers they hold the record.

Erastus Wiman, proprietor of the Metropolitan Club, says that the base ball trophy in silver, which he ordered some time ago in Europe to be awarded the club that wins the Association penant this year, is now on exhibition in New York City.

The greatest number of scores ever made in a single game was 109, June 8, 1869. The contesting clubs were Niagaras vs. Columbias, both of Buffalo. The Columbias made only 10 runs, while the Niagaras made 40 scores in the first and 58 in the eighth inning.

Werrick, third baseman of Louisville, made a great triple play the other day. Men were on second and first, when he jumped in the air and caught Muldoon's liner, touched Conway and threw O'Connor out. It was the first triple play ever seen in Louisville.

Reporter to "President" Heim: Are you going to strengthen the team?

P. H.: Oh, yes; I'm thinking of getting Glasscock, Esterbrook, Brouthers, Rowe, Anson, Kelly, and a few more.

Rep.: Ah! thinking of getting 'em, eh?

## MITCHELL MUST FIGHT.

**Either That or Sullivan Will Force Him to Leave the Country.**

The coming "mill" between Champion Sullivan and Hearld, the Nicetown slasher, is attracting some attention, and the indications are that if the men are not interfered with they will have a lively encounter. Sullivan is undergoing a preparation for the event and looks better than at any time during the past year. He remains in charge of the hotel at Fifty-ninth street and Broadway, but finds time for tramps through Central Park and for "punching the bag." He was indulging in the latter exercise when seen by a WORLD reporter, and after driving his left and swinging his right on to the foot-ball for about fifteen minutes he was rubbed down with bay rum. He now weighs 205 pounds.

In talking over the prospects of the contest on the 28th, he said: "I have not tasted liquor in nearly a month and I have indulged in regular exercise. That has had the effect of reducing my weight materially, and I believe that I can get down to 193 pounds. Of course, I will not try to do so for the affair at Schuetzen Park, as I like to have a little extra flesh on me for glove contests. But if I was to fight to a finish, I would get down to a fine point. I do not believe I will have a hard job with Hearld, but at that I wont take any chances. I never have and never will take chances."

"You know you are able to whip Hearld, don't you?"

"I am confident I can; I have whiped all the others I've met, and I don't think he'll stop my progress. But," said the champion, "I want to tell you something. Now, Mitchell is coming back here next month. He will probably arrive with Lawyer Peter Mitchell. Now that duck has got to fight when he comes back here. I don't care about the stakes and it won't be a gate money snap, either. I'm going to make him fight or I will drive him out of the country." Then the champion threw back the lapel of his coat and displayed a handsome diamond-studed medal bearing the inscription, "Champion J. L. S." He explained that some friends got together last week, "chipped in" $150 and purchased the medal for him. It is really very pretty and Sullivan is very proud of it.

It is said that certain wealthy patrons of sport are about to present John L. with a belt emblematic of the heavy-weight championship of the world. It is to cost $2,500 and will be made by Tiffany. When spoken to about it Sullivan said: "I know nothing about it, but I heard that some of my friends wanted to get me some sort of a trophy. I do not know whether it will be a belt or other kind of prize, but whatever it is I will defend it against all comers."

## WITH BARE FISTS.

**Jim Gallagher Knocks Out Denny Healy in a Five-Round Fight.**

Advices from Dover, N. H., say that a prize fight between Jimmy Gallagher of Boston and Denny Healy of Lawrence took place near Elliot (Me.) Bridge, connecting New Hampshire and Maine. Word was sent out that the mill would take place at Berwick, Me., across the river from Great Falls, at sunrise. This was done to deceive the York County Sheriff and deputies, who were on the lookout for the fight. It was noted that should the Sheriff and police officers surprise the party nobody should run, that all should resist any attempt at arrest. The parties fought in a 25x15 feet ring. Ted Timony, champion light-weight of New England, was appointed referee. John Scanlon of Dover acted as second for Healy and Jim Kelly of Lawrence for Gallagher. The fight was with bare knuckles to a finish.

There were five three-minute rounds fought. In the first round Healy forced the fighting and gave several well-directed blows, drawing blood from Gallagher's face.

In the second round Gallagher put a stunning blow on Healy's nose, felling him to the ground just at the close of the round.

Third round—Both men clinched at the start. There was a severe struggle, ending in Gallagher planting a severe blow on Healy's chest.

Fourth round—Healy, though suffering keenly, made a thrust, landing two severe blows on Gallagher's face, nearly knocking him over the ropes.

Fifth round—Gallagher made a dash at Healy and landed one powerful blow on Healy's right cheek, and at the close of the round knocked Healy to the ground, completely demoralizing him.

When the sixth round was called Healy could not respond. He complained of pains in the chest and loss of wind. His second and friends used every endeavor to get him to come to time, but could not. The fight was awarded to Gallagher. It was for a purse of $250, which was handed over to him, beside half of the spectators' money, amounting to $104. Healy was given the other half of the spectators' money. Gallagher was just as fresh at the finish as at the start. Healy complains that his stomach was out of order, and claims that he can beat Gallagher at a fight to take place inside of thirty days. Gallagher's weight was 175; Healy's 158. It is estimated that $1,500 changed hands. Healy was backed by Lawrence, Dover, Biddeford and Portland men.

## SCARRED SCARABEANS.

**How the Chinese Manipulate Cockroaches in a Fighting Pit.**

The recent cockroach tournament in Chicago caused a genuine sensation in Chinese sporting circles and considerable money changed hands on the various fights. The tournament was fought in the cellar of a Chinese laundry and club-house. The first fight is described as follows:

About 11 o'clock the tournament was opened, a feather-weight fighter being matched against a middle-weight cockroach. Before the insects were pitted against each other they were handled by Quong, a Chinaman who had some experience in this line in China. With a minute pair of scissors he clipped their wings, and then, just before facing, greased their bodies with salve. This is done to prevent the insects catching one another, as they will not touch the greased portion of each other's bodies. At a signal the two champions were dropped into the pit. This was a large urn, shaped like a punch bowl and greased on the edges. The first fight was one of the best of the whole tournament. No sooner were the two roaches dropped into the bowl than they sprang at each other with the fierceness of bulldogs breasting. Just eleven minutes after the fight began the big roach was dead. As he was dying, however, he inflicted a mortal wound upon his slayer. In the last struggle, and despite the pain caused by the effort, he turned in such a manner that his left foreleg was pulled from its socket, but in so doing he caught his adversary by the throat. The next instant he died, covered with wounds, while the little victor staggered off with a terrible cut in his throat.

**Running Races.**

At Brighton Beach—First race for non-winners, three-quarters mile, Fawn won in 1:16¼. Bollerina, second. Second race, three-quarter mile purse, Frank Ward, winner in 1:16¼; Lucy H., second. Third race purse, seven-eighths mile, Col. Morris won in 1:31½; John B., second. Fourth race, seven-eighths selling purse, Master Harry won in 1:32¾; Charm, second. Fifth race, mile purse, Malaria won in 1:45; Brunswick, second. Sixth race, mile and one-half purse, Windsail won in 2:00¼; Trafalgar, second.

At Saratoga—First race, 2-year-olds, three-quarters mile, Nellie B. won in 1:19½. Other winners were Harefoot, Fletch Taylor, Falconer. Burr Oak won the hurdle race.

**Bicycle Budget.**

The League of American Wheelmen now numbers over 9,400 members, the largest athletic association in America.

Griff Glover and Lindell Gordon went up to Oconomowoc, Wis., last night for a week's bicycle tour around those resorts.

Wm. Fleming is Philadelphia's greatest long-distance rider. He is a genuine leather-stocking in build and endurance, and has pushed his wheel into remote regions of the South and West.

July 31, Fred Wood defeated Lees, Battensby and Birt in a twenty-mile race at Leicester, England. Bob James, who raced at St. Louis last fall, went down in a collision and drew out. Wood's time was slow; 1:22:39 3-5.

Alex Lewis, who has returned from Clarksville, says any plan he might have had to roll up a big mileage record was frustrated by the bad roads. The favorite "belt" was dust three inches deep, and his first attempt, resulting in 76 miles, tired him more than his big 125-mile ride one day last June. He hopes to get away on the Indiana-Ohio tour next week.

The Cyclists' Social Union's monthly meeting at Delmonico's Saturday evening will be of unusual importance, as a subject of interest to all wheelmen will be brought up for discussion. It is probable that Mr. J. H. Williamson, the well known cycler, who is a cornetist of great ability and an ardent supporter of the Union, will render some musical selections. Besides this expected musical treat there will be the singing of cyclers' songs and speeches on the condition of wheeling in Missouri and on the illuminated parade.

The Indiana-Ohio tour promises to furnish a great deal of excellent riding. The recent rains have settled the roads and made them as hard as asphalt. The magnificent turnpikes of Indiana and Ohio, smoother by far than the Clarksville Belt road, afford one an opportunity for riding not obtained anywhere but in New England. A person who has never turned a wheel cannot afford to miss this grand chance. The luggage should be as light as possible, no more than can be carried easily in the luggage carrier which can be strapped on the handle bars. One valise can be used and issues pooled in the way of sending on by rail a change of clothes. The party will go over by the Vandalia, which leaves Union Depot Saturday evening at 8 o'clock.

**Sporting Notes.**

Antonio Pierre has been defeated once more by Cannon. Greek George and the Cincinnati man will wrestle soon.

Tom Cannon and Evan Lewis have signed articles of agreement to wrestle Græco-Roman style to a finish at Cincinnati next Thursday evening, $200 a side.

## OUR NEIGHBORS.

**Items of Interest and Gossip from the Adjacent Towns.**

**Columbus, Kas., August 18.**—Mrs. Emma Lynch of Manhattan is visiting her brother, J. R. Hallowell, and family.——Mr. T. B. Rood of DesMoines, Io., is visiting friends and relatives here.——Work on the Court-house was stopped yesterday, caused by Judge Chandler granting a temporary injunction upon the public improvement levy. It is thought work will be soon resumed as the injunction will no doubt be dissolved in a few days.——Miss Ruth Burton is visiting in this city.——Mrs. T. P. Anderson returned from her visit to Indiana, Saturday.——A very rich "find" in mineral, jack and lead, is reported at Neutral Station, five miles south of here. The drill passed through fourteen feet of jack and four feet of lead ore.——A brass band is in course of organization here.——A social "hop" was indulged in at the Hotel Middaugh, Monday night.——Dr. Beebe has returned from a visit of several weeks to Arkansas.

**St. Charles, Mo., August 19.**—Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Goebel left Monday morning to visit Toronto, Niagara Falls, Buffalo and other places.——Miss Emma Donzelot of St. Louis is the guest of Miss Emma Platz of this place.——Miss Mary Johnson left Tuesday to visit friends in Troy and Jonesburg, Mo.——Some fifteen members of the Union Fire Company of this place, left on the early train this morning for Edwardsville, Ill., to participate in the tournament held there to-day.——Our City hall is to be remodeled into a handsome building of two stories, with a neat portico in front and mansard roof 32 feet wide and 76 feet long, at an estimated cost of $3,000. The first floor will be the offices of City Marshal, City Attorney, Recorder's Court and City Jail, and on the second floor City Register's office, committee rooms and a Council Hall.——At a special called meeting of the Exchange Wednesday, in regard to the proposed Missouri Central Railroad, a mass meeting has been called for Saturday at the Opera-house at 2 o'clock to have present all whose real estate the line crossed that a clear right of way may be obtained, so that the company can get matters in such shape that they might commence work on the lines. Vice-President J. T. K. Hayward and O. N. Clark and many prominent citizens were present. Maj. J. F. Hackmann, Judge W. W. Kirkpatrick and Capt. H. B. Denkers were appointed as committee on arrangements.

**Centralia, Ill., August 19.**—Engineer Van Patten has originated a spark consumer for locomotives.——Mrs. B. R. Pierce, wife of Rev. B. R. Pierce, has recovered sufficiently to be out again.——Miss Maggie Ingram is the guest of Mrs. J. Livesay.——Will Betz has leased the Grand Hotel at Vincennes, Ind., and will soon remove to that place.——Mr. W. P. Batchelder and family of Indianapolis intend moving here to make this place their future home.——Quite a number of Alvy Dill's friends surprised him at the residence of J. Cloniges Saturday evening. The party was given as a farewell party, as Alvy left for the East this week.——Albert Saxe and family moved to Chicago this week. Mr. S. has for a long time been connected with several of our best business houses.——Several robberies were committed in this city last week.——Last Sunday was old people's day at the M. E. Church. The exercises were very interesting. The decorations and floral tributes were especially beautiful.——L. H. Jokisch will go to Bluff Springs, Ill., for a two weeks' stay before school commences.——James Benson, proprietor of the Centralia machine shops, reports business good.

## MURDERED HIS FATHER.

**Killed by a Derrick—A Peculiar Accident—Missouri Matters.**

STEELVILLE, August 19.—Alfred Clouts, an old farmer, was shot and killed last evening by his son Bert, who was quarreling with his brother George. There had been a family feud existing for years among the brothers. Bert Clouts was placed in jail by his brothers, who pursued him. He denies that he killed his father intentionally, and states that he only meant to strike his brother with his revolver, when it was discharged.

KANSAS CITY, August 19.—Wm. Ulhein, a workman on a new building, was struck in the foreherd last evening by a derrick and instantly killed.

SPRINGFIELD, August 19.—Leopold Kohlendorfer, a truck-hand on the 'Frisco Road, was run over and killed last evening. James Brown, another employe, was seriously injured.

SEDALIA, August 19.—Mrs. A. B. Offield, daughter of Maj. Wm. Gentry, died somewhat suddenly last evening. Mrs. Cloney, another daughter, died yesterday morning after a brief illness. George Sugden, an aged Englishman, better known as Sedalia's miser, died last evening.

ST. JOSEPH, August 19.—The testimony closed last evening in the case of Dr. S. A. Richmond, who killed Col. J. W. Strong. Reports are received of serious damage to property throughout the county from the storm of Tuesday night.

RICHMOND, August 19.—John Burchell, a miner, was struck by lightning and killed yesterday.

## HAD NO INSURANCE.

**Destruction of the Nessilicon Steel Works at Sandusky, O.**

SANDUSKY, O., August 19.—A disastrous incendiary fire occurred here shortly before midnight. The fire was discovered in the Nessilicon Steel Works, built in 1872 at a cost of $200,000, and spread rapidly, as the building was of wood and very inflammable. The works had not been in operation for two years on account of depression in the iron trade. In the works were ten fine engines, valued at $50,000, and much costly machinery. The whole outfit is a total loss, the insurance policies having expired a few days ago.

## A JEALOUS WOMAN'S DEED.

**Mrs. V. P. Kirk Uses Carbolic Acid With Disastrous Effect.**

PLYMOUTH, Ind., August 19.—Last night Mrs. V. P. Kirk, who has not been living with her husband for some time, thought she saw him with another woman, and becoming insanely jealous, bought a bottle of carbolic acid and attempted to empty it in his eyes. During the struggle part went into his eyes, part into her eyes and part on their son John. Mr. Kirk will lose one of his eyes, and Mrs. Kirk and her son are both seriously burned.

**Shingle Mill Burned.**

LUDINGTON, Mich., August 19.—Ward's shingle mill and half a million of shingles burned last night. The loss is $25,000.

"Because prohibition fanaticism had deprived him of the means of making a living." J. C. Blessing, a Maquoketa, (Io.) saloon keeper, killed himself.

# THE LINCOLN CAVALRY.

## CELEBRATING POHICK CHURCH FIGHT'S TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY.

**The Gathering at the Stevens House, New York City—History of the First Cavalry Regiment Raised During the Late Civil War—Mother Ferguson—Letters of Regret from Gen. Fitz John Porter, Joseph Pulitzer and Others.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The Stevens House, on Lower Broadway, suffered a cavalry charge yesterday. The troopers came in early in the day, and late at night they were still in procession. The occasion was an anniversary gathering to commemorate one of the many notable events in the history of the First New York (Lincoln) Cavalry. The day was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the fight at Pohick Church, Fairfax County, on August 18, 1861, in which Jacob Erwin of Company C was killed, the first Union cavalry soldier who fell in the late war. Col. E. H. Bailey, the President of the Association, was early at his post and his hand was kept in one long-drawn grasp, as one after another of the Vets came. There were men from every part of the Union. Stories beyond mention were told, until it would appear that each and every one of the 154 engagements of the command had been

RECALLED AND COMMENTED UPON.

The next meeting will be on April 19, 1887, which is the anniversary of the gathering at No. 765 Broadway in 1861, when a mass-meeting of citizens resulted in the first cavalry organization of the Federal army. It was at first decided to call it the First United States Volunteer Cavalry. Gen. Scott thought there was no need even of a single command. President Lincoln favored it, but even before the hurried step of organization had been completed it was evident that this and many more regiments would be needed, and it became the First New York Cavalry and was christened the Lincoln Cavalry. It went out 1,200 strong, but during its careeer through the war it enlisted over 3,000 recruits and captured many more than that number of prisoners. As it had the first cavalry man killed in the war, so it had the grim honor of having the last, Gen. Walker, who fell as he was charging beside Gen. Custer against a body of Stonewall Jackson's old vets on the night before the

SURRENDER OF APPOMATTOX COURT HOUSE.

The men had a big day of it yesterday and not the men alone, for along in the afternoon came an old lady with a face full of kindliness and character. She wore her widow's weeds, and when she saw Col. Bailey she saluted him with a hearty kiss. Mother Ferguson served through the war with the regiment. She was laundress, nurse and general mother of all the thousands under her. Once she smiled through her joys as the old boys recalled how one morning she went over to the camp of the Twenty-first New York Cavalry and saw a poor fellow tied up to a sapling for some infraction of the rules. She saw only a sufferer and promptly cut him down. A squad of the Twenty-first went to her quarters for him. They had orders to bring him back. The men of the First rallied about her, and soon the liveliest sort of a fist fight and riot was going on.

CARL SCHURZ

was the first Colonel of the regiment. He was succeeded by Col. Andrew T. McReynolds, now an 80-years-old veteran in his Michigan home. Col. A. W. Adams succeeded and served to the end of the war, bringing the remnant of 400 men proudly up for their discharge on July 7, 1865.

Evening saw an hundred or more of the old troopers and sons and grandsons without number gathered for supper. Good rations and good fellowship went well together. From absent members came letters of regret. Fitz John Porter wrote: "I thank you for your kind invitation to your reunion to-day, but have to regret that circumstances beyond my control will deprive me of the pleasure of availing myself of it. Wishing you every pleasure pertaining to such gathering of old comrades, I am, etc." Letters were read from Maj. Stephenson of Philadelphia, Dr. Douglass of Deer Lodge, Mont., Wm. Beach of Madison Wis., and Daniel Harkins from San Francisco.

MR. PULITZER'S LETTER.

The following letter from Mr. Pulitzer was read:

"GENTLEMEN—Accept my thanks for your kind invitation to attend the reunion of the First New York Cavalry Association Wednesday at the Stevens House. It would give me sincere pleasure to be with you were I not prevented by important engagements. I remember with pleasure my association with your regiment and there are few documents, if any, that I value more highly than my honorable discharge from the Lincoln Cavalry. I need hardly assure you that you have my best wishes for the success of the occasion.

"Very truly yours,

"JOSEPH PULITZER.

"New York, August 17, 1886."

There was testimony, too, from the enemy as to the sort of command the dashing First Cavalry was, and Lieut.-Col. Battersby and Col. Boyd cheered the letter of Capt. Selvage, once a rebel, now a member of the New York Produce Exchange.

Brig.-Gen. Imboden wrote: "During the war, before and after I commanded the 'Valley District' in Virginia, I had occasion to know Maj. Bailey as a gallant officer. That brave regiment, officers and men, made a vigorous war on my side, but it gives me pleasure to say that all their efforts were directed against armed men and not against old men, women and children in their homes. In war they were our enemies in the Shenandoah Valley; in peace they are our friends. Many a kindly act to the distressed in that region is still remembered to their credit and will be handed down to tradition when all of us on both sides have 'passed over to the majority.' "

## AN EVICTED HUSBAND.

**The North End Furnishes a Story of Domestic Discord—A Wife's Strategy.**

A. A. Paxson presented to Judge Dillon in chambers this morning an application for an injunction in behalf of a husband against a wife. This is a somewhat peculiar story. Mrs. Louise Schaefer, the wife of Henry Schaefer, a coal merchant in the north end of town, some time since instituted in the Circuit Court a suit for divorce, alleging all kinds of indignities and drunkenness. There were three children in the family, and the husband felt keenly the disgrace brought upon him by the proceedings in court. A meeting between the husband and wife was brought about at the office of an attorney, and Mrs. Schaefer agreed to dismiss her suit on the condition that her husband would convey all his property to her in trust for her sole and separate use. He agreed to do this and Henry Lubbett was named as trustee, the deed to the wife conveying absolutely two houses on North Broadway, two horses, two mules, two coal wagons, one spring wagon and other property valued at $4,500. They resumed marital relations and managed to get along moderately well until July 26 of the present year, when they had an old-time spat.

Mrs. Schaefer took the upper hand and told her husband to get out of the house, after filing another suit for divorce. He did not realize the situation and declined to be put out, whereupon the services of the police were called in by the wife. The sergeant in charge of the station, however, refused to hold the husband on the ground that he had done nothing to disturb the peace. Subsequently the wife entered a charge against her husband and he was brought up before Judge White in the second District Court. After hearing the case a nominal fine was imposed and the husband then consulted an attorney looking to the recovery of his property.

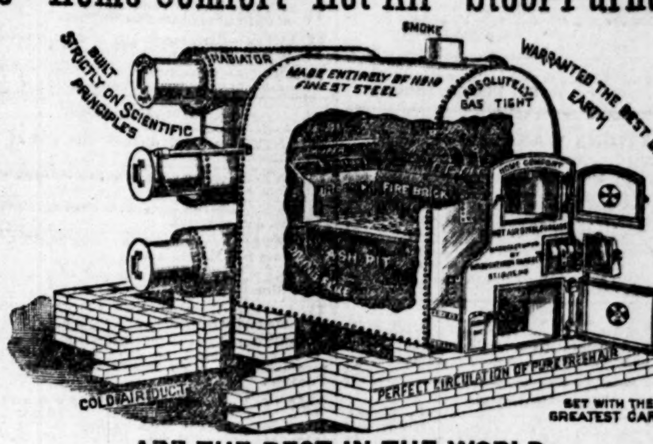
Judge Dillon granted an injunction restraining Mrs. Schaefer from disposing of any portion of the property pending a hearing of the case, and the husband seeks to set aside the deed of conveyance to the wife on the ground of fraud and misrepresentation.

**Woman's Exchange Excursion.**

The ladies of the Woman's Exchange will give their second steamboat excursion on the steamer Chouteau on Saturday, August 28. The enjoyable success of the former trip will no doubt insure a good attendance. Music and refreshments will be on board and dancing will be encouraged on the lower deck. The tickets, which are but 50 cents, are for sale at the Woman's Exchange and at Addington's drug store, corner Seventh and Olive streets. Those patronizing the enterprise will have not only an enjoyable evening but the gratifying consciousness of having aided a worthy institution.


The "Home-Comfort" Hot-Air "Steel Furnaces"

No Gas! No Dust! No Smoke!




The Best Shaking and Dumping Grate

ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

The best material, the best workmanship. Perfect-fitting doors. Perfect dampers and check drafts. The largest radiating surface. The easiest to keep clean. The most economical. It occupies less space in the cellar, and will heat a larger house with less fuel than any other heating apparatus in the known world. Pure, fresh, cold air introduced into the air-chamber from out-of-doors by means of an air-duct. The public are invited to call at our salesroom and examine it, or write for Descriptive Catalogue.

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SALESROOM……………1003 OLIVE STREET.


## MERCIFUL MEDINA.

**The Civil Suit Against Cutting Dropped—Arrest for Murder—Texas Topics.**

EL PASO, August 19.—Emigdio Medina, the prosecuting witness against Cutting, has announced that he will decline to press his civil suit.

PARIS, August 19.—Dr. Thomas B. Payne was arrested here yesterday afternoon on a charge of killing a man in Tennessee six years since.

GALVESTON, August 19.—W. H. Simms of San Antonio, who was in custody for aiding O'Dell in the Indian tragedy, has had his bond fixed at $5,000.


HAVE YOU TRIED A LOAF —OF— MILK BREAD With This Label Attached?

VIENNA MODEL THOROUGH-BRED TRADEMARK J. C. SNODGRASS & CO. BREAD 12th & WALNUT STS. ST. LOUIS. BAKERY.


## DIED.

AMELUNG—On Tuesday, August 17, 1886, at 11 o'clock p. m., after a short illness, WILLIAM, beloved husband of Minnie Amelung, and son of John H. and Henriette Amelung, aged 30 years 7 months and 9 days.

Funeral will take place from family residence, No. 1522 South Third street, on Friday, August 20, at 3 o'clock p. m. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

DEDRICK—Wednesday, August 18, 9 a.m., RUBENA THONTON, infant of H. L. and E. Dedrick, aged 21 days.

Funeral from residence, 3932 Scott avenue, at 2 p. m., August 19, 1886, thence to Bellefontaine Cemetery.


CORNER OF 4TH AND LOCUST.

CANES AND SILK UMBRELLAS.

FINEST STOCK Ever Shown.



CANES……………$1.00 to $25.00
UMBRELLAS.$2.50 to $10.00
See our Lovely Goods and Low Prices.

MERMOD & JACCARD Jewelry Co.

Corner of Fourth and Locust Sts.

Wedding and Visiting Cards. Finest Work and Lowest Prices.

1870. RABOTEAU & CO. THE PIONEER of LOW PRICES IN DRUGS AND PERFUMERIES, 714 N. Broadway. Opposite Union Market. 1886.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.

SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

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| Coat | $1 00 | Coat | $2 00 |
| Pants | 50 | Pants | 1 00 |

W. SUEBLED, N. Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut sts. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, etc., 10 to 20 Per Cent Less Than at any other place in the city.

ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE,

Southwest Corner Sixth and Market Sts.

Prescriptions a Specialty at lowest rates.

Newland's College of Midwifery —AND— LYING-IN INSTITUTE.



This is the only institute of the kind in the West in which regular physicians lecture, and which is connected with a Lying-in Institute, so that students will receive practical and theoretical lessons. Male and female students admitted. The regular term will commence March and September each year.

Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated. DR. H. NEWLAND, 1205 Chouteau av.

PROF. MATTHEWS' OLD ESTABLISHED DYE WORKS, No. 812 OLIVE ST.

Gentlemen's Clothing Cleaned, Altered and Repaired in best style. Orders by express promptly attended to.


## AMUSEMENTS.


UHRIG'S CAVE.

THOMPSON'S OPERA CO.

To-Night—OLIVETTE.

RICHARD GOLDEN as - - - COQUELICOT
DORA WILEY as - - - - - - OLIVETTE

Friday—Olivette. Saturday—Macaire.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.—A MIKADO MATINEE will be given on Saturday, August 21, at the Grand Opera House.

General Admission, 25c.

GRAND SHAM BATTLE at the Fair Grounds

Saturday, 5 p. m., August 21.

INFANTRY, CAVALRY and ARTILLERY,

A Regiment of Infantry!
A Troop of Cavalry!
A Complete Battery of Artillery!
Three Gattling Guns!

Reduced Rates on All Railroads and Steamboat Lines.

Admission 25c., Children, 15c. Grand Stand 25c. Extra.

THE MAROONS RETURN!

Give them a Big Reception.

UNION PARK TO-MORROW.

KANSAS CITY vs. MAROONS.

Game Called at 4 p. m. Admission 25 cents.

FAIR GROUND & ZOOLOGICAL GARDEN OPEN EVERY DAY.

For Rent to Picnic Parties

Apply at 718 Chestnut Street.


## SCHOOLS.


ST. LOUIS LAW SCHOOL

LAW DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

The Twentieth Annual Session of this well-known Law School will commence at Four o'clock, p. m., on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 13th, 1886. Examination for Senior or Advanced Classes Monday, October 11th, at 9 a. m. For catalogue or information, address WILLIAM G. HAMMOND, LL.D., Dean of Faculty, 1417 Lucas Place, St. Louis, Mo.

ST. JAMES MILITARY ACADEMY, MACON, MO.

Boarding School for Boys. Terms moderate. Discipline superior. Location healthful. Careful personal supervision. Apply early to secure place. Numbers limited. A few vacancies left. Refers to J. W. Branch, R. Billingsley, Mrs. Wm. J. Lewis, Chas. Hodgman, M. R. Udell and others. For catalogue address REV. ETHELBERT TALBOT, A. M., Rector.

ST. LOUIS SEMINARY—A Private Select School of High Grade for a limited number of young ladies. Located at Woodland in view of St. Louis. The entire appointments of the place render it an ELEGANT HOME. Organized 1871. For years all the rooms have been taken early. Course of instruction is very thorough. Music: Vocal and Instrumental. Languages: Ancient and Modern. Art: Painting and Drawing. Board of Instruction: Seven, all highly qualified for their respective departments. To secure room application must be made early. For Catalogues address the Principal. B. T. BLEWETT, LL. D., Jennings, Mo.

College of the Christian Brothers, ST. LOUIS, MO.

For a Classical, Scientific or Business Education. Studies Resumed Monday, Sept. 6, 1886.

BROTHER VIRGIL, F. S. C., PRESIDENT.

BANKRUPT SALE —OF— GAS FIXTURES.

Fay Gas Fixture Co., 1126 OLIVE STREET,

Have another lot of those nice Gas Fixtures, which they will close out at a very low price. We will keep on STORAGE, without extra charge, any selection until such time the purchaser may be ready to have them put up.

We guarantee all our goods and all our work first-class. L. WETTEROTH, Secretary and Treasurer.

LEE'S Parlor Cabinet Upright Folding BED,



With Cable Suspension Woven Wire Spring. No more sagging. ISAAC S. LEE, 808 OLIVE STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

WOOD ENGRAVING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR PRINTING PURPOSES. PLEASE SEND FOR ESTIMATES. AMERICAN ENGRAVING COMPANY THIRD AND WASHINGTON AVE.


## DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

THE firm of Laux & Poertner, No. 6 S. Jefferson av., have dissolved on August 17, 1886. Poertner is to do all collecting and settling for all outstanding bills.

## LODGE NOTICES.

ALL members of the Wrap Up Club are requested to be present at their club rooms, 18th and Olive, to-night at 8 o'clock to examine into the character of applicants for the honors of the S. F. and J. By order of O'DONOVAN ROSSA, Secretary. H. WOLF, Treasurer. 33

L. A. 3919 will meet hereafter every Thursday evening on the corner of Broadway and Lebaum. ROBT. FLOYD, Secretary. 33

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

### Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation by a young man in drug or grocery store; has experience; can give reference. Address Druggist, 2011 Market st. 37

WANTED—A young man with a fair knowledge of the sash, door and blind business, would like to secure a position as shipping clerk in that line. Address, J 22 this office. 37

### The Trades.

WANTED—A machinist and engineer want a job; would like to go in the country. Address N 22, this office. 38

### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A situation as watchman; steady and reliable and best of refs. Ad. O 22, this office. 43

WANTED—Man of 22 years wishes a situation of any kind; can give best ref. Ad. C 23 this office.

WANTED—Situation as teamster or to do work of any kind; object steady work. J. J. Brock, 1413 Salisbury st. 43

WANTED—$25 cash to any one that will assist a young married man to steady inside work. Address R 22, this office. 43

WANTED—A young man of 20 wants to learn a trade; horse-shoeing or moulding. Address or call at 1001 N. Jefferson av., F. C. Pauley. 43

WANTED—Situation by a German on gentleman's place; can take care of horses, cows, garden, green-house, and make himself useful. Call or ad. F. S., 2128 Franklin av., or 4513-4515 Easton av. 43

## HELP WANTED—MALE.

### Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Young man with two years' experience in City Drug Store. Apply at once at H. F. Hassebrock, 1000 N. High st. 54

WANTED—Two men with some experience as salesmen for a city department; liberal wages; bring reference. Collier, 904 Olive st. 64

### The Trades.

WANTED—A first-class baker. Address J. Foster, Van Buren, Ark. 58

WANTED—A tinner job hand. Apply J. J. Dockery, 3229 Cass av. 58

WANTED—Four first-class house painters at 2223 Franklin av., Dowling & Co. 58

WANTED—Six good cabinet-makers at St. Charles Car Works, St. Charles, Mo., to work on coaches; highest wages paid to good men. 58

WANTED—Operator on Wardwell Machine boot siding; must be competent. Geo. Sahm & Sons Boot and Shoe Co., 3d and Biddle. 58

WANTED—Three coopers on Kraut work; 28c cts. for barrels. 23 cts. for half; regular stock cut iron. Ferry & Lefever, 178 Carroll st. 58

### Cooks, etc.

WANTED—A second cook. U. S. Restaurant, 23 S. 6th st. 56

### Laborers.

WANTED—Teams and men, 13th and Poplar; Friday morning. John A. Lynch. 59

WANTED—Paving stone dressers, rock-breakers, quarrymen, laborers, teams and carts at Main and Madison sts., Bambrick, Bates Construction Company. 59

WANTED—Railroad contractors, miners, coal and quarrymen to know that the St. Louis Shovel Company (formerly Groom Shovel Company) manufactures for their special uses the highest grades of shovels, spades and scoops, and that they are warranted to give more service for the money paid than any other similar goods produced in this country. All goods guaranteed against defect or breakage. Works, Duncan and Vandeventer avs. Office and salesroom, 707 N. 2d st. 59

### Boys.

WANTED—Boys to learn upholstering at 2616 and 2702 Laclede av. 61

WANTED—An intelligent and polite office boy. Ad. in own handwriting, P 22, this office. 61

WANTED—Boy to work in drug store. Apply at once to Saenger & Chamberlain, 1401 Olive st. 61

WANTED—Experienced boy to tend bar; must have reference and speak German. Apply 4824 N. Broadway. 61

### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Monday next, four young men on our lines for instructions; and qualify for sit's paying $75, $85, $95 to $100. Apply at once to Superintendent Union Tel. Co., 102 N. 3d st. Take elevator. 62

## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

### Housekeepers.

WANTED—Widow, aged 30, wants situation as housekeeper for widower or bachelor. Address S 22, this office. 47

WANTED—A respectable young widow wants a position as housekeeper, or housework in a small family, in city or country. Please call No. 16 S. 9th.

### General Housework.

WANTED—By a colored girl a situation for housework. Address 1104 Wash st. 48

WANTED—Situation by two girls for general housework; small family; no objection to country. Apply 2901 E. Bell st. 48

### Cooks.

WANTED—Situation to cook, wash and iron; city or country; good ref. 1327 N. 8th st. 49

WANTED—Two first-class German cooks want sit. in city or country. Please call at 16 S. 9th st 49

WANTED—Situation by cook; thoroughly understands her business in restaurant or hotel; city or country. 1115 Pine st. 49

## HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

### Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Girls to sew on custom coats. 921 N. 9th st. 69

WANTED—Girls or women to sew awnings by machine. 912 N. 3d st. 69

WANTED—Girls that understand sewing on coats. Apply at 2859 S. Jefferson av. 69

WANTED—Two good girls on custom pants; must be first-class. 14 S. 4th st., second floor. 69

WANTED—Ten first-class dressmakers with sewing machines at Moloney's, 615, 617 N. Broadway.

WANTED—A seamstress that understands white sewing to come to the house. Ap. at 2342 Park av.

### Housekeepers.

WANTED—Young lady who understands housekeeping. Call at 117 N. 13th st. 65

WANTED—An elderly lady as housekeeper; low wages and work very light. 811 O'Fallon st. 65

### General Housework.

WANTED—A good woman for general housework. 1400 Pine st. 66

WANTED—German girl to do general housework at 1016 Cardinal av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. 1414 Biddle st. 66

WANTED—Good strong girl for general housework. 1518 Franklin av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. 1627 Washington av. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; must be good cook. 2214 Chestnut. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; washing and ironing. Apply 2125 Sidney st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework for man, wife and child at 2347 Scott av. 66

WANTED—Two girls at 1802 Dolman st., one for general housework, and one for nursing. 66

WANTED—Reliable, genteel white girl to do housework for family of three at 2805 Clark av. 66

WANTED—A good girl in a small family to do general housework. Apply at 1924 Benton st. 66

WANTED—A girl of 15 or 16 to assist with housework and go home at night. 2110 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—Girls for general housework; hotel cook for country; man and wife, farm. 606 Pine.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply at Mr. White's, 7211 Minnesota av., South St. Louis, Carondelet. 66

### Nurses.

WANTED—Girl to nurse and assist in housework. Apply at once to 4058 Delmar av. 70

WANTED—Young girl to nurse children. Call Friday morning at 3631 Lindell av.; ref. 70

WANTED—A situation; experience; as nurse girl with nice family; references. K 22 this office. 70

WANTED—A young colored girl, about 21, to take charge of a young infant; good ref. 2342 Park av.

WANTED—Girl of 15 years to attend to baby and make herself generally useful. Apply at 1300 Webster av. 70

WANTED—A neat respectable girl 12 or 14 years old to attend baby and make herself useful; reference required. Apply 3120 Franklin av. 70

## HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

### Cooks, etc.

WANTED—Girl to cook and do down-stairs work at 3546 Lindell av.; no washing. 68

WANTED—Girls for cooking and general work. Call at 1921 (new No. 2007) Geyer av. 68

WANTED—Immediately, a German girl to cook, wash and iron at 2835 Washington av. 68

### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A good dining-room girl at 1019 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—Scrub girls and paint-washers at Barnum's Hotel. 71

WANTED—Scrub girls and chambermaids at the St. James Hotel. 71

WANTED—A good girl in small family. Apply at once 904 Morrison av. 71

WANTED—A good lining and shoe stitcher at E. Morris' Shoe Factory, 826 N. 4th. 71

WANTED—Woman to take charge of paint-washers and scrub girls at Barnum's Hotel. 71

WANTED—Lady to fold price-lists and address envelopes; must be good rapid writer and come recommended. Call immediately Room 1, Pope's Theater. 71

WANTED—Monday next, 5 young ladies on our lines for instruction. And qualify for situations paying $60, $70, $80, $90, to $100. Apply at once to Superintendent Union Tel. Co, 102 N. 3d st. Take el. 71

## WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Agents of good address to sell the light running New Home Sewing Machine. Call at 900 Olive st., between 9 and 12 a. m. 73

## MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—To buy a good folding bed; must be cheap; for cash. Address A 23, this office. 26

WANTED—To buy medium-sized butcher's ice box; must be in good condition; state size and price. Address H 22, this office. 26

## WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

SECOND-HAND furniture and carpets bought and exchanged. Staley's, 807 Franklin av. 24

WANTED—To trade for a farm brick house, 8 rooms, yard, stable, etc. Address F 21, this office. 24

## ALL SORTS.

DESKS at very low prices; good line of second-hand desks. Staley's, 807 Franklin av. 32

H. J. MILLER, BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY, Coffee and Ice Cream Saloon. Sign of the Big Coffee Cup. Southwest corner Fourth st. and Clark av. 32

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32

**OLD GOLD and SILVER BOUGHT**

Highest cash price paid at St. Louis Gold Refinery, 1308 Olive st., opposite Exposition building. 32



**The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 513 Walnut St.**

Loans large and small amounts and builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced. 32

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Irish setter dog from No. 10 Engine House, Jefferson av. and Walnut. Please return and get reward. 30

LOST—Bunch of keys, Olive st. or near Union Depot. Return to telegraph office, Main Street Depot, for reward. 30

LOST—A pair of eye-glasses with tortoise-shell frames and patent nose-rest. By returning to POST-DISPATCH counting-room uninjured, reward will be given. 30

LOST—On the night of the 15th a watchman's badge between Washington av. and Olive st., Garrison and Compton avs.; badge No. 213; leave at 3000 Olive st., and get reward. 30

LOST—On Tuesday, August 17, between cable terminus and Sarah and Olive sts., a lady's gold watch; initials S. E. B. on outside case. Liberal reward for its return to 3800 Finney av. 30

LOST—$5 reward; August 11, gents' ring; large blood-stone set, in Crawford's ladies' waiting room; the above reward and no questions asked if finder will return to D. Crawford's office. 30

LOST—Or stolen the following East St. Louis elevator receipts for No. 2 wheat: No. 12,139, 5,000 bu.; 12,202, 171 bu.; 12,242, 255.50 bu.; 12,260, 152.30 bu.; 12,266, 868.20 bu.; 12,289, 586.30 bu.; 12,290, 339.40 bu.; 12,297, 472.10 bu., 12,302, 452 bu.; 12,303, 414.20 bu.; 12,304, 446.20 bu.; 12,305, 41.20 bu.; 12,307, 201.10 bu.; 12,308, 155 bu.; 12,316, 260 bu.; 12,317, 316.20 bu. Delivery of the wheat on these receipts has been stopped and duplicate receipts applied for; all parties are cautioned not to receive or negotiate the same. Kehlor Bros. 30

## FINANCIAL.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY LOANED on furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan; Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 31

MONEY LOANED on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upward on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rates of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 701 Pine st. 31

**MONEY LOANED**

On furniture by private party. 813 Morgan. 31

**FURNITURE LOANS.**

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

## MONEY WANTED.

$50 WANTED for ninety days; salary; note with good indorsement. Address E 23, this office. 25

WANTED—$3,500 for a term of years at 6 per cent. on first-class security. Address G 21, this office. 25

## BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—Wagonmaker is looking for a place to establish business. Address G. Tuerkisch, Nasby P. O., St. Louis County, Mo. 3

## BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A nice grocery and saloon; very cheap. Call at 301 S. 3d st. 4

FOR SALE—The Bon Ton Market, on Olive st., near Jefferson av.; good reason for selling. 4

FOR SALE—Grocery and feed store doing good business on S. Broadway; satisfactory reason for selling. Address A. P., Water Office. 4

FOR SALE—Barber shop in North St. Louis with a good custom; inquire at saloon, southwest corner Franklin av. and High (old 13th) st. A. Schneider.

## HORSES AND VEHICLES.

### For Sale.

FOR SALE—Large bay horse, $25. 3207 S. 7th st. 12

FOR SALE—A rockaway, very cheap; in good order; at 1700 Clark av. 12

FOR SALE—Four good horses at Christophel, King's highway and New Manchester road. 12

FOR SALE—A good, sound and gentle mare, harness and barouche for $100. 1819 Sidney st. 12

FOR SALE—Horse, wagon and harness, cheap. Call between 12 and 2 p. m. at 313 Poplar st. 12

FOR SALE—Cheap—Fine large team of horses, stake wagon and harness. Call at 713 N. 8th. 12

H. PILZ & CO. have on hand delivery, park wagons and vehicles of all kinds. 1433 N. 6th st. 12

TAKE NOTICE—If you want to get your carriage repaired and painted up, and save money, call at J. Klagg's Carriage Factory; you can buy a Crawford's patent running gear Park wagon for $75, warranted for twelve months. 2611 Market st. 12

$30 WILL buy a good covered spring wagon. Apply 1427 Franklin av. 12

$85 WILL buy 2 large work horses in good order; will give a trial. 1220 N. 15th st. 12

**W. J. Russell, 1514 Olive Street,**

General Agent Columbus Buggy Company Columbus, O.; Abbott Buggy Company, Perry Road Cart, Chicago, Ill., offers this season the largest and finest assortment of light carriages in the city guaranteed in every respect both in style and workmanship. A large variety of second-hand vehicles. At prices to suit every purchaser. Liverymen, dealers and jobbers supplied at manufacturers' prices. Carriages sold on monthly payments. 12

## STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 8

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 84

STORAGE—Clean, cheap, dry, free from vermin and fire-proof; household goods packed and shipped; estimates given. Brandon & Co., 1516 Franklin av.

## PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Charles S. S. 14: There is a letter in the P. O. for you, E. W. 1

PERSONAL—A lady desires the acquaintance of middle-aged gent that will assist her financially. W 22, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Bertie. Well then let the tennis club do without us. Yes, to the sham battle, by all means. Write. Sweet Cicely. 1

PERSONAL—A young gent, often visiting the city, wishes the acquaintance of handsome young lady who enjoys drives, theaters, etc. F 23, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Two young gentlemen desire the acquaintance of two young ladies of the age of 18 or 20; object, social amusement. Address L 22, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M.D., 1422 Olive st., electro-magnetic hand baths. See Personal Sundrs.

## PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

BEST Cabinet Photos, $2 per doz., at Cassilly's, 421 Franklin av., opposite Crawford's. 74

FOLDING BEDS, both new and second-hand, on easy payments. Staley's, 807 Franklin av. 74

MRS. BERTHA WUEPPER, acknowledged the best fortune-teller in the city. 1026 S. 13th st. 74

PERSONAL—Miss Fletcher, electro-magnetic hand baths, 1128 Pine st., 2d floor front, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

PERSONAL—Mrs. McConnell has returned from her Eastern trip and resumed her duties in her studio in the Temple Building. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended to, with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st.

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., treats with magnetism, electricity and baths, medicated and vapor, for ladies and gentlemen. Magnetism is the chief feature of my baths, hence patients have preference of male or female assistants. Baths are a luxury for the healthy, a necessity for the sick.

MRS. LOUISA MASSOCK, lady physician, takes ladies to board during confinement. 1303 Chouteau av. 74

MRS. REINER, ladies' physician and midwife. Receives ladies in house during confinement. Confidential. 108 S. 14th st. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, fortune-teller and astrologer, 811 N. 15th st., between Morgan and Franklin, is without an equal in her profession; she never fails in her advice as to all matters of business, love and matrimony; she discloses name and age of visitors; names present sweetheart and future mate; unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages; removes family trouble; recovers stolen, mislaid and buried property; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. No business Sunday afternoons. 74

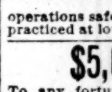
MRS. C. WILCUS, the true and reliable fortune teller, 1400 Olive st., can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers and friends brought together; tells the present sweetheart's name; name of future husband; ladies only; no sign out. Mrs. Wilcus received a gold medal from the ladies of St. Louis in 1884, and from the ladies of Chicago in 1885 for her trueness and ability as a fortune-teller. Home from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. 74

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC—The undersigned gives notice that having purchased the saloon of John Erwin, 205 Pine st., will be glad to see and meet his friends. JACOB HUETHER. 74

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 318 Locust st. 74

UNA F. SILVA, the medium, can be consulted on anything pertaining to life. 1425 Pine st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS cards for $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers; removed to 925 Olive st. 74



DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure, operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

**$5,000 CHALLENGE!**

To any fortune-teller who can excel her in her startling revelations of the past, present or future events of persons' lives. Mrs. Dr. Eddy of Boston, the world-renowned and highly celebrated trance clairvoyant, at 805 N. Fourteenth st., near Franklin av. Mrs. Eddy can be consulted on all affairs of life; business, love and marriage a specialty; unites the separated and causes speedy and happy marriages. While in a trance, reveals every hidden mystery. Mrs. Eddy is the only one in the world who can tell you your full name and the full name of your future husband or wife. Advice on business, marriage, divorce, lucky numbers, lawsuits, wills, etc. Fee, $1 and upwards. Cut this out and call early. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. 74

**$10,000.00.**

1 Lot Good Fancy Calicoes, 2½c yd.
1 Lot Fancy Shirtings, 3½c yd.
1 Lot Ladies' Balbriggan Hose, 5c pair.
1 Lot Ladies' Black Hose, 5c pair.
1 Lot Childrens' School Handkerchiefs, 10c doz.
1 Lot Boys' Shirt Waists, 15c each.
1 Lot Ladies' Black Silk Lace Mitts, 10c pair.

We have $10,000 worth of these goods to dispose of in ten days, so don't delay, but come at once to the old reliable

**EMPIRE,**
1231 Cor. Franklin Av. Cor. High St.

**CAST OFF CLOTHING**

Bought by M. Barnett, 302 Locust st.: send postal.

**PATENTS OBTAINED.**

Drawings made without model. Geo. Crehore, 420 Market st., third floor. Room 8.

**SPRING PRINTING COMPANY.**
**Art Stationers, - - 1110 Olive St.**
$30,000 Invested to Do First-Class Printing.

**SUMMER TOURISTS.**

Remember that you can buy all kinds of trunks, satchels and straps; also get your trunks repaired at bottom price, by Hickman Trunk Company, 21st and Morgan sts. 74

## FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

CARPETS and furniture on payments at reasonable prices. Staley's, 807 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Counter shelving and show case. 2867 S. 13th st. 5

FOR SALE—Certificate of membership in Merchants' Exchange; dues unpaid; send best offer. Address T 22, this office. 5

**ON TIME PAYMENTS.**

I will furnish your house with good or medium furniture cheaper than any other furniture house in the city. Call and be convinced for yourself. H. Walker, 206 N. 12th, between Olive and Pine. 5

1,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches, 2,000 rings, 500 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc., for sale cheap at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

**ON TIME PAYMENTS,**

At cash prices; no charges, no interest; everything to furnish a house. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. 5

## PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J.L. FITZPORTER—Office and residence No. 205 S. 14th st. Female complaints a specialty.

## DANCING.

PROF. R. MAURICE ADAMS, Euterpe Hall, Jefferson av. and Walnut st.; evening classes for ladies and gentlemen; afternoon classes for ladies and children. Send for circular. 76

## MUSICAL.

FOR SALE—Cheap—Handsome organ; weekly or monthly payments. Call at 208 N. 8th. 27

FOR SALE—At $50 a good 6-octave piano; guaranteed in good condition. 1103 Chouteau av. 27

WANTED—25 good second-hand pianos for cash. Call or address C. E. Holtz, 1517 Franklin av. 27

## TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

825 S. 21ST. ST.—Store and room in rear; suitable for barber shop; cheap if applied for at once. 17

FOR RENT OR SALE—One large three-story factory, brick building, with boiler, engine and main shafting in good condition, on reasonable terms. Inquire of H. Krembs, 622 Park av. 17

## HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—By four adults three unfurnished rooms on 2d floor, with conveniences for light housekeeping; state price and locality; prefer West End. Address S 21, this office. 21

WANTED—Will pay cash for desirable five or six-room house in Carondelet; price must be low; north of Robert av. preferred. Address, with description, D 23, this office. 21

## SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—At Ferguson, new nine-room frame house, near the depot. THOS. H. LARKIN & CO., 622 Chestnut st. 16

## FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good farm, forty acres, thirty miles from city, near railroad station; first-class improvements; a big bargain; on easy terms. Apply to A. MITTELBERG, 6 N. 7th st. 79

## FOR RENT—ROOMS.

11 S. 16TH ST.—Third floor, three nice rooms; a nice place for nice parties. Apply on premises. 13

111 S. 15TH ST.—One or more rooms fur. for housekeeping; use of laundry; water in kitchen. 13

207 S. 15TH ST.—Two nice large rooms on first floor, unfurnished, for housekeeping; water in kitchen; use of laundry. 13

209 N. 15TH ST.—One nicely furnished front room, and two unfurnished rooms; suitable for housekeeping; terms low. 13

303 N. 12TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with gas and bath; rent reasonable. 13

519 GRATIOT ST.—Three rooms, first floor; $11. 13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two or four rooms for small families; modern improvements. 13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

703 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished hall room; reference exchanged. 13

806 OLIVE ST.—Cool front and rear furnished rooms; easy terms; every convenience. 13

906 ST. CHARLES ST.—Nice furnished rooms; also convenience of bath room; price low. 13

1121 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; also single rooms. 13

1332 CHOUTEAU AV.—One large unfurnished room, second floor; also one hall-room, suitable for sleeping-room for gentleman. 13

1410 PAPIN ST.—Three rooms, second floor, to small family. 13

1415 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front and back rooms. 13

1417 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two bright and pleasant unfurnished rooms; cheap to suitable tenant.

1424 FRANKLIN AV.—Furnished rooms with privilege of bath-room; for gents only. 13

1516 CHESTNUT ST.—One neat room, unfurnished. 13

1522 FRANKLIN AV.—Nicely furnished rooms for rent; terms reasonable. 13

1705 PARK AV. (near Lafayette Park)—Fine furnished rooms. 13

1807 CARR PLACE—Three pleasant unfurnished rooms; southern exposure. 13

1808 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room for man and wife or two gents. 13

2016 OLIVE ST.—Elegantly fur. rooms; hot and cold water; also suite of unfur. parlors. 13

2115 EUGENIA ST.—Two unfurnished rooms, closets, bath; second floor; private family; rent, $12 per month; reference required. 13

2135 CHESTNUT ST.—Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping or sleeping rooms. 13

2205 OLIVE ST.—Desirable third-story rooms for gentleman. 13

2307 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished room, suitable for gentlemen. 13

2344 OLIVE ST.—A desirable hall bed-room. 13

2621 PINE ST.—4 unfur. rooms, 2d-floor, to small family; all conv.; most desirable neighborh'd.

2643 OLIVE ST.—Two unfurnished rooms on third floor; references required; rent $8. 13

2712 GLASGOW AV.—Upper half stone front; five rooms, marble mantels, water, gas, bath, laundry; rent $21.50; key next door; or apply to owner 705 Howard st. 13

2714 CHOUTEAU AV.—For rent 3 rooms; $8. 13

2915 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front room, furnished, with board. 13

2927 LACLEDE AV.—Three rooms on second floor; water in kitchen; Forest Park cars pass the door. 13

WANTED—A woman for general housework; can go home at night. 1802 Olive st. 13

WANTED—Widow having more room than required would have a young lady for company; terms reasonable; near Vandeventer av. Address M. 22, this office. 13

## FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

3948 COOK AV.—Five-room house; front, side and back yards, with an outside kitchen. Inquire next door. 14

## BOARDING.

11 S. 23D ST.—Second story front room; furnished or unfurnished; with or without board. 18

840 CHOUTEAU AV.—Rooms with board, first-class, central location, large yard. 18

910 N. 18TH ST.—Wanted boarders; good meals and good beds at private boarding-house. 18

962 CHOUTEAU AV.—Rooms elegantly furnished; with good home board. 18

1205 WASHINGTON AV.—Three furnished front rooms, with or without board. 18

1208 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. rooms, single or en suite, with board, for young gents.

1831 OLIVE ST.—Delightful rooms, nicely fur., with board; so. ex.; terms reasonable. 18

2113 LUCAS PLACE.—Elegantly furnished front rooms; so. ex.: first-class board. 18

2615 LUCAS AV.—Nicely furnished room with excellent table in refined private family, for one or two gents. 18

2652 OLIVE ST.—Two furnished, also two unfurnished rooms, with board. 18

3056 SHERIDAN AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms; large grounds; first-class board. 18

3107 LUCAS AV.—Lovely parlors, furnished or unfurnished, single or en suite; also pleasant rooms on second floor; nice yard; with or without board. 18

## BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board by a single gentleman; must be convenient to Jefferson av; will pay $45 or $50 per month. Address B 23, this office. 19

## BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Handsomely furn. second-story front; good board; gent and lady. Ad. D 21 this office. 18

**DOCTOR WHITTIER**

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD DISEASES than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know.

**Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Poisoning, old Sores and Ulcers,** are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles, Safely, Privately.

**Diseases Arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence,** which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (36 pages) on the above, sent in sealed envelope, free to any address. Consultation at office or by mail free, invited and strictly confidential.

**A Positive Written Guarantee** given in every curable case. Medicine sent everywhere by mail or express.

**MARRIAGE GUIDE,**

260 PAGES, FINE PLATES, elegant cloth and gilt binding, sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: who may marry, who not, why; manhood, womanhood, physical decay, effects of celibacy and excess, the physiology of reproduction, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it. Popular edition, same, paper cover, 25c. Address as above. Dr. Whittier.

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To introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electro Galvanic Suspensory Belts, Price $5; a positive and unfailing cure for Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Emissions, Impotency &c. $500.00 Reward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate a genuine electric current. Address at once ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, P. O. Box 178, Brooklyn, N. Y.

## NEWPORT IN MOURNING.

**The Sudden Death of Mrs. Edwin Morgan at the Paran Stevens Villa.**

NEWPORT, August 19.—Newport was shocked last night to learn the unexpected death of Mrs. Edwin Morgan of New York, at the Paran Stevens villa, on Bellevue avenue. The deceased had been ill about two weeks with typhoid fever. Mrs. Morgan was the daughter of George Penniman of New York, who is now in Europe with his wife. Her brother is residing in a Western State. Her husband is the grandson of the late Gov. Edwin D. Morgan of New York. The death of Mrs. Morgan has cast a gloom over the city and will put an end to many private entertainments, the dates of which had been decided upon.

## Van Winkle to Hang.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., August 19.—The Supreme Court has refused to grant an appeal in the case of Henry Van Winkle, convicted of murder. Van Winkle has been sentenced to hang September 3, making three murderers to be executed on the date named.

LOCAL ASSEMBLY, No. 3,913, Knights of Labor, now meets every Thursday night at the Anchor Hall, Broadway and LaBeaume street.

# BEAUTY'S BEAMS.

## ANOTHER CHAPTER IN THE BLEWITT-ELMS ROW AT WOODLAND.

**Conviction of Scott and Ben Blewitt for Assaulting James C. Elms—The Influence of Loveliness on Attorneys and Jurymen—Col. Torrey's Gallantry Tested—Further Trouble Expected.**

All of Woodland, its friends, cousins and grandparents, decorated the Circuit Court room at Clayton, St. Louis County, Tuesday, when for the third time the cases of the State against Scott and Ben Blewett were heard before Justice Giles Bradford. The defendants are principals in the St. Louis Public Schools, Ben Blewitt at the Divoll and Scott Blewitt at the Stoddard. They were charged with assaulting and battering Jas. C. Elms, the Broadway hair dealer. The assault was alleged to have been committed on May 8, 1886, at Woodland, a station on the Wabash, where all parties live. It was written at length in the columns of the POST-DISPATCH at the time, and has been commented upon since on the occasions of each of the trials. The first trial was incomplete when a juror disappeared. He has never since been found. The second trial ended in a hung jury, four for the acquittal of Ben and conviction of Scott, and two for acquittal of both. The third trial began at 9:30 yesterday morning. The Prosecuting Attorney represented Elms' and the State's interest in the case while the defendants were represented by Col. Thoroughman of St. Louis, Wm. Breadhead of Kirkwood and Mr. McIlheney of Clayton. The prosecution put on the stand first Mr. Elms. He told the old story of the origin of his trouble with the Blewitt family in 1878, when the father of Scott and Ben accused Elms of being unnaturalized after he had voted in an election; Scott Blewitt's testimony on the witness stand at Ferguson to the effect that Elms' neighbors would not believe him on oath; Elms' endeavors to secure a public retraction of that statement, which led to the quarrel at the Woodland Station on May 8, and the assault. He introduced his naturalization papers, which bore date 1872, and a letter from Scott Blewitt, written in 1878, apologizing for the statements on the witness-stand at Ferguson.

HIS WIFE AND TWO DAUGHTERS

followed him on the stand. Mrs. Elms is a bride of but six months standing, though she is nearly her husband's age. She was a witness of the assault, as were the daughters, as it was committed near the Elms' house. The elder daughter, Laura, is 15 years old, but is quite mature, and the loveliest picture of girlhood Col. Jay L. Torrey ever saw. She is a perfect blonde, with large, dark brown eyes, long lashes, arched eyebrows, a bow-like mouth and perfectly modeled nose. The style of her face is Langtry. She is graceful and possessed of such modest confidence as made her the most attractive witness of the day. A question of veracity was raised between Col. Torry and the Elms family. The former, who testified for the defense, said that during an interview with Elms who, he said, threatened to kill the Blewitts, Laura Elms had come into the store and asked her father for money. Miss Elms said she was not in the city that day, and all her family corroborated her testimony.

Col. Thoroughman asked her if she had ever seen Col. Torrey before the trial.

"No, sir."

"Have you ever seen me before?"

"Yes, sir; frequently, on the train."

"Yes, God bless you! I've seen you, too," responded the gallant lawyer. "My daughter told me Mr. Elms had the prettiest daughter on earth, and I believed her when I saw you."

The witness blushed at this and much more of the same sort. When Col. Torrey was on the stand he claimed he had seen the girl at her father's store.

"How do you know you saw her then?" asked an attorney.

"I remarked her extraordinary beauty and wondered how she could be the daughter of such a man," replied the witness.

JENNIE ELMS, ANOTHER DAUGHTER,

aged but 13, came in for numerous compliments of the same sort from witnesses and attorneys. She is a less perfect type as compared to her sister, also blonde and brown-eyed.

The testimony for the prosecution closed at 10:30 o'clock in the morning. The defense occupied until 6 o'clock p. m., and introduced some new testimony, the most important of which was given by a farmer, Huiskamp, who told of threats made by Elms. His testimony was very damaging, but was disregarded by the jury for the weakness of some of its points and the failure to introduce it at the other trial. The drift of the defense was that the Blewitts did not assault Elms, the blows being dealt by Willis Hoard and Charles E. Barney, the latter being under bond for trial also. The argument extended from the finish of the testimony until 11 o'clock last night, when the case was given to the jury. It was believed the defense had secured acquittal, but the prosecuting witness' beautiful daughters weighed in the balance and the jury found both defendants guilty. Ben was fined $1 and costs and Scott $10 and costs. An appeal was taken to the Circuit Court.

The Barney case is set for trial on October 15, and will be hotly contested. He was a guest of the Blewitts the morning of the assault. Hoard, it is believed, will plead guilty. But in the termination of these trials the feud will not end. Large damage suits are talked of, and the entire population of Woodland is divided into factions that favor the Blewitt or Elms side of the controversy. The duration of the quarrel, trivial as it was in the beginning and in its subsequent incidents, has been so long as to engender the most violent feeling, and those who are familiar with the principals anticipate that it will be marked with trouble before the termination.

## LOCAL NEWS.

The Flambeau Club met last evening, but only routine business was transacted.

The Central Labor Union held a meeting last night and decided to assist the brewery workers in their strike.

The Southern Historical and Benevolent Society meets this evening, and papers will be read by Col. R. H. Musser and Maj. Thomas Bacon.

Mattie Roberts, a colored woman living in the alley between Seventh, Eighth, Olive and Locust streets, attempted suicide last evening by taking a dose of morphine.

The alarm from box 41, at an early hour this morning, was for an incipient blaze at 114 North Fourth street, occupied by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company. No damage.

Mr. Conde Ryan desires it stated in justification of his action in refusing information to a reporter in regard to the De Mary-Lindsley matter that he is a friend of Lindsley's and did not, therefore, care to give publicity to anything that would be calculated to place him in an unfavorable light. The saloon on Easton avenue and Francis street is owned by his brother-in-law, John Murphy, which, he says, accounts for his presence there.

About 1,500 saloon-keepers met yesterday afternoon at Schuler's Hall and organized the St. Louis Saloon Keepers' Association by electing the following officers: Charles O'Malley, President; Joseph O'Connell, Secretary, and Louis Thiet, Treasurer. The announcement that an assessment of 50 cents on each member would be made for the purpose of defraying expenses which had already incurred caused about half of those assembled in the hall to take their leave, and their departure was the cause of a stirring condemnatory speech by Mr. Weisman.

A. W. Gale was arrested last night on a charge of embezzlement and locked up at the Four Courts. Sometime ago a Texas merchant, who deals with the Greeley-Burnham Grocer Company, sent a draft for his indebtedness to "A. W. Gale, Secretary, St. Louis, Mo.," instead of Mr. A. H. Gale, who is Secretary of the firm. The letter was delivered to A. W. Gale and he took the draft to Chas. Joy and had it cashed. The mistake of the Texas merchant became known to the firm several days ago and the matter was put in the hands of detectives, who arrested A. W. Gale last evening.

## Railway Notes.

J. E. Ennis, Traveling Passenger Agent of the Missouri Pacific, is down from Chicago.

L. A. Emerson, General Freight Agent of the Missouri Pacific, returned this morning from a trip West as far as Omaha.

J. M. Chesbrough, Assistant General Passenger Agent of the Vandalia, returned from the North this morning.

Capt. C. W. Rogers, First Vice-President of the St. Louis and San Francisco, after a prolonged trip to Eureka Springs, returned home last evening. The Captain is much improved in health and strength, but will not resume active railroad life until next spring.

## A TERRIBLE TRIAL.

**Two Peace Disturbers Make Fun for Judge Cady.**

John Stock was tried in the First District Police Court this morning for disturbing the peace of Anton Kleisner, and Anton Kleisner was tried for disturbing the peace of John Stock. It was a remarkable trial in more respects than one, and the corps of deputy marshals of the court were kept busy endeavoring to suppress the bursts of laughter the spectators were constantly breaking out into. Stock is a teamster and Kleisner a butcher, and both keep wagons in an alley between Missouri and McNair avenues near Lynch street. Tuesday afternoon Stock had a row with Kleisner and the latter's father-in-law, William Wilkins, in which pitch-fork, wagon stakes and wagon pins figured, and this morning the whole section of the city in which the disturbance occurred was up in court to testify in the case. Judge John M. Young represented Kleisner and "Col." Cunningham appeared for Stock, and the antics of the latter attorney were even more laughable than the testimony of the witnesses. When the case was called City Attorney Dyer asked if the defendants had made friends, and if such was the case, they would be let off on the payment of costs. The men had not made friends, but, on the other hand, were very angry. "Col." or "Judge," Cunningham, for he is known by both titles, jumped up and said: "I am willing, your Honor, that my man should be friendly." Judge Cady did not think an attorney's willingness entered into the question, and as the men were evidently still quite angry at each other he ordered the case to be tried. The "Colonel," who, by the way, was lately a cook on a flatboat on the river, made his next great legal hit in the case when he went to cross-examine a witness in German. Judge Cody in the most cold-blooded manner, sat down on the innovation, however, and the "Colonel" had to content himself with using the best English at his command.

It developed that Stock had got into a row with Wilkins and that Wilkins and his son, according to Stock's witnesses, armed themselves with wagon pins and wagon stakes and Stock got a pitchfork. He afterward laid it down and Kleisner, who put in an appearance just then, struck him in the nose, knocking him down. When Stock denied that he had taken the pitchfork except in self-defense, old man Wilkins, who was sitting in the court-room, yelled out, "You did." Judge Cady had the old man locked up until he was wanted as a witness. In giving his testimony the old man yelled so that he could be heard three blocks off and when he got down from the stand continued talking and was fined $5 by the Judge for contempt of court. Kleisner admitted knocking Stock down, but claimed the latter had called his wife and her mother vile names.

"And that is why you struck him?" Mr. Dyer asked.

"Well, he called my wife a —— and I thought if she was one, I wanted to know it, so I knocked him down."

"That is the way you had of finding out?"

"Well, of course."

Judge Cady fined each of them $10 and costs.

## AN ATTRACTIVE REPERTOIRE.

**The Programme Announced for the Cave—Amusement Notes.**

The "Three Black Cloaks" is one of the most melodious of the operas produced at the Cave this season, but the performances were marred to some extent by the non-familiarity of some of the cast with their work. Miss Harvey, who in the first of the season was always prepared in the "Golden Goose" and "Black Cloaks," has shown gross carelessness. Mr. Nelson was apparently as unfamiliar with his lines as if he had never read them. Mr. Wolff was excellent and Messrs. Roe, Standish and Young did well, while Miss Starr and the others were good. To-night "Olivette" with Miss Wiley in the title role and Mr. Golden as Coquelicot will be given. The same bill is announced for to-morrow night. On Saturday afternoon a Mikado matinee at popular prices will be given at the Grand Opera-house.

On Saturday night the new opera "Macaire" will be produced in handsome style, with a cast which introduces a number of new people, who will constitute the Thompson Opera Company for the coming season. It will be as follows: Erminie, Dora Wiley; Cerise, Hattie Starr; Princess de Gramponeur, Genevieve Reynolds; Jarotte, Jennie Bogeard; Marie, May Standish; Delaunay, P. Randolph; Codeaux, Wm. Wolff; Ravennis, Chas. A. Shackford; Marquis de Pouvert, J. R. Murray, Eugene Marcel, Harry Nelson; Chevalier de Brabazon, Harry Standish; Dufois, F. Palmer; Simon, Dan Young; Vicomte de Brissac, J. Starvo; Sergeant, C. Hartley.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Manager W. A. Thompson will receive a benefit next Thursday night when a big bill including a cornet solo by himself will be given.

The Fair Ground is open to engagement for picnics every day.

T. J. Farron and his supporting company arrived in the city this week. The company includes T. J. Farron, J. H. Stuart, Polly McDonald, Gracie Emmet, Ida Lillian Abrams, John H. W. Byrne, W. T. Dobson, E. H. Burton, J. L. Hostetter, H. H. Raulins, Geo. A. Koster, J. W. Meisgein, T. R. Perry and H. J. Myers. They have begun rehearsals and will open their reason at the People's Theater Saturday evening, August 28. Mr. Geo. J. Common of this city has been secured as business manager of the company.

## BAD BUSINESS.

**Judson & Co., Extensive Carpet Dealers in Chicago, Assign.**

CHICAGO, August 19.—Yesterday afternoon the firm of Judson & Co., consisting of Walter H. Judson and Joseph W. Golden, which has been doing an extensive carpet business in the store over Peacock's jewelry establishment, at the corner of State and Washington streets, confessed judgement on notes aggregating $72,000. The holders are the Kensington National Bank of Philadelphia, $32,762; Eighth National Bank of the same city, $27,578; Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, also of Philadelphia, and the Merchants' National of this city, $4,256. The papers were put in the hands of a Deputy Sheriff, who served them during the evening, and his custodian was in charge last night. The failure of the firm, which has been doing business in this city since 1877, was somewhat unexpected. It will be remembered that Mr. Bradley, the late manager at Pullman, was a debtor of Judson & Co. for $5,000 for house-furnishing, a considerable portion of which is understood to be a total loss. Business, too, it was reported, had been dull for some time back, duller even than it is customary at this time of year; and the collections have, if anything, been duller than the sales.

Neither of the partners was inclined to say anything on the subject last night, but it is understood that the indebtedness to the banks consists of money borrowed for the purpose of buying goods, and that in addition to the $72,000 there is an indebtedness for about an equal sum mainly to Eastern manufacturers. The stock on hand, it is stated, would somewhat more than cover the judgments, but would not yield enough, even with the book accounts, to pay the other creditors.

## CORA'S COMPLAINT.

**A Young Wife's Recital of an Unhappy Domestic Experience.**

Cora Elizabeth Kapp entered a suit for divorce in the Circuit Court to-day against John Kapp. They were married in July, 1883, and lived together for three years. Mrs. Kapp alleges that her husband has rendered her life miserable by his cruel and brutal treatment. She complains that he gave himself up to habits of intemperance, and that he neglected her in every way. He failed to provide for her, and at times his conduct was such that she was in fear of her life. Once during a delicate period her husband, she alleges, ran after her with an ax, causing her great fright. He deluged her at times with foul epithets, and did everything to terrify, harass and annoy her. At length being sick in mind and body from her husband's cruel treatment and neglect she was compelled to go to her mother for assistance, and she is now being cared for by her relatives. She asks for the restoration of her maiden name, Cora Jennings.

## Opium-Smoking in Boston.

From the Boston Record.

There is said to be nearly eight hundred opium-smokers in Boston, and the number is increasing every day.

# WAR TO THE KN

THE DECLARATION OF THE PA
AGAINST LORD SALISBU

The Opening of Parliament—Q
toria's Speech—A Passing A
nancial Legislation Recommen
stone in Good Spirits—Meeti
Parnellite Members of Parlia
Belfast Riots—Nine Policeme
and Jailed—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dis
LONDON, August 19.—House of C
p.m.—There was a comparatively s
ance of members at the assemblin
ment. The Tories were present
many Liberal seats were
filled. Gladstone who looked
white waistcoat, white tie and
rose, was received with vocifero
longed applause. Churchill, not lo
was received with mingled
laughter. The Unionists again sat
bench, Morley and Chamberlain
an apparently amicable convers
business so far was Bradlaugh's mo
sessional orders forbidding the p
cern themselves in the election
of the Commons on the groun
sham house. In the words of 'the
General 200 years ago it should not
it cannot bite.' Much amuse
created by the allu
the powerful Government
office so ably led. Churchill rep
Government with much dignity,
committee of inquiry, which w
with loud laughter as an indica
policy of the Government on oth
Gladstone's voice was fairly clear.
in good health and spirits. Bradla
members to vote with him. Thoug
defeated by a large majority it w
victory.

England.

THE OPENING OF PARLIAMEN

LONDON, August 19.—At the hour
met a depressing and persistent ra
ing, and the crowd gathered abou
minster buildings was small. Som
asm was displayed on the arrival
prominent leaders but it was gene
The attendance in the House of Co
large. Many members arrived b
had had breakfast, in order to se
seats. The Queen's speech was as

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN: I
moned you to meet at this unusual
the transaction of indispensable bu
session of the last Parliament was i
before the ordinary work of the yea
completed in order that the sense o
ple might be taken on certain imp
posals with regard to the governm
land. The result of that appeal h
confirm the conclusion to which th
liament had come. The provisiona
the arrangement made by the last
for the public charge of the year re
expedient to postpone any furthey
eration of the necessary financial
GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF COM
estimates which were submitted t
parliament and only partially vot
laid before you.
MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN—At
the year usually assigned for the
after the prolonged and exceptiona
which many of you have been subj
stain from recommending now for
sideration any measures except t
are essential to the conduct of the
vice during the remaining portion
ancial year. I am confident that th
ceive your prompt and careful atte

MEETING OF THE PARNELLITE ME

A meeting of the Parnellite me
held in the House of Commons
meeting of that body. Mr. Parnell
seventy members being present.
The meeting decided to discus I
and especially the Belfast riots dur
bate in the House of Commons, on
to the Queen's speech, and also to
to learn the intentions of the Gove
regard to Ireland.

WAR TO THE KNIFE.

United Ireland of Dublin, Mr.
organ, reiterates the declaration
will be war to the knife against
bury. The people of Ireland, it sa
sist him with a desperation and skil
never before been displayed.

THE BELFAST RIOTS.

Catholic Working People Disc
Orange Employers—Policemen A

Special Cablegram to the Post-Disp
BELFAST, August 19.—The city wo
more peaceful aspect yesterday th
time for the last fortnight. Man
have been off duty. The weathe
warm and fair, which is in striking
the cold rain that has fallen alm
uously for weeks. The island me
more quietly last evening than at
time since the riots began. The
cheering nor disorderly conduct of
I wish I could say that this pacific
an augury of the real and perma
the disturbances. The hatred b
two parties has not abated one iota
contrary, it has rather increase
ideas are so far apart and
so many brutal tendencies on
that there is no such thing as m
cession or toleration. The remo
military and of extra police would b
by the most sanguinary results.
all these armed forces cannot re
forever. The cost is becoming a m
consideration for the tax-payers
have to bear the burden thereof. T
pretense that the local police forc
able to preserve peace, and
acknowledges itself unable to main
without outside assistance. An a
circumstance just now is the fact t
many Catholics are losing their pla
factories. In some cases they fin
so disagreeable that they voluntar
as did the Catholics employed in th
Island ship yards. According to a
estimate it is asserted that there
Catholic men and girls who have be
out of employment during the last t
The rich men of Belfast are all P
They own the factories where gre
of people work. The lines are draw
ly now that the religious affiliation o
ploye is made

A TEST OF FITNESS.

Catholics are losing their places
and these poor people, who earn bu
the best, are now in a most distre
tion. This is one of the most t
features of the situation.
I heard it intimated yesterday tha
would be made to have country
and New York merchants stop t
for linens and other articles of
made here. This would ina
double boycott. The rougher eleme
Protestant party are being fed eve
incendiary speeches from their le
prominent Orangeman has yet had
age to call a halt in the revolt again
lice. On the contrary, they are add
ness to the denunciation of the p

The Captain is much improved
[in] strength, but will not resume
[..]d life until next spring.

[A] TERRIBLE TRIAL.

[..] Disturbers Make Fun for Judge Cady.

[..] was tried in the First District
[..] this morning for disturbing the
[..]on Kleisner, and Anton Kleisner
for disturbing the peace
[..]Stock. It was a remark-
in more respects than
[..] corps of deputy marshals of
[..]re kept busy endeavoring to
[..] bursts of laughter the specta-
[..] constantly breaking out into.
[..]amster and Kleisner a butcher,
keep wagons in an
[..] Missouri and McNair avenues
[..]treet. Tuesday afternoon Stock
[w]ith Kleisner and the latter's
[..], William Wilkins, in which
wagon stakes and wagon
[..]d, and this morning the
[..]on of the city in which
[..]ce occurred was up in court to
[..] case. Judge John M. Young
[..] Kleisner and "Col." Cunning-
[..]d for Stock, and the antics of the
[..]y were even more laughable than
[..]y of the witnesses. When the case
[C]ity Attorney Dyer asked if the
[..]ad made friends, and if such was
[..]y would be let off on the payment
[..]e men had not made friends, but,
[..]hand, were very angry. "Col.,"
[..] Cunningham, for he is known by
[..] jumped up and said: "I am
[..] Honor, that my man should be
[J]udge Cady did not think an at-
[..]ngness entered into the question,
[..] men were evidently still quite
[..]h other he ordered the case to
[..]The "Colonel," who, by the
lately a cook on a
[..]e river, made his next great legal
[..] when he went to cross-examine
[..] German. Judge Cody in the
[..]ooded manner, sat down on the
[..]owever, and the "Colonel" had
[..]mself with using the best English
[..]nd.
[..]d that Stock had got into a row
[..]and that Wilkins and his son, ac-
[..]ock's witnesses, armed them-
wagon pins and wagon
Stock got a pitchfork. He
laid it down and Kleisner,
[..]an appearance just then, struck
[..]se, knocking him down. When
[..]that he had taken the pitchfork
[..]-defense, old man Wilkins, who
[..]the court-room, yelled out, "You
[..] Cady had the old man locked up
[..]wanted as a witness. In giving
[..]y the old man yelled so that he
[..]d three blocks off and when he
[..]om the stand continued talking
[..]ned $5 by the Judge for con-
[..] court. Kleisner admitted
[..]tock down, but claimed the
[..]lled his wife and her mother vile

[..] is why you struck him?" Mr.

[..] called my wife a —— and I
[..]e was one, I wanted to know it,
[..] him down."
[..]e way you had of finding out?"
[..] course."
[..]y fined each of them $10 and costs.

[AT]TRACTIVE REPERTOIRE.

[..]mme Announced for the Cave—Amusement Notes.

[..]ee Black Cloaks" is one of the
[..]lous of the operas produced at the
[..]ason, but the performances were
[..]me extent by the non-familiarity
[..] the cast with their work. Miss
[..] in the first of the season was
[..]pared in the "Golden Goose"
[..] Cloaks," has shown gross
[..] Mr. Nelson was apparently as
[..]ith his lines as if he had never
[..]. Mr. Wolff was excellent and
[..], Standish and Young did well,
[..]Starr and the others were good.
[..]Olivette" with Miss Wiley in the
[..]d Mr. Golden as Coquelicot will
[..]he same bill is announced for to-
[..]ght. On Saturday afternoon a
[..]tinee at popular prices will be
[..]e Grand Opera-house.
[..]ay night the new opera "Ma caire"
[..]uced in handsome style, with a
[..]ntroduces a number of new peo-
[..]l constitute the Thompson Opera
for the coming season. It
[..]as follows: Erminie, Dora
[..]rise, Hattie Starr; Princess
[..]eur, Genevieve Reynolds; Jarotte,
[..]ard; Marie, May Standish; De-
[..]Randolph; Codeaux, Wm. Wolff;
[..]has. A. Shackford; Marquis de
[..]R. Murray, Eugene Marcel, Harry
[..]valier de Brabazon, Harry Stand-
[..]F. Palmer; Simon, Dan Young;
[..]Brissac, J. Starvo; Sergeant, C.

[..] AMUSEMENT NOTES.

[..]. A. Thompson will receive a
[..]Thursday night when a big bill
[..]cornet solo by himself will be

[..]round is open to engagement for
[..]y day.
[..]on and his supporting company
[..]e city this week. The company
[..]. Farron, J. H. Stuart, Polly Mc-
[..]ie Emmet, Ida Lillian Abrams,
[..]Byrne, W. T. Dobson, E. H. Bur-
[..]stetter, H. H. Raulins, Geo. A.
[..]. Meisgein, T. R. Perry and H. J.
[..]y have begun rehearsals and will
[..]ason at the People's Theater Sat-
[..]g, August 28. Mr. Geo. J. Com-
[..]ity has been secured as business
[..]he company.

BAD BUSINESS.

[..]o., Extensive Carpet Dealers in Chicago, Assign.

[..] August 19.—Yesterday afternoon
[J]udson & Co., consisting of Walter
[a]nd Joseph W. Golden, which has
an extensive carpet business in
[..]ver Peacock's jewelry establish-
[..] corner of State and Washington
[..]fessed judgement on notes aggre-
[..]0. The holders are the Kensing-
[..]al Bank of Philadelphia, $32,762;
[..]onal Bank of the same city, $27,578;
[..]d Mechanics' Bank, also of Phila-
[..] the Merchants' National of this
The papers were put in the
[D]eputy Sheriff, who served them
[..] evening, and his custodian was
[..]t night. The failure of the firm,
[..] been doing business in this city
[..]as somewhat unexpected. It will
[..]ered that Mr. Bradley, the late
[P]ullman, was a debtor of Judson
[..]000 for house-furnishing, a con-
[..]tion of which is understood to be
[..]Business, too, it was reported,
[..] for some time back, duller even
[..]tomary at this time of year; and
[..]ns have, if anything, been duller
[..]s.
[..]f the partners was inclined to say
[..] the subject last night, but it is
[..]hat the indebtedness to the banks
[..]oney borrowed for the purpose
[..]oods, and that in addition to the
[..]is an indebtedness for about an
[..]ainty to Eastern manufacturers.
[..]hand, it is stated, would some-
[..] than cover the judgments, but
[..]eld enough, even with the book
[..] pay the other creditors.

[..]ORA'S COMPLAINT.

[W]ife's Recital of an Unhappy Domestic Experience.

[..]beth Kapp entered a suit for
[..]he Circuit Court to-day against
[..] They were married in July, 1883,
[..]gether for three years. Mrs. Kapp
[..] her husband has rendered
[m]iserable by his cruel and
[..]nent. She complains that he gave
[..]to habits of intemperance, and
[..]ected her in every way. He failed
[..]or her, and at times his conduct
[..]hat she was in fear of her life.
[..] a delicate period her husband,
[..]ran after her with an ax, causing
[..]ght. He deluged her at times with
[..], and did everything to terrify,
[..]nnoy her. At length being sick
[..] body from her husband's cruel
[..]d neglect she was compelled to
[..]other for assistance, and she is
[..]cared for by her relatives. She
[..]restoration of her maiden name,
[..]gs.

[Op]ium-Smoking in Boston.

[..]on Record.
[..]aid to be nearly eight hundred
[..]ers in Boston, and the number is
[..]very day.



# WAR TO THE KNIFE.

## THE DECLARATION OF THE PARNELLITES AGAINST LORD SALISBURY.

**The Opening of Parliament—Queen Victoria's Speech—A Passing Allusion—Financial Legislation Recommended—Gladstone in Good Spirits—Meeting of the Parnellite Members of Parliament—The Belfast Riots—Nine Policemen Arrested and Jailed—Foreign News.**

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, August 19.—House of Commons, 6 p.m.—There was a comparatively small attendance of members at the assembling of Parliament. The Tories were present in force but many Liberal seats were not yet filled. Gladstone who looked gay in a white waistcoat, white tie and a large pink rose, was received with vociferous and prolonged applause. Churchill, not long before, was received with mingled cheers and laughter. The Unionists again sat on the front bench, Morley and Chamberlain engaging in an apparently amicable conversation. The business so far was Bradlaugh's motion against sessional orders forbidding the peers to concern themselves in the election of members of the Commons on the ground it was a sham house. In the words of the Attorney-General 200 years ago it should not bark where it cannot bite. Much amusement was created by the allusion to the powerful Government now in office so ably led. Churchill replied for the Government with much dignity, proposing a committee of inquiry, which was received with loud laughter as an indication of the policy of the Government on other subjects. Gladstone's voice was fairly clear. He seems in good health and spirits. Bradlaugh got 122 members to vote with him. Though of course defeated by a large majority it was a moral victory.

### England.

THE OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, August 19.—At the hour Parliament met a depressing and persistent rain was falling, and the crowd gathered about the Westminster buildings was small. Some enthusiasm was displayed on the arrival of various prominent leaders but it was generally faint. The attendance in the House of Commons was large. Many members arrived before they had had breakfast, in order to secure good seats. The Queen's speech was as follows:

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN: I have summoned you to meet at this unusual season for the transaction of indispensable business. The session of the last Parliament was interrupted before the ordinary work of the year had been completed in order that the sense of my people might be taken on certain important proposals with regard to the government of Ireland. The result of that appeal has been to confirm the conclusion to which the late Parliament had come. The provisional nature of the arrangement made by the last Parliament for the public-charge of the year renders it inexpedient to postpone any furthey the consideration of the necessary financial legislation.

GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS—The estimates which were submitted to the last parliament and only partially voted will be laid before you.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN—At a period of the year usually assigned for the recess and after the prolonged and exceptional labors to which many of you have been subjected I abstain from recommending now for your consideration any measures except those which are essential to the conduct of the public service during the remaining portion of the financial year. I am confident that they will receive your prompt and careful attention.

MEETING OF THE PARNELLITE MEMBERS.

A meeting of the Parnellite members was held in the House of Commons before the meeting of that body. Mr. Parnell presided, seventy members being present.

The meeting decided to discus Irish affairs and especially the Belfast riots during the debate in the House of Commons, on the reply to the Queen's speech, and also to endeavor to learn the intentions of the Government in regard to Ireland.

WAR TO THE KNIFE.

United Ireland of Dublin, Mr. Parnell's organ, reiterates the declaration that there will be war to the knife against Lord Salisbury. The people of Ireland, it says, will resist him with a desperation and skill that have never before been displayed.

## THE BELFAST RIOTS.

**Catholic Working People Discharged by Orange Employers—Policemen Arrested.**

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

BELFAST, August 19.—The city wore a much more peaceful aspect yesterday than at any time for the last fortnight. Many soldiers have been off duty. The weather has been warm and fair, which is in striking contrast to the cold rain that has fallen almost continuously for weeks. The island men came up more quietly last evening than at any other time since the riots began. There was no cheering nor disorderly conduct of any kind. I wish I could say that this pacific aspect was an augury of the real and permanent end of the disturbances. The hatred between the two parties has not abated one iota. On the contrary, it has rather increased. Their ideas are so far apart and there are so many brutal tendencies on both sides that there is no such thing as mutual concession or toleration. The removal of the military and of extra police would be followed by the most sanguinary results. Of course, all these armed forces cannot remain here forever. The cost is becoming a most serious consideration for the tax-payers who will have to bear the burden thereof. There is no pretense that the local police force would be able to preserve peace, and the city acknowledges itself unable to maintain order without outside assistance. An aggravating circumstance just now is the fact that a great many Catholics are losing their places in the factories. In some cases they find life there so disagreeable that they voluntarily resign, as did the Catholics employed in the Queen's Island ship yards. According to a reasonable estimate it is asserted that there are 2,000 Catholic men and girls who have been thrown out of employment during the last thirty days. The rich men of Belfast are all Protestants. They own the factories where great numbers of people work. The lines are drawn so closely now that the religious affiliation of each employe is made

A TEST OF FITNESS.

Catholics are losing their places every day and these poor people, who earn but little at the best, are now in a most distressed condition. This is one of the most threatening features of the situation.

I heard it intimated yesterday that an effort would be made to have country merchants and New York merchants stop their orders for linens and other articles of commerce made here. This would inaugurate a double boycott. The rougher elements in the Protestant party are being fed every day by incendiary speeches from their leaders. No prominent Orangeman has yet had the courage to call a halt in the revolt against the police. On the contrary, they are adding fierceness to the denunciation of the police. Mr. De Cobain, M. P. for this city, made a most abusive attack on the police Tuesday night, before a public meeting called for the purpose of protesting against their further employment. Here is a sentence from his speech:

"The liveried scoundrel must be surrendered to justice, and justice must unfrock him and mete out to him without parley the assassin's doom."

The liveried scoundrel here referred to is what in New York is called "one of the finest." What respect can the police expect to have shown them by the ignorant, savage hoodlums of the Orange party when one of their Members of Parliament talks so of them? This is what the constituted authority of the city has to face, and this is what unnerves every effort made to restore permanent order. I think the city may remain quiet till Saturday night or Sunday, when there is every probability of an outbreak. In fact, these outbreaks may be expected to continue until some better policy of restoring order is adopted. I have to mention one slight disturbance last evening at 6 o'clock. The employes of Barbour's mill, near the Falls road, were going out when some one fired a shot and one man was hit in the hand. A panic ensued and the two parties divided off and began to throw stones. Police and military interfered, but no one was seriously hurt except the man wounded in the hand. It was not ascertained who fired the shot.

THE SITUATION INTENSIFIED.

The situation has suddenly become intensified by a warrant issued at 11 o'clock last night for the arrest of nine policemen on the charge of deliberate murder. This is the result of the inquest that was in progress all day yesterday on the death of Isaac Jackson, one of the men killed by the police in their efforts to suppress the Orange mob on the Shankhill Road. Coroner Dill is an Orange sympathizer and he is following the suggestion of Mr. De Cobain. It is now apparent that the Orange party mean to hold the police force responsible for the deaths following their efforts to stop the rioting and there is no end of trouble expected. The names of the policemen arrested are: Sergt. James Daly, Acting Sergt. Wm. Armstrong, Constable John Kenney, Geo. Wynn, Wm. Barclay, Owen Devlin, John Bruner, Lawrence Linihan and John Houston.

THE MAGISTRATES IN A QUANDARY.

BELFAST, August 19.—The magistrates of Belfast are in a quandary as to how to proceed in view of a verdict of wilful murder found against nine policemen at a secret sitting to-day. The policemen have not as yet been arrested. They are charged with unnecessary firing upon citizens during the recent riots.

THE POLICEMEN ARRESTED.

The nine policemen have been arrested and sent to jail. They intend to apply to the Court of the Queen's Bench for permission to give bail. Two mobs gathered to-day and indulged in stone-throwing, but they were soon dispersed. Affairs here have almost resumed their normal condition and no serious rioting is feared. The military precautions have been relaxed.

### Burmah.

REINFORCEMENTS OF TROOPS.

LONDON, August 19.—The Indian Government is inviting tenders at Newcastle for transports to be ready to proceed to Bombay and Calcutta at the end of August. They are to be used, it is presumed, to carry reinforcements of troops to Burmah.

## CRACKER BAKERS.

**A Limited Convention in Session at the Southern Hotel.**

There has been in session at the Southern Hotel this morning a meeting of nineteen representatives of cracker manufacturers who are members of what is known as the Missouri River Compact. Prior to six months ago, when by limitation it expired, there existed the Western Cracker-makers' Association. It was a large and, the members thought, unwieldy organization. It included manufacturers in all the Western States. The compact includes only manufacturers in Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa. Its object is to regulate the prices of staple goods, the style of packages and some details in the methods of doing business. The meeting this morning was presided over by L. D. Dozier, the Chairman, J. L. Loose of Kansas City, Secretary. Representatives from the following firms were present: Dozier-Weyl Cracker Company, Manewal-Lange Cracker Company, Kendall-Bayle Cracker Company, St. Louis; Corl Cracker and Confectionery Company, Huggins Candy and Cracker Company, Kansas City; Riley Brothers, St. Joseph, Mo.; Jos. Garneau Cracker Company, Omaha; McClurg Cracker Co., Council Bluffs, Ia.; Wichita Cracker Co., Wichita, Kan.; Alfred Welsh, Atchison, Kan; J. M. Christy, Des Moines; Rupke, Smith & Co., J. C. Boehl, Davenport; J. P. Farley, E. W. Albee, Dubuque, and Jones, Douglas & Co., Cedar Rapids.

The last meeting of the compact was at Des Moines about six weeks ago. The custom is to have a meeting as often as there is business to justify it, and the meeting is called almost anywhere in the territory covered by the compact. The meeting to-day is to arrange details with reference to packing, etc.

## SOUTH MARKET.

**The Court Asked to Declare It a Nuisance—Suit Filed To-Day.**

A petition looking to the removal of South Market, Fourth street and Chouteau avenue, was filed this afternoon in the Circuit Court by A. A. Paxson in the name of the State, at the relation of the Circuit attorney. The proceeding is entered against about fifty stockholders in the market-house, a long narrow building, located on Carondelet avenue, opposite the old Convent of the Sacred Heart. The parties chiefly interested are John H. Fisse, Jacob Klein, Solon Humphreys, Julius S. Walsh, Jacob Kaiser, E. J. Chassaing, Dr. Pococke and John D. Elliott. An ordinance was granted in 1839 for the establishment of the market and shares at $25 each were issued to raise funds for building the market-house. It is alleged that a handsome sum is collected from the stall-keepers and the proprietors of stands and wagons outside the Market-house, and that the thoroughfare is obstructed and rendered almost impassable by reason of the market encroachments on the street.

Steps have previously been taken in the Municipal Assembly to abolish the market but they were always defeated by a strong lobby. It is now moved that the Court declare the market-house to be an obstruction to a public thoroughfare and that the marketing business on the sidewalks, under the sheds and along the curbing be declared a nuisance and be abolished. The business houses in the neighborhood and parties interested in Soulard Market are interested in this proceeding.

## BURGLARY AND LARCENY.

**George Williams Held for the Grand-Jury—Correction Court Notes.**

George Williams waived examination in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day in two cases of burglary and larceny and was held in the sum of $500 in each. In one he is charged with breaking into the house of of William H. Barnett and stealing four gold rings valued at $20 belonging to Mrs. E. W. Farrell, and two shirts valued at $3 from William H. Barnett; and in the other with breaking into the house of E. Herring and stealing a suit of clothes and $27 belonging to Herman Bollinger.

The case of Morgan Hots, charged with assault and battery, was dismissed for want of prosecution.

Dennis Moore pleaded guilty to malicious trespass and was sent to jail for five days. He broke a window sash and six windows belonging to the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.

### Marriage Licenses.

| Name and Age. | Residence. |
|---|---|
| Anton Roesch, 23 | 1008 Lami st |
| Lena Vollmar, 23 | South Broadway |
| Wm. Uckalay, 22 | 3933 North Twenty-fifth st |
| Frieda Schweitzer, 24 | 2314 Palm st |

# WASHINGTON.

## SECRETARY BAYARD'S PROBABLE RETIREMENT FROM THE CABINET.

**The Secretary of State Annoyed by the Criticisms of His Enemies—Mr. Porter's Trouble with Private Secretary Bryan—The Cape Town (Africa) Naval Scandal—A Court-Martial to Be Ordered—Washington News.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 19.—There seems but little doubt that when the Mexican troubles are settled Secretary Bayard will retire from the Cabinet. This statement is made upon reliable authority, coming from a close and near friend of the Secretary. He would do so now were it not for the unfavorable comment it would create. To do so at this time, his actions would, he knows, be misconstrued and attributed to the unpleasant feature of the Mexican imbroglio. Much, of course, will depend on the manner in which a settlement of the affair is made. If Bayard can sustain himself before the people and receive their general approval, which he says he does not have at the present time, the question of resigning may be reconsidered. First Assistant Secretary of State Porter will, in all probability, resign as soon as the business of the office will admit of it. The cause for Mr. Porter's dissatisfaction has grown out of the unpleasant relationship that has sprung up between Bryan, Bayard's private secretary, and Mr. Porter. It is claimed and stated by those in position to know that Bryan, who is empowered to act for the Secretary in the Secretary's absence, has grown dictatorial and important, oftentimes overriding the will of Mr. Porter, and that it is quite out of the question to get on with him. An effort has been made to have the Secretary provide for Bryan in some other capacity, where he will not come in contact with the heads of various departments, which may be brought about. If this is done Mr. Porter may remain, but if not, he has signified his intention to retire as soon as the important matters now pending are disposed of.

### The Naval Scandal.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 19.—Col. Remey, Judge-Advocate-General of the Navy Department, said to-day to the POST-DISPATCH representative that it was the wish and purpose of the department to bring about an investigation of the charges against the navy officers of the American men-of-war at Cape Town, on the southeast coast of Africa. "If the charges are true," said Col. Remey, "the Navy Department is more anxious than any other branch of the Government to be informed of it. We want to be thoroughly satisfied of the truth of the charge before we go to the expense of sending out a court-martial. So far there has been but one side of the controversy presented to the department, and before authorizing an investigation it is necessary to know something from the officers themselves. When this is furnished it will then be the wish of the department to proceed as it may think best. We are anxious that all the charges that are to be made shall be placed on file as soon as possible."

Consul Siler, who is in possession of many new facts which have never gone to the Department of State, is still in this country on his leave and is confined to his bed from rheumatism. He will, as soon as he gets well, furnish the State Department with the additional information. There is but little doubt that the charges will be of such a nature that it will be necessary to order an investigation, which, in all probability, will result in having the paymasters implicated cashiered from the service.

## A DOMESTIC BROIL.

**Jesse Johnson Fined for Beating His Wife—Carondelet Jottings.**

Francis J. Poupeney Jr., clerk of the Police Court, has obtained sixteen days leave of absence and he and his brother-in-law, Mr. Eugene LeMarchal, Jr., leave for St. Paul, Minn., this evening.

Mr. M. E. Lennon, the sanitary officer of this district, was presented a very handsome cane last night by the leading business men, through Police Capt. S. J. Boyd for his efficient work in clearing the city of filth within the past four months.

Deputy Coroner Tom Hennesey held an inquest yesterday on the body of George Martin, who accidentally shot and killed himself last Monday while fooling with a gun near Emmeneck's farm, about two miles south of this point. A verdict of accidental death was rendered. The funeral of the young man took place from his late residence, 7416 South Pennsylvania avenue, to Mount Olive Cemetery.

Lydia Johnson, colored, swore out a warrant yesterday against her husband Jesse for assault and battery. From Lydia's statement it appears that Jesse came home late last Tuesday evening, somewhat down cast. He was kept standing outside for a half-hour knocking for admission, by his wife. When Lydia opened the door her husband walked in and, picking up a huge sea-shell, struck her on the head with it. This morning Lydia appeared in court with a bandaged head and a swollen eye to prosecute her husband. Judge Von Gerichten fined the prisoner $50 and costs.

## POOLED WHISKY.

**An Effort to Put New Hoops on the Splitting Association.**

H. B. Miller familiarly known as "Buffalo," of South Bend, Ind., president of the weak-kneed whisky pool is in the city, come to adjust local differences that being repeated in other cities threaten the disruption of the pool. At the last meeting Tuetscher of this city was not present. It was understood that he was dissatisfied with the conduct of affairs as affecting his distillery, and would draw out unless a new arrangement was made. In the disorganized condition of things of which this was but a feature, Sessinghaus, whose new distillery in North St. Louis, built over a year ago, has never produced an ounce of spirit as he was compensated by the pool to keep idle, has not been taken care of, and he is now preparing to begin making whisky. This would add so largely to the output of the country as to further disorganize the pool interests. In self defense the members are forced to consider some plan of protection, and it is understood Miller will propose the incorporation of an association under the laws of Illinois in which the pooled distilleries will be placed, as stock, each separate firm or corporation owning stock to the value of their distillery, and operating it for the association. This will enable it to so control its units as to prevent all possibility of dissolution. Such an association would be thoroughly iron-clad. What will come of the plan is only conjecture now.

## ERIE'S LOVE.

**An Alleged Lack of It Crazed a Jealous Husband—A Divorce Plea.**

Erie Austin entered a suit in the Circuit Court this afternoon seeking a decree of divorce from Ed A. Austin. They were married in April, 1881, and lived together at intervals until May, last year. Mrs. Austin alleges that her husband gave way to fits of anger and accused her of a lack of love for him. He developed symptoms of unreasonable jealousy and left her several times. She always forgave him when he came back again, but he behaved worse than before. He left her destitute for days and weeks together. Once he induced her to sign a chattel mortgage and threatened her by displaying a revolver. On two occasions he savagely assulted her and was arrested and sent to the Work-house. Mrs. Austin asks for restoration of her maiden name, Erie Sherman.

### A Father's Appeal.

Henry E. Schroeder, a widower, applied this afternoon to the Circuit Court for a writ of habeas corpus to be directed against August and Minnie Wolfe, his deceased wife's parents, who have custody and control of his little boy against his will and consent.

### The Robbery Record.

The residence of J. B. Johnson, No. 3839 Cook avenue, was entered last night by thieves and a half dozen tea-spoons, a half dozen silver table-spoons, a half dozen silver knives and forks and a lot of silver napkin rings were stolen.

A silver watch valued at $8 was stolen yesterday afternoon from Louis Musler of No. 1225 Gratiot street.

Yesterday a young man called at the residence of Mrs. Anton Rothmund, No. 1805 California avenue, and represented that her husband had sent him there for money to pay the damages done by his vehicle to another wagon in a collision. She gave him $3, and afterward learned that her husband had not been in any collision, and had sent no one to her for money.

## THE ANARCHISTS' TRIAL.

**State's Attorney Grinnell Finishes His Speech—Judge Gary's Instructions.**

CHICAGO, August 19.—In the anarchist case this morning, State's Attorney Grinnell resumed his address. The Court will begin his instructions to the jury about 1:30 p. m. At 2 o'clock on the convening of the court, Judge Gary instructed the jury. In his instructions, after giving the usual definitions of what was murder, and what its punishment is under the statutes, the Judge said: "The Court instructs the jury as matter of law that, in considering the case, the jury are not to go beyond the evidence to hunt up doubts, nor must they entertain such doubts as are merely chimerical or conjectural. A doubt to justify an acquittal must be reasonable, and it must arise from a candid and impartial investigation of all the evidence in the case, and unless it is such that were the same kind of a doubt interposed in the graver transactions of life it would cause a reasonable and prudent man to hesitate and pause, it is insufficient to authorize a verdict of not guilty. If, after considering all the evidence, you can say you have an abiding conviction of the truth of the charge, you are satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt. The Court instructs the jury as a matter of law that an accessary is he who stands by and aids, abets or assists, or who, not being present aiding, abetting or assisting, has advised encouraged, aided or abetted the perpetration of the crime. He who thus aids, abets, assists, advises or encourages shall be considered as principal and punished accordingly. Every such accessary, when a crime is committed within or without this State, by his aid, or procurement in this State, may be indicted and convicted at the same time as the principal, or before or after his conviction, and whether the principal is convicted or amenable to justice or not, and punished as principal."

STRONG LANGUAGE.

If the defendants attempted to overthrow the law by force and threw the bomb, then the defendants who were in the conspiracy were guilty of murder. If there was an anarchistic conspiracy and defendants were parties to it, they are guilty of murder, though the date of the culmination of conspiracy was not fixed. If any of the defendants conspired to excite, by advising people to riot and murder, such defendants are guilty of such murder, which was done in pursuance of said conspiracy, and the impracticableness of the aims of the defendants is immaterial. Circumstantial evidence is competent to prove guilt, and if the defendants conspired to overthrow the law, and Degan was killed in consequence, the parties are guilty and it is not necessary that any of the defendants were present at the killing. All parties to the conspiracy are equally guilty. Circumstantial evidence must satisfy the jury beyond a reasonable doubt. In such case the jury may find the defendants guilty. When the defendants testified in the case, they stood on the same ground as other witnesses. The jury can take into account the interest of the witnesses. If any one of such defendants has lied as a witness, the jury should only believe such part of his testimony as has been corroborated.

The jury were not to go beyond the evidence to hunt up doubts. Doubt must arise naturally from the evidence and the jurors must act as they would in ordinary affairs of life. A doubt must be a reasonable one. Sympathy does not constitute a doubt. The jurors must believe as men where there was no oath to witnesses. The jurors were judges of the law and fact, but should not go against the Court without full consideration. The jury might find any or all defendants guilty or not guilty, and could fix the penalty for all. If guilty of murder, or of anything else, the sentence should be fixed in accordance with the statute. Forms of verdict were given to the jury providing for all the sentences, and also acquittals. For the defendants, the instructions were that if the jury understood the law better than the Judge, they should so act. Before the jury can convict these defendants they must find them guilty beyond all reasonable doubt. Mere probabilities do not constitute guilt. Personal opinions of facts not proven are incompetent. They are sole judges and can consider the interests of witnesses which might color their testimony. Waller and Seliger were accomplices and their testimony should be viewed with great care. If Waller and Seliger testified from a promise of reward, such fact should determine the weight of their testimony. If any of the State's witnesses testified from hope of reward, the same rule should apply to them.

The Judge finished his instruction at 2:50 p. m., and the jury immediately retired.

### Belleville News.

Dr. Floyd T. Miller of Casyville, who was mentioned prominently for the nomination for the Legislature, has announced that he does not now desire it. Dr. Miller would have undoubtedly received the nomination, and the announcement of his withdrawal disconcerted the Democratic leaders here this morning, but a substitute who will doubtless prove as strong a candidate was agreed upon this afternoon. The new candidate is Mayor J. F. Webb of Lebanon. Mr. Webb was in the city to-day and expressed his willingness to announce himself as an aspirant for the nomination.

Deputy Sheriff Ragland was overcome by the heat yesterday at French Village, but is not in any danger.

August Klein had an artery in his left arm cut yesterday at the Western Nail Mill by the fall of a heavy cylinder.

### Preferred the Hose to Food.

Mrs. Roberts of No. 2112 Olive street made a commendable but unsuccessful attempt to make a tramp work the other day. A man about 45 years of age came to her door begging for something to eat, and she gave him a hose and fixtures to wash the sidewalk. The gay and festive tramp took the hose and never returned with it. It was a new hose fifty feet in length. The lady vows that after the unfortunate outcome of this venture she will never again attempt work out of a tramp.

### Knocked Down and Trampled.

While William Keightly was delivering a load of ice at the Dorris Mansion, King's Highway and Olive street, between 11 and 12 o'clock yesterday morning, his team became frightened and ran away. Keightly was knocked down and trampled by one of the horses, being considerably bruised about the head and face. He was taken to his home, 2230 Walnut street, in the Health Department ambulance. His injuries are not considered dangerous.

### After Forty Years.

Mary Hill entered a suit this afternoon in the Circuit Court seeking a decree of divorce from Fred M. Hill. The marriage took place in Nottingham, England, July 12, 1842, and after living together nearly forty years a separation took place the husband deserting the wife in June, 1881. Mrs. Hill alleges that the separation was not through any fault on her part. She possesses some property, but cannot convey it until a divorce has been obtained.

### On a Lark.

C. W. DePauw, son of the New Albany, Ind., millionaire, ran into the Lindell Hotel this morning with J. K. Woodward, Jr., I. P. Leyden and Frank Stay of New Albany. They chucked their valises over the counter, ate breakfast, and skurried out into the city to ride on the cable cars, which, DePauw explained to his friends, his father owns. They will run back to New Albany to-night, having greatly enjoyed their brief dissipation.

### Death of R. W. Ulrici.

Richard W. Ulrici, an old citizen, died at the Southern Hotel to-day at 11:55 o'clock of old age. He has resided in the hotel ever since it was built, and resided for years in the old hotel. He came to St. Louis in 1840 with his parents from Prussia, where he was born. He was married in 1848 to Miss Theresa Paul, daughter of Gabriel Paul, a wealthy citizen of the city in those days. Mrs. Ulrici died several years ago, and her husband has been gradually failing ever since.


# This is a Time of Danger

Dangers, in the shape of alarming ills, threaten the household at this season, which, if neglected, become prostrating diseases. To guard against them requires vigilance, abstinence, and SANFORD'S GINGER.

This unrivalled household panacea and delicious summer medicine is an original combination of Imported Ginger, Choice Aromatics, and French Brandy, vastly superior to all other "gingers" and household medicines known to physicians.

It instantly relieves cramps and pains, speedily checks all forms of summer complaint, prevents indigestion, destroys disease germs in water drunk, restores the circulation and disgestion when suspended by a chill,—a frequent cause of cholera morbus,—breaks up colds and fevers, and wards off malarial, contagious, and epidemic influences.

**SANFORD'S GINGER,**

Is Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

As a healthful summer drink, with water, milk, iced water, lemonade, effervescent draughts and mineral waters, it is the best.

Mothers worn out with the cares of maternity or the household, or when weak, nervous and hysterical, should take a dose of this delicious invigorant. No other remedy is so wholesome, palatable, and safe for delicate women, young children, and the aged.

For the nervous, sleepless, and mentally and physically overworked or worn out SANFORD'S GINGER is a pure and safe invigorator. It eradicates a craving for intoxicants in those addicted to their excessive use, allays nervousness, assists digestion, and promotes sleep.

Beware of worthless "gingers," offensively urged by mercenary druggists, on those who call for

**SANFORD'S GINGER,**

The Delicious Summer Medicine.

# "CARBOLIC SMOKE-BALL."

**ASTHMA'S CONQUEROR! THE DREAD FOE FEARED NO LONGER.**

ST. LOUIS, August 17, 1886.—"Carbolic Smoke-Ball" Co.—Gentlemen: For eighteen years I have been troubled with the Asthma, my attacks at times being very severe. This morning, having an attack (I could hardly speak three words without gasping for breath), I tried "Carbolic Smoke-Ball," and received instant relief, the strain and pain in my tonsils also disappearing. The quick change from torture to comfort was wonderful. I had no idea that any medicine—I have tried many unsuccessfully—would do so much for me. I would advise all fellow-sufferers from Asthma to try "Carbolic Smoke-Ball."

GEORGE RICHARDSON, Painter and Grainer, 36½ North Tenth street.

☞ This is positively the only sure cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis and other diseases of the Head, Throat and Lungs.

**Offices Removed to S. E. Corner Olive and Broadway, Over Wabash Ticket Office.**

☞ "Smoke Ball" sent by mail with full instructions on receipt of price ($2) and 4 cents in stamps.


## CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. W. F. Mallison of Little Rock is visiting friends in the city.

Dr. E. H. Gregory has returned from a vacation spent in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto U. Von Schrader returned this morning from their bridal tour.

Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Wilcox of 3899 Delmar avenue have returned from the East.

Miss Rasie Dupierris of Pine street is on a visit to her friend, Mrs. M. T. Jones of Kansas City, Mo.

Miss Addie Beauvais and sister, Miss D. L. Beauvais, are expected home from a visit to the North next Monday.

Mrs. Wm. V. Walcott and family leave for Niagara Falls this evening to spend the remainder of the summer.

Dr. Kuhn and family with Mrs. Stewart have spent August in France. They expect to return about the 1st of September.

Mrs. E. C. Sands of this city will leave for Detreit in a few days and will spend some weeks at the lakes and Niagara Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shine, family, mother, and Miss Ella Sullivan of Finney avenue, left on the Mary Morton for St. Paul, Minn., and the Northern lakes.

## ABOUT TOWN.

THERE was a light docket to-day in the Second District Police Court, made up of the usual cases of disturbing the peace and drunks on the street.

THE first bale of Arkansas cotton, of this year's crop, bought by R. B. Schwartzkopf & Co. of Hope, Ark., was to-day shipped to Senter & Co. of this city.

J. A. McGINNIS and family, Miss E. Thompson, W. H. Gregg and George N. Sayers are among the late arrivals from St. Louis at the Oakwood, Green Lake, Wis.

SUITS on coupons for $3,000 were filed this afternoon in the United States Circuit Court by the Ninth National Bank of New York City against Cape Girardeau County in connection with bonds issued for the State line railroad.

AN unnecessary alarm of fire was turned in at 6 o'clock this morning from box 152, a hot box in the cellar of the Laclede Mill, southwest corner of Ninth and Soulard streets, being the cause. There was no damage done. On the way to the fire truck No. 4 broke down on Eighth and Julia streets.

### Banker Tracy's New Bond.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PEORIA, Ill., August 19.—Harlan P. Tracy, the Elmwood banker, who is under bonds for embezzlement, surrendered himself this morning and immediately filed a new bond, with signers who represent $5,000,000.

### The Young Men of the South.

From the Atlanta Sunny South.

The idea prevails largely in our current literature that the young men of the "new South" are full of force and energy, eager to grapple the difficulties of their situation, and quite prepared to wring success from unwilling fortune. The picture is not wholly one of fancy. There are such young men among us, and they are illustrating what may be done in the new order of things amid which they are thrown. But they are not very numerous—are, in fact, painfully exceptional. The great bulk of our young men are of the opposite type. They go about business, if they go at it at all, in a half-hearted way, as if they regarded failure as a foregone conclusion. A great many do not engage in any steady vocation, but accept any little job by which they can earn a few dollars. Perhaps there never were so many men who cannot be said to be pursuing any regular calling. An ambition to get behind a counter, or to secure a traveling agency for some business house is that which generally takes possession of the minds of our young men. There is a turning away from agriculture as if it were not a calling which promises to patience, energy and industry the very best rewards. We must own it, that the bold, ambitious young man, who is willing to forego present ease and display, and who will not be content with any expedient that may meet the present emergency, is an exception among us. There is as good chance to lay the foundations of a fortune now as there ever was if young men will only exercise the proper industry and economy.

### By Tunnel from Sweden to Denmark.

Copenhagen Letter to the London Standard.

Mr. Alexandre de Rothe, an engineer, who has been working at Panama under M. de Lesseps, has presented to the Governments of Denmark and Sweden a project for a submarine railway tunnel under the Sound between Copenhagen and Malmo. The tunnel is to have a total length of twelve kilometers, three between Ameger and the small island Saltholmen, under the Strait Drogden, and nine between Saltholmen and Sweden. The ground to be worked much resembles that in the channel between England and France, and it is said to offer no difficulty to the execution of the work. The cost of construction is calculated to amount to 30,000,000f, or £1,200,000. The Swedish Government takes a great interest in the plan, while the Danish at present is keeping somewhat back. Mr. de Rothe entertains sanguine hopes of a successful result of the negotiations. The tunnel would be of the greatest importance for the future commercial connection between Sweden-Norway, and later on of Russia and the whole continent, as laden railway wagons could then run from the north of Norway, Sweden, or Finland, down to the south of Italy.

### Orleans House at Twickenham.

From the London Figaro.

According to my Parisian namesake, the Comte de Paris will most probably, after his return from the trip in the Highlands of Scotland and Switzerland, go to live again at Orleans House, Twickenham. The Comte will find this mansion very much as he left it some fifteen or sixteen years ago. It is true that the Orleans Club took it in 1877, and for years used it as a club-house, but no great changes were made in consequence in the internal arrangements. Many of the heavier pieces of furniture remain to-day in the very places in which the Comte de Paris left them when he quitted Orleans house. The dining-room is still hung with the same tapestry, embroidered with the arms of the house of Orleans, which was there during the former residence of its again exiled master. The same massive and handsomely carved mahogany table stands in the middle of the apartment, and even in the bed-rooms much of the simple but tasteful furniture which was in them in 1875 is still there. Needless to say that the unusually large and well-arranged cattle sheds which were built under special direction of the Duchess of Orleans, are also still in existence, while on the walls of Orleans House still hang portraits, in oil, of the more famous cows and oxen which, from time to time, gained cups and medals at agricultural shows. At Orleans House, in short, the Comte de Paris, surrounded as he will be by so many familiar objects, cannot fail to feel at home at any rate, or as much so as he could hope to become in a foreign land. It is true that this residence has few, if any, points of resemblance to a French chateau, but those who have been inside it will admit that it is a model specimen of a comfortable English home.

### Flirting in Camp.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

Flirtation in the woods is always a more serious and impressive thing than in town. You'll see a couple come gradually together in a camp or at a hotel by the seaside. As much as three or four days will elapse before any special affinity develops itself. Then you'll see little attentions of a delicate nature; they segregate from parties first, not too obviously; then they take to kind of devoting themselves to each other; then they get taking strolls alone, and the seriousness becomes imposing. The other campers or outers are very respectful; a compact seems to exist that flirtation shall be respected. But the demure air they both put on is awfully funny. They are partly ashamed and partly proud; they are a little scared at first and steal off separately and meet accidentally out of sight. But it doesn't last long, and they very soon take to marching off openly together, while every man and woman in the camp casts a smile askew at them as they go. Then they quarrel and she won't speak to him; she treats him with great frigidity, and everybody in camp sympathizes on one side or another. Then they make up, and everybody in camp knows it. And all you ever hear of it after the season is: "Oh, yes; they were a good deal together at Monterey." If it was in town everybody would say: "It's shameful the way those two are going on."

### Advice to a Young Man.

Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.

Don't worry, my son, don't worry. Don't worry about something that you think may happen to-morrow, because you may die to-night, and to-morrow will find you beyond the reach of worry. Don't worry over a thing that happened yesterday, because yesterday is a hundred years away. If you don't believe it just try to reach after it and bring it back. Don't worry about anything that is happening to-day, because to-day will only last fifteen or twenty minutes. If you don't believe it, tell your creditors you'll be ready to settle in full with them at sunset. Don't worry about things you can't help, because worry only makes them worse. Don't worry about things you can help, because then there's no need to worry. Don't worry at all. If you want to be penitent now and then, it won't hurt you a bit to go into the sackcloth and ashes business a little. It will do you good. If you want to cry a little once in a long while, that isn't a bad thing. If you feel like going out and clubbing yourself occasionally, I think you need it and will lend you a helping hand at it, and put a plaster on you afterward. But worry, worry, worry, fret, fret, fret—why, there's neither sorrow, penitence, strength, penance, reformation, hope nor resolution in it. It's just worry.

### The Vatican's Cremation Position.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

The Vatican has taken a singular step with reference to the cremation question. It has all along viewed with disfavor a form of sepulture which is at least chronologically pagan. But though cremation made its great start in Italy its progress there has been comparatively slow. Milan remains the headquarters of a system not yet introduced into Rome, and even in Milan, though the mortality keeps its full average, the furnaces are but seldom kindled. The Italians, as a people, are slow to take up "fads," and are accustomed to find the State interest itself in ventures which in other countries are left to private speculation. The new decrees dealing with the question are very peremptory in their terms. All faithful Catholics are forbidden to affiliate themselves with any cremation society, and no one is to be permitted to order or facilitate cremation, even when the testator should have directed this kind of sepulture for himself and his executors and next of kin are desirous to carry out his wishes. Of course these decrees do not override the law of the land, though they accentuate the distinction between the Pope's authority and that of the Italian Legislature. In Germany they will probably have no influence at all, and, presumably, not very much across the Atlantic, but in France and Italy the cause of cremation may receive a temporary check.

### Last of the Roman Ghetto.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

Another picturesque piece of antiquity is doomed; and the Jews' quarter at Rome will in a week or two's time be a thing of the past. From the sanitary point of view the demolition of the Ghetto is no doubt highly desirable; but the traveler seldom troubles himself about the health of the people whose streets he visits, and he will regret that he will see no more those picturesque ruins creeping up besides the ancient monuments, leaning against the gate of Octavus, swarming with an active and industrious folk who lived so to speak, on their doorsteps. All this is disappearing. The Jews had made themselves there a sort of second fatherland; their habits, their traditions had followed them there, and they were a little town to themselves. The present Government dispossesses them, and gives them wide streets, and Israel is again dispersed.

## LODGE NOTICES.

ALL members of the Wrap Up Club are requested to be present at their club rooms, 18th and Olive, to-night at 8 o'clock to examine into the character of applicants for the honors of the S. F. and J. By order of O'DONOVAN ROSSA, Secretary.
H. WOLF, Treasurer. 33

L. A. 3919 will meet hereafter every Thursday evening on the corner of Broadway and Lebaum.
33 ROBT. FLOYD, Secretary.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

### Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation by a young man in drug or grocery store; has experience; can give reference. Address Druggist, 2011 Market st. 37

WANTED—A young man with a fair knowledge of the sash, door and blind business, would like to secure a position as shipping clerk in that line. Address, J 22 this office. 37

### The Trades.

WANTED—A machinist and engineer want a job; would like to go in the country. Address N 22, this office. 38

### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A situation as watchman; steady and reliable and best of refs. Ad. O 22, this office. 43

WANTED—Man of 22 years wishes a situation of any kind; can give best ref. Ad. C 23 this office.

WANTED—Situation as teamster or to do work of any kind; object steady work. J. J. Brock, 1413 Salisbury st. 43

WANTED—$25 cash to any one that will assist a young married man to steady inside work. Address R 22, this office. 43

WANTED—A young man of 20 wants to learn a trade; horse-shoeing or moulding. Address or call at 1001 N. Jefferson av., F. C. Pauley. 43

WANTED—Situation by a German on gentleman's place; can take care of horses, cows, garden, green-house, and make himself useful. Call or ad. F. S., 2128 Franklin av., or 4513-4515 Easton av. 43

## HELP WANTED—MALE.

### Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Young man with two years' experience in City Drug Store. Apply at once at H. F. Hassebrock, 1000 N. High st. 54

WANTED—Two men with some experience as salesmen for a city department; liberal wages; bring reference. Collier, 904 Olive st. 54

### The Trades.

WANTED—A first-class baker. Address J. Foster, Van Buren, Ark. 58

WANTED—A tinner job hand. Apply J. J. Dockery, 3229 Cass av. 58

WANTED—Four first-class house painters at 2223 Franklin av., Dowling & Co. 58

WANTED—Six good cabinet-makers at St. Charles Car Works, St. Charles, Mo., to work on coaches; highest wages paid to good men. 58

WANTED—Operator on Wardwell Machine boot siding; must be competent. Geo. Sahm & Sons Boot and Shoe Co., 3d and Biddle. 58

WANTED—Three coopers on Kraut work; 28c cts. for barrels, 23 cts. for half; regular stock cut iron. Ferry & Lefever, 178 Carroll st. 58

### Cooks, etc.

WANTED—A second cook. U. S. Restaurant, 23 S. 6th st. 56

### Laborers.

WANTED—Teams and men, 13th and Poplar; Friday morning. John A. Lynch. 59

WANTED—Paving stone dressers, rock-breakers, quarrymen, laborers, teams and carts at Main and Madison sts., Bambrick, Bates Construction Company. 59

WANTED—Railroad contractors, miners, coal and quarrymen to know that the St. Louis Shovel Company (formerly Groom Shovel Company) manufactures for their special uses the highest grades of shovels, spades and scoops, and that they are warranted to give more service for the money paid than any other similar goods produced in this country. All goods guaranteed against defect or breakage. Works, Duncan and Vandeventer avs. Office and salesroom, 707 N. 2d st. 59

### Boys.

WANTED—Boys to learn upholstering at 2616 and 2702 Laclede av. 61

WANTED—An intelligent and polite office boy. Ad. in own handwriting, P 22, this office. 61

WANTED—Boy to work in drug store. Apply at once to Saenger & Chamberlain, 1401 Olive st. 61

WANTED—Experienced boy to tend bar; must have reference and speak German. Apply 4824 N. Broadway. 61

### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Monday next, four young men on our lines for instructions; and qualify for sit's paying $75, $85, $95 to $100. Apply at once to Superintendent Union Tel. Co., 102 N. 3d st. Take elevator. 62

## SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

### Housekeepers.

WANTED—Widow, aged 30, wants situation as housekeeper for widower or bachelor. Address S 22, this office. 47

WANTED—A respectable young widow wants a position as housekeeper, or housework in a small family, in city or country. Please call No. 16 S. 9th.

### General Housework.

WANTED—By a colored girl a situation for housework. Address 1104 Wash st. 48

WANTED—Situation by two girls for general housework; small family; no objection to country. Apply 2901 E. Bell st. 48

### Cooks.

WANTED—Situation to cook, wash and iron; city or country; good ref. 1327 N. 8th st. 49

WANTED—Two first-class German cooks want sit. in city or country. Please call at 16 S. 9th st 49

WANTED—Situation by cook; thoroughly understands her business in restaurant or hotel; city or country. 1115 Pine st. 49

## HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

### Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Girls to sew on custom coats. 921 N. 9th st. 69

WANTED—Girls or women to sew awnings by machine. 912 N. 3d st. 69

WANTED—Girls that understand sewing on coats. Apply at 2859 S. Jefferson av. 69

WANTED—Two good girls on custom pants; must be first-class. 14 S. 4th st., second floor. 69

WANTED—Ten first-class dressmakers with sewing machines at Moloney's, 615, 617 N. Broadway.

WANTED—A seamstress that understands white sewing to come to the house. Ap. at 2342 Park av.

### Housekeepers.

WANTED—Young lady who understands housekeeping. Call at 117 N. 13th st. 65

WANTED—An elderly lady as housekeeper; low wages and work very light. 811 O'Fallon st. 65

### General Housework.

WANTED—A good woman for general housework. 1400 Pine st. 66

WANTED—German girl to do general housework at 1016 Cardinal av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in family of two. 1414 Biddle st. 66

WANTED—Good strong girl for general housework. 1518 Franklin av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. 1627 Washington av. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; must be good cook. 2214 Chestnut. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; washing and ironing. Apply 2125 Sidney st. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework for man, wife and child at 2347 Scott av. 66

WANTED—Two girls at 1802 Dolman st., one for general housework, and one for nursing. 66

WANTED—Reliable, genteel white girl to do housework for family of three at 2805 Clark av. 66

WANTED—A good girl in a small family to do general housework. Apply at 1924 Benton st. 66

WANTED—A girl of 15 or 16 to assist with housework and go home at night. 2110 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—Girls for general housework; hotel cook for country; man and wife, farm. 606 Pine.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Apply at Mr. White's, 7211 Minnesota av., South St. Louis, Carondelet. 66

### Nurses.

WANTED—Girl to nurse and assist in housework. Apply at once to 4058 Delmar av. 70

WANTED—Young girl to nurse children. Call Friday morning at 3631 Lindell av.; ref. 70

WANTED—A situation; experience; as nurse girl with nice family; references. K 22 this office. 70

WANTED—A young colored girl, about 21, to take charge of a young infant; good ref. 2342 Park av.

WANTED—Girl of 15 years to attend to baby and make herself generally useful. Apply at 1300 Webster av. 70

WANTED—A neat respectable girl 12 or 14 years old to attend baby and make herself useful; reference required. Apply 3120 Franklin av. 70

## HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

### Cooks, etc.

WANTED—Girl to cook and do down-stairs work at 3546 Lindell av.; no washing. 68

WANTED—Girls for cooking and general work. Call at 1921 (new No. 2007) Geyer av. 68

WANTED—Immediately, a German girl to cook, wash and iron at 2835 Washington av. 68

### Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A good dining-room girl at 1019 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—Scrub girls and paint-washers at Barnum's Hotel. 71

WANTED—Scrub girls and chambermaids at the St. James Hotel. 71

WANTED—A good girl in small family. Apply at once 904 Morrison av. 71

WANTED—A good lining and shoe stitcher at E. Morris' Shoe Factory, 826 N. 4th. 71

WANTED—Woman to take charge of paint-washers and scrub girls at Barnum's Hotel. 71

WANTED—Lady to fold price-lists and address envelopes; must be good rapid writer and come recommended. Call immediately Room 1. Pope's Theater. 71

WANTED—Monday next, 5 young ladies on our lines for instruction. And qualify for situations paying $60, $70, $80, $90, to $100. Apply at once to Superintendent Union Tel. Co., 102 N. 3d st. Take el. 71

## WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Agents of good address to sell the light running New Home Sewing Machine. Call at 900 Olive st., between 9 and 12 a. m. 73

## MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—To buy a good folding bed; must be cheap; for cash. Address A 23, this office. 26

WANTED—To buy medium-sized butcher's ice box; must be in good condition; state size and price. Address H 22, this office. 26

## WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

SECOND-HAND furniture and carpets bought and exchanged. Staley's, 807 Franklin av. 24

WANTED—To trade for a farm brick house, 8 rooms, yard, stable, etc. Address F 21, this office. 24

## ALL SORTS.

DESKS at very low prices; good line of second-hand desks. Staley's, 807 Franklin av. 32

H. J. MILLER, BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY, Coffee and Ice Cream Saloon. Sign of the Big Coffee Cup. Southwest corner Fourth st. and Clark av. 32

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte. 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32

**OLD GOLD and SILVER BOUGHT**

Highest cash price paid at St. Louis Gold Refinery, 1308 Olive st., opposite Exposition building. 32



**The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 513 Walnut St.**

Loans large and small amounts and builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced. 32

## LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Irish setter dog from No. 10 Engine House, Jefferson av. and Walnut. Please return and get reward. 30

LOST—Bunch of keys, Olive st. or near Union Depot. Return to telegraph office, Main Street Depot, for reward. 30

LOST—A pair of eye-glasses with tortoise-shell frames and patent nose-rest. By returning to POST-DISPATCH counting-room uninjured, reward will be given. 30

LOST—On the night of the 15th a watchman's badge between Washington av. and Olive st., Garrison and Compton avs.; badge No. 213; leave at 3000 Olive st., and get reward. 30

LOST—On Tuesday, August 17, between cable terminus and Sarah and Olive sts., a lady's gold watch; initials S. E. B. on outside case. Liberal reward for its return to 3800 Finney av. 30

LOST—$5 reward; August 11, gents' ring; large blood-stone set, in Crawford's ladies' waiting room; the above reward and no questions asked if finder will return to D. Crawford's office. 30

LOST—Or stolen the following East St. Louis elevator receipts for No. 2 wheat: No. 12,139, 5,000 bu.; 12,202, 171 bu.; 12,242, 255.50 bu.; 12,260, 152.30 bu.; 12,266, 868.20 bu.; 12,289, 586.30 bu.; 12,290, 339.40 bu.; 12,297, 472.10 bu., 12,302, 452 bu.; 12,303, 414.20 bu.; 12,304, 446.20 bu.; 12,305, 41.20 bu.; 12,307, 201.10 bu.; 12,308, 155 bu.; 12,316, 260 bu.; 12,317, 316.20 bu. Delivery of the wheat on these receipts has been stopped and duplicate receipts applied for; all parties are cautioned not to receive or negotiate the same. Kehlor Bros. 30

## FINANCIAL.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

MONEY LOANED on furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan; Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 31

MONEY LOANED on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upward on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rates of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 31

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 701 Pine st. 31

**MONEY LOANED**

On furniture by private party. 813 Morgan. 31

**FURNITURE LOANS.**

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

## MONEY WANTED.

$50 WANTED for ninety days; salary; note with good indorsement. Address E 23, this office. 25

WANTED—$3,500 for a term of years at 6 per cent. on first-class security. Address G 21, this office. 25

## BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—Wagonmaker is looking for a place to establish business. Address G. Tuerkisch, Nasby P. O., St. Louis County, Mo. 3

## BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A nice grocery and saloon; very cheap. Call at 301 S. 3d st. 4

FOR SALE—The Bon Ton Market, on Olive st., near Jefferson av.; good reason for selling. 4

FOR SALE—Grocery and feed store doing good business on S. Broadway; satisfactory reason for selling. Address A. P., Water Office. 4

FOR SALE—Barber shop in North St. Louis with a good custom; inquire at saloon, southwest corner Franklin av. and High (old 13th) st. A. Schneider.

## HORSES AND VEHICLES.

### For Sale.

FOR SALE—Large bay horse, $25. 3207 S. 7th st. 12

FOR SALE—A rockaway, very cheap; in good order, at 1700 Clark av. 12

FOR SALE—Four good horses at Christophel, King's highway and New Manchester road. 12

FOR SALE—A good, sound and gentle mare, harness and barouche for $100. 1819 Sidney st. 12

FOR SALE—Horse, wagon and harness, cheap. Call between 12 and 2 p. m. at 318 Poplar st. 12

FOR SALE—Cheap—Fine large team of horses, stake wagon and harness. Call at 713 N. 8th. 12

H. PILZ & CO. have on hand delivery, park wagons and vehicles of all kinds. 1433 N. 6th st. 12

TAKE NOTICE—If you want to get your carriage repaired and painted up, and save money, call at J. Klagg's Carriage Factory; you can buy a Crawford's patent running gear Park wagon for $75, warranted for twelve months. 2611 Market st. 12

$30 WILL buy a good covered spring wagon. Apply 1427 Franklin av. 12

$85 WILL buy 2 large work horses in good order; will give a trial. 1220 N. 15th st. 12

**W. J. Russell, 1514 Olive Street,**

General Agent Columbus Buggy Company Columbus, O.; Abbott Buggy Company, Perry Road Cart, Chicago, Ill., offers this season the largest and finest assortment of light carriages in the city guaranteed in every respect both in style and workmanship. A large variety of second-hand vehicles. At prices to suit every purchaser. Liverymen, dealers and jobbers supplied at manufacturers' prices. Carriages sold on monthly payments. 12

## STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 8

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 84

STORAGE—Clean, cheap, dry, free from vermin and fire-proof; household goods packed and shipped; estimates given. Brandon & Co., 1516 Franklin av.

## PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Charles S. S. 14: There is a letter in the P. O. for you, E. W. 1

PERSONAL—A lady desires the acquaintance of middle-aged gent that will assist her financially. W 22, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Bertie. Well then let the tennis club do without us. Yes, to the sham battle, by all means. Write. Sweet Cicely. 1

PERSONAL—A young gent, often visiting the city, wishes the acquaintance of handsome young lady who enjoys drives, theaters, etc. F 23, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Two young gentlemen desire the acquaintance of two young ladies of the age of 18 or 20; object, social amusement. Address L 22, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M.D., 1422 Olive st., electro-magnetic hand baths. See Personal Sundrs.

## PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

BEST Cabinet Photos, $2 per doz., at Cassilly's, 421 Franklin av., opposite Crawford's. 74

FOLDING BEDS, both new and second-hand, on easy payments. Staley's, 807 Franklin av. 74

MRS. BERTHA WUEPPER, acknowledged the best fortune-teller in the city. 1026 S. 13th st. 74

PERSONAL—Miss Fletcher, electro-magnetic hand baths, 1128 Pine st., 2d floor front, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

PERSONAL—Mrs. McConnell has returned from her Eastern trip and resumed her duties in her studio in the Temple Building. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended to, with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st.

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., treats with magnetism, electricity and baths, medicated and vapor, for ladies and gentlemen. Magnetism is the chief feature of my baths, hence patients have preference of male or female assistants. Baths are a luxury for the healthy, a necessity for the sick.

MRS. LOUISA MASSOCK, lady physician, takes ladies to board during confinement. 1303 Chouteau av. 74

MRS. REINER, ladies' physician and midwife. Receives ladies in house during confinement. Confidential. 108 S. 14th st. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, fortune-teller and astrologer, 811 N. 15th st., between Morgan and Franklin, is without an equal in her profession; she never fails in her advice as to all matters of business, love and matrimony; she discloses name and age of visitors; names present sweetheart and future mate; unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages; removes family trouble; recovers stolen, mislaid and buried property; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. No business Sunday afternoons. 74

MRS. C. WILCUS, the true and reliable fortune teller, 1400 Olive st., can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers and friends brought together; tells the present sweetheart's name; name of future husband; ladies only; no sign out. Mrs. Wilcus received a gold medal from the ladies of St. Louis in 1884, and from the ladies of Chicago in 1885 for her trueness and ability as a fortune-teller. Home from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. 74

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC—The undersigned gives notice that having purchased the saloon of John Erwin, 205 Pine st., will be glad to see and meet his friends. JACOB HUETHER. 74

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 318 Locust st. 74

UNA F. SILVA, the medium, can be consulted on anything pertaining to life. 1425 Pine st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS cards for $1. H. B. Crole & Co., printers; removed to 925 Olive st. 74



DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure, operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

**$5,000 CHALLENGE!**

To any fortune-teller who can excel her in her startling revelations of the past, present or future events of persons' lives. Mrs. Dr. Eddy of Boston, the world-renowned and highly celebrated trance clairvoyant, at 805 N. Fourteenth st., near Franklin av. Mrs. Eddy can be consulted on all affairs of life; business, love and marriage a specialty; unites the separated and causes speedy and happy marriages. While in a trance, reveals every hidden mystery. Mrs. Eddy is the only one in the world who can tell you your full name and the full name of your future husband or wife. Advice on business, marriage, divorce, lucky numbers, lawsuits, wills, etc. Fee, $1 and upwards. Cut this out and call early. Office hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. 74

**$10,000.00.**

1 Lot Good Fancy Calicoes, 2½c yd.
1 Lot Fancy Shirtings, 3½c yd.
1 Lot Ladies' Balbriggan Hose, 5c pair.
1 Lot Ladies' Black Hose, 5c pair.
1 Lot Childrens' School Handkerchiefs, 10c doz.
1 Lot Boys' Shirt Waists, 15c each.
1 Lot Ladies' Black Silk Lace Mitts, 10c pair.

We have $10,000 worth of these goods to dispose of in ten days, so don't delay, but come at once to the old reliable

**EMPIRE,**
1231 Cor. Franklin Av. Cor. High St.

**CAST OFF CLOTHING**

Bought by M. Barnett, 302 Locust st.; send postal.

**PATENTS OBTAINED.**

Drawings made without model. Geo. Crehore, 420 Market st., third floor. Room 8.

**SPRING PRINTING COMPANY.**
**Art Stationers, - - 1110 Olive St.**
$30,000 Invested to Do First-Class Printing.

**SUMMER TOURISTS.**

Remember that you can buy all kinds of trunks, satchels and straps; also get your trunks repaired at bottom price, by Hickman Trunk Company, 21st and Morgan sts. 74

## FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

CARPETS and furniture on payments at reasonable prices. Staley's, 807 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Counter shelving and show case. 2867 S. 13th st. 5

FOR SALE—Certificate of membership in Merchants' Exchange; dues unpaid; send best offer. Address T 22, this office. 5

**ON TIME PAYMENTS.**

I will furnish your house with good or medium furniture cheaper than any other furniture house in the city. Call and be convinced for yourself. H. Walker, 206 N. 12th, between Olive and Pine. 5

1,000 UNREDEEMED gold and silver watches, 2,000 rings, 500 clocks and large quantities of gold and silver chains, bracelets, jewelry, etc., for sale cheap at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

**ON TIME PAYMENTS,**

At cash prices; no charges, no interest; everything to furnish a house. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. 5

## PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J.L. FITZPORTER—Office and residence No. 205 S. 14th st. Female complaints a specialty.

## DANCING.

PROF. R. MAURICE ADAMS, Euterpe Hall, Jefferson av. and Walnut st.; evening classes for ladies and gentlemen; afternoon classes for ladies and children. Send for circular. 76

## MUSICAL.

FOR SALE—Cheap—Handsome organ; weekly or monthly payments. Call at 208 N. 8th. 27

FOR SALE—At $50 a good 6-octave piano; guaranteed in good condition. 1103 Chouteau av. 27

WANTED—25 good second-hand pianos for cash. Call or address C. E. Holtz, 1517 Franklin av. 27

## TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

825 S. 21ST. ST.—Store and room in rear; suitable for barber shop; cheap if applied for at once. 17

FOR RENT OR SALE—One large three-story factory, brick building, with boiler, engine and main shatting in good condition, on reasonable terms. Inquire of H. Krembs, 622 Park av. 17

## HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—By four adults three unfurnished rooms on 2d floor, with conveniences for light housekeeping; state price and locality; prefer West End. Address S 21, this office. 21

WANTED—Will pay cash for desirable five or six-room house in Carondelet; price must be low; north of Robert av. preferred. Address, with description, D 23, this office. 21

## SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—At Ferguson, new nine-room frame house, near the depot. THOS. H. LARKIN & CO., 16 622 Chestnut st.

## FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good farm, forty acres, thirty miles from city, near railroad station; first-class improvements; a big bargain; on easy terms. Apply to 79 A. MITTELBERG, 6 N. 7th st.

## FOR RENT—ROOMS.

11 S. 16TH ST.—Third floor, three nice rooms; a nice place for nice parties. Apply on premises. 13

111 S. 15TH ST.—One or more rooms fur. for housekeeping; use of laundry; water in kitchen. 13

207 S. 15TH ST.—Two nice large rooms on first floor, unfurnished, for housekeeping; water in kitchen; use of laundry. 13

209 N. 15TH ST.—One nicely furnished front room, and two unfurnished rooms; suitable for housekeeping; terms low. 13

303 N. 12TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with gas and bath; rent reasonable. 13

519 GRATIOT ST.—Three rooms, first floor; $11. 13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two or four rooms for small families; modern improvements. 13

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

703 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished hall room; reference exchanged. 13

806 OLIVE ST.—Cool front and rear furnished rooms; easy terms; every convenience. 13

906 ST. CHARLES ST.—Nice furnished rooms; also convenience of bath room; price low. 13

1121 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; also single rooms. 13

1332 CHOUTEAU AV.—One large unfurnished room, second floor; also one hall-room, suitable for sleeping-room for gentleman. 13

1410 PAPIN ST.—Three rooms, second floor, to small family. 13

1415 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front and back rooms. 13

1417 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two bright and pleasant unfurnished rooms; cheap to suitable tenant.

1424 FRANKLIN AV.—Furnished rooms with privilege of bath-room; for gents only. 13

1516 CHESTNUT ST.—One neat room, unfurnished. 13

1522 FRANKLIN AV.—Nicely furnished rooms for rent: terms reasonable. 13

1705 PARK AV. (near Lafayette Park)—Fine furnished rooms. 13

1807 CARR PLACE—Three pleasant unfurnished rooms; southern exposure. 13

1808 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room for man and wife or two gents. 13

2016 OLIVE ST.—Elegantly fur. rooms; hot and cold water; also suite of unfur parlors. 13

2115 EUGENIA ST.—Two unfurnished rooms, closets, bath; second floor; private family; rent, $12 per month; reference required. 13

2135 CHESTNUT ST.—Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping or sleeping rooms. 13

2205 OLIVE ST.—Desirable third-story rooms for gentleman. 13

2307 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished room, suitable for gentlemen. 13

2344 OLIVE ST.—A desirable hall bed-room. 13

2621 PINE ST.—4 unfur. rooms, 2d-floor, to small family; all conv.; most desirable neighborh'd.

2643 OLIVE ST.—Two unfurnished rooms on third floor; references required; rent $8. 13

2712 GLASGOW AV.—Upper half stone front; five rooms, marble mantels, water, gas, bath, laundry; rent $21.50; key next door; or apply to owner 705 Howard st. 13

2714 CHOUTEAU AV.—For rent 3 rooms; $8. 13

2915 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front room, furnished, with board. 13

2927 LACLEDE AV.—Three rooms on second floor; water in kitchen; Forest Park cars pass the door. 13

WANTED—A woman for general housework; can go home at night. 1802 Olive st. 13

WANTED—Widow having more room than required would have a young lady for company; terms reasonable; near Vandeventer av. Address M. 22, this office. 13

## FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

3948 COOK AV.—Five-room house; front, side and back yards, with an outside kitchen. Inquire next door. 14

## BOARDING.

11 S. 23D ST.—Second story front room; furnished or unfurnished; with or without board. 18

840 CHOUTEAU AV.—Rooms with board, first-class, central location, large yard. 18

910 N. 18TH ST.—Wanted boarders; good meals and good beds at private boarding-house. 18

962 CHOUTEAU AV.—Rooms elegantly furnished; with good home board. 18

1205 WASHINGTON AV.—Three furnished front rooms, with or without board. 18

1208 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. rooms, single or en suite, with board, for young gents.

1831 OLIVE ST.—Delightful rooms, nicely fur., with board; so. ex.; terms reasonable. 18

2113 LUCAS PLACE.—Elegantly furnished front rooms; so. ex: first-class board. 18

2615 LUCAS AV.—Nicely furnished room with excellent table in refined private family, for one or two gents. 18

2652 OLIVE ST.—Two furnished, also two unfurnished rooms, with board. 18

3056 SHERIDAN AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms; large grounds; first-class board. 18

3107 LUCAS AV.—Lovely parlors, furnished or unfurnished, single or en suite; also pleasant rooms on second floor; nice yard; with or without board. 18

## BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board by a single gentleman; must be convenient to Jefferson av; will pay $45 or $50 per month. Address B 23, this office. 19

## BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Handsomely furn. second-story front; good board; gent and lady. Ad. D 21 this office. 18


**DOCTOR WHITTIER**

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD DISEASES than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Poisoning, old Sores and Ulcers, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles, Safely, Privately.

Diseases Arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (36 pages) on the above, sent in sealed envelope, free to any address. Consultation at office or by mail free, invited and strictly confidential.

A Positive Written Guarantee given in every curable case. Medicine sent everywhere by mail or express.

**MARRIAGE GUIDE,**

260 PAGES, FINE PLATES, elegant cloth and gilt binding, sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: who may marry, who not, why; manhood, womanhood, physical decay, effects of celibacy and excess, the physiology of reproduction, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it. Popular edition, same, paper cover, 25c. Address as above Dr. Whittier.

**Electric Belt Free**

To introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electro Galvanic Suspensory Belts, Price $5; a positive and unfailing cure for Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Emissions, Impotency &c. $500.00 Reward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate a genuine electric current. Address at once ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, P. O. Box 178, Brooklyn, N. Y.


## NEWPORT IN MOURNING.

**The Sudden Death of Mrs. Edwin Morgan at the Paran Stevens Villa.**

NEWPORT, August 19.—Newport was shocked last night to learn the unexpected death of Mrs. Edwin Morgan of New York, at the Paran Stevens villa, on Bellevue avenue. The deceased had been ill about two weeks with typhoid fever. Mrs. Morgan was the daughter of George Penniman of New York, who is now in Europe with his wife. Her brother is residing in a Western State. Her husband is the grandson of the late Gov. Edwin D. Morgan of New York. The death of Mrs. Morgan has cast a gloom over the city and will put an end to many private entertainments, the dates of which had been decided upon.

### Van Winkle to Hang.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., August 19.—The Supreme Court has refused to grant an appeal in the case of Henry Van Winkle, convicted of murder. Van Winkle has been sentenced to hang September 3, making three murderers to be executed on the date named.

LOCAL ASSEMBLY, No. 3,913, Knights of Labor, now meets every Thursday night at the Anchor Hall, Broadway and LaBeaume street.

# BEAUTY'S BEAMS.

## ANOTHER CHAPTER IN THE BLEWITT-ELMS ROW AT WOODLAND.

**Conviction of Scott and Ben Blewitt for Assaulting James C. Elms—The Influence of Loveliness on Attorneys and Jurymen—Col. Torrey's Gallantry Tested—Further Trouble Expected.**

All of Woodland, its friends, cousins and grandparents, decorated the Circuit Court room at Clayton, St. Louis County, Tuesday, when for the third time the cases of the State against Scott and Ben Blewett were heard before Justice Giles Bradford. The defendants are principals in the St. Louis Public Schools, Ben Blewitt at the Divoll and Scott Blewitt at the Stoddard. They were charged with assaulting and battering Jas. C. Elms, the Broadway hair dealer. The assault was alleged to have been committed on May 8, 1886, at Woodland, a station on the Wabash, where all parties live. It was written at length in the columns of the POST-DISPATCH at the time, and has been commented upon since on the occasions of each of the trials. The first trial was incomplete when a juror disappeared. He has never since been found. The second trial ended in a hung jury, four for the acquittal of Ben and conviction of Scott, and two for acquittal of both. The third trial began at 9:30 yesterday morning. The Prosecuting Attorney represented Elms' and the State's interest in the case while the defendants were represented by Col. Thoroughman of St. Louis, Wm. Breadhead of Kirkwood and Mr. McIlheney of Clayton. The prosecution put on the stand first Mr. Elms. He told the old story of the origin of his trouble with the Blewitt family in 1878, when the father of Scott and Ben accused Elms of being unnaturalized after he had voted in an election; Scott Blewitt's testimony on the witness stand at Ferguson to the effect that Elms' neighbors would not believe him on oath; Elms' endeavors to secure a public retraction of that statement, which led to the quarrel at the Woodland Station on May 8, and the assault. He introduced his naturalization papers, which bore date 1872, and a letter from Scott Blewitt, written in 1878, apologizing for the statements on the witness-stand at Ferguson.

HIS WIFE AND TWO DAUGHTERS

followed him on the stand. Mrs. Elms is a bride of but six months standing, though she is nearly her husband's age. She was a witness of the assault, as were the daughters, as it was committed near the Elms' house. The elder daughter, Laura, is 15 years old, but is quite mature, and the loveliest picture of girlhood Col. Jay L. Torrey ever saw. She is a perfect blonde, with large, dark brown eyes, long lashes, arched eyebrows, a bow-like mouth and perfectly modeled nose. The style of her face is Langtry. She is graceful and possessed of such modest confidence as made her the most attractive witness of the day. A question of veracity was raised between Col. Torry and the Elms family. The former, who testified for the defense, said that during an interview with Elms who, he said, threatened to kill the Blewitts, Laura Elms had come into the store and asked her father for money. Miss Elms said she was not in the city that day, and all her family corroborated her testimony.

Col. Thoroughman asked her if she had ever seen Col. Torrey before the trial.

"No, sir."

"Have you ever seen me before?"

"Yes, sir; frequently, on the train."

"Yes, God bless you! I've seen you, too," responded the gallant lawyer. "My daughter told me Mr. Elms had the prettiest daughter on earth, and I believed her when I saw you."

The witness blushed at this and much more of the same sort. When Col. Torrey was on the stand he claimed he had seen the girl at her father's store.

"How do you know you saw her then?" asked an attorney.

"I remarked her extraordinary beauty and wondered how she could be the daughter of such a man," replied the witness.

JENNIE ELMS, ANOTHER DAUGHTER,

aged but 13, came in for numerous compliments of the same sort from witnesses and attorneys. She is a less perfect type as compared to her sister, also blonde and brown-eyed.

The testimony for the prosecution closed at 10:30 o'clock in the morning. The defense occupied until 6 o'clock p. m., and introduced some new testimony, the most important of which was given by a farmer, Huiskamp, who told of threats made by Elms. His testimony was very damaging, but was disregarded by the jury for the weakness of some of its points and the failure to introduce it at the other trial. The drift of the defense was that the Blewitts did not assault Elms, the blows being dealt by Willis Hoard and Charles E. Barney, the latter being under bond for trial also. The argument extended from the finish of the testimony until 11 o'clock last night, when the case was given to the jury. It was believed the defense had secured acquittal, but the prosecuting witness' beautiful daughters weighed in the balance and the jury found both defendants guilty. Ben was fined $1 and costs and Scott $10 and costs. An appeal was taken to the Circuit Court.

The Barney case is set for trial on October 15, and will be hotly contested. He was a guest of the Blewitts the morning of the assault. Hoard, it is believed, will plead guilty. But in the termination of these trials the feud will not end. Large damage suits are talked of, and the entire population of Woodland is divided into factions that favor the Blewitt or Elms side of the controversy. The duration of the quarrel, trivial as it was in the beginning and in its subsequent incidents, has been so long as to engender the most violent feeling, and those who are familiar with the principals anticipate that it will be marked with trouble before the termination.

## LOCAL NEWS.

The Flambeau Club met last evening, but only routine business was transacted.

The Central Labor Union held a meeting last night and decided to assist the brewery workers in their strike.

The Southern Historical and Benevolent Society meets this evening, and papers will be read by Col. R. H. Musser and Maj. Thomas Bacon.

Mattie Roberts, a colored woman living in the alley between Seventh, Eighth, Olive and Locust streets, attempted suicide last evening by taking a dose of morphine.

The alarm from box 41, at an early hour this morning, was for an incipient blaze at 114 North Fourth street, occupied by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company. No damage.

Mr. Conde Ryan desires it stated in justification of his action in refusing information to a reporter in regard to the De Mary-Lindsley matter that he is a friend of Lindsley's and did not, therefore, care to give publicity to anything that would be calculated to place him in an unfavorable light. The saloon on Easton avenue and Francis street is owned by his brother-in-law, John Murphy, which, he says, accounts for his presence there.

About 1,500 saloon-keepers met yesterday afternoon at Schuler's Hall and organized the St. Louis Saloon Keepers' Association by electing the following officers: Charles O'Malley, President; Joseph O'Connell, Secretary, and Louis Thiet, Treasurer. The announcement that an assessment of 50 cents on each member would be made for the purpose of defraying expenses which had already incurred caused about half of those assembled in the hall to take their leave, and their departure was the cause of a stirring condemnatory speech by Mr. Weisman.

A. W. Gale was arrested last night on a charge of embezzlement and locked up at the Four Courts. Sometime ago a Texas merchant, who deals with the Greeley-Burnham Grocer Company, sent a draft for his indebtedness to "A. W. Gale, Secretary, St. Louis, Mo.," instead of Mr. A. H. Gale, who is Secretary of the firm. The letter was delivered to A. W. Gale and he took the draft to Chas. Joy and had it cashed. The mistake of the Texas merchant became known to the firm several days ago and the matter was put in the hands of detectives, who arrested A. W. Gale last evening.

### Railway Notes.

J. E. Ennis, Traveling Passenger Agent of the Missouri Pacific, is down from Chicago.

L. A. Emerson, General Freight Agent of the Missouri Pacific, returned this morning from a trip West as far as Omaha.

J. M. Chesbrough, Assistant General Passenger Agent of the Vandalia, returned from the North this morning.

Capt. C. W. Rogers, First Vice-President of the St. Louis and San Francisco, after a prolonged trip to Eureka Springs, returned home last evening. The Captain is much improved in health and strength, but will not resume active railroad life until next spring.

## A TERRIBLE TRIAL.

**Two Peace Disturbers Make Fun for Judge Cady.**

John Stock was tried in the First District Police Court this morning for disturbing the peace of Anton Kleisner, and Anton Kleisner was tried for disturbing the peace of John Stock. It was a remarkable trial in more respects than one, and the corps of deputy marshals of the court were kept busy endeavoring to suppress the bursts of laughter the spectators were constantly breaking out into. Stock is a teamster and Kleisner a butcher, and both keep wagons in an alley between Missouri and McNair avenues near Lynch street. Tuesday afternoon Stock had a row with Kleisner and the latter's father-in-law, William Wilkins, in which pitch-fork, wagon stakes and wagon pins figured, and this morning the whole section of the city in which the disturbance occurred was up in court to testify in the case. Judge John M. Young represented Kleisner and "Col." Cunningham appeared for Stock, and the antics of the latter attorney were even more laughable than the testimony of the witnesses. When the case was called City Attorney Dyer asked if the defendants had made friends, and if such was the case, they would be let off on the payment of costs. The men had not made friends, but, on the other hand, were very angry. "Col." or "Judge," Cunningham, for he is known by both titles, jumped up and said: "I am willing, your Honor, that my man should be friendly." Judge Cady did not think an attorney's willingness entered into the question, and as the men were evidently still quite angry at each other he ordered the case to be tried. The "Colonel," who, by the way, was lately a cook on a flatboat on the river, made his next great legal hit in the case when he went to cross-examine a witness in German. Judge Cody in the most cold-blooded manner, sat down on the innovation, however, and the "Colonel" had to content himself with using the best English at his command.

It developed that Stock had got into a row with Wilkins and that Wilkins and his son, according to Stock's witnesses, armed themselves with wagon pins and wagon stakes and Stock got a pitchfork. He afterward laid it down and Kleisner, who put in an appearance just then, struck him in the nose, knocking him down. When Stock denied that he had taken the pitchfork except in self-defense, old man Wilkins, who was sitting in the court-room, yelled out, "You did." Judge Cady had the old man locked up until he was wanted as a witness. In giving his testimony the old man yelled so that he could be heard three blocks off and when he got down from the stand continued talking and was fined $5 by the Judge for contempt of court. Kleisner admitted knocking Stock down, but claimed the latter had called his wife and her mother vile names.

"And that is why you struck him?" Mr. Dyer asked.

"Well, he called my wife a —— and I thought if she was one, I wanted to know it, so I knocked him down."

"That is the way you had of finding out?"

"Well, of course."

Judge Cady fined each of them $10 and costs.

## AN ATTRACTIVE REPERTOIRE.

**The Programme Announced for the Cave—Amusement Notes.**

The "Three Black Cloaks" is one of the most melodious of the operas produced at the Cave this season, but the performances were marred to some extent by the non-familiarity of some of the cast with their work. Miss Harvey, who in the first of the season was always prepared in the "Golden Goose" and "Black Cloaks," has shown gross carelessness. Mr. Nelson was apparently as unfamiliar with his lines as if he had never read them. Mr. Wolff was excellent and Messrs. Roe, Standish and Young did well, while Miss Starr and the others were good. To-night "Olivette" with Miss Wiley in the title role and Mr. Golden as Coquelicot will be given. The same bill is announced for to-morrow night. On Saturday afternoon a Mikado matinee at popular prices will be given at the Grand Opera-house.

On Saturday night the new opera "Macaire" will be produced in handsome style, with a cast which introduces a number of new people, who will constitute the Thompson Opera Company for the coming season. It will be as follows: Erminie, Dora Wiley; Cerise, Hattie Starr; Princess de Gramponeur, Genevieve Reynolds; Jarotte, Jennie Bogeard; Marie, May Standish; Delaunay, P. Randolph; Codeaux, Wm. Wolff; Ravennis, Chas. A. Shackford; Marquis de Pouvert, J. R. Murray, Eugene Marcel, Harry Nelson; Chevalier de Brabazon, Harry Standish; Dufois, F. Palmer; Simon, Dan Young; Vicomte de Brissac, J. Starvo; Sergeant, C. Hartley.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Manager W. A. Thompson will receive a benefit next Thursday night when a big bill including a cornet solo by himself will be given.

The Fair Ground is open to engagement for picnics every day.

T. J. Farron and his supporting company arrived in the city this week. The company includes T. J. Farron, J. H. Stuart, Polly McDonald, Gracie Emmet, Ida Lillian Abrams, John H. W. Byrne, W. T. Dobson, E. H. Burton, J. L. Hostetter, H. H. Raulins, Geo. A. Koster, J. W. Meisgein, T. R. Perry and H. J. Myers. They have begun rehearsals and will open their reason at the People's Theater Saturday evening, August 28. Mr. Geo. J. Common of this city has been secured as business manager of the company.

## BAD BUSINESS.

**Judson & Co., Extensive Carpet Dealers in Chicago, Assign.**

CHICAGO, August 19.—Yesterday afternoon the firm of Judson & Co., consisting of Walter H. Judson and Joseph W. Golden, which has been doing an extensive carpet business in the store over Peacock's jewelry establishment, at the corner of State and Washington streets, confessed judgement on notes aggregating $72,000. The holders are the Kensington National Bank of Philadelphia, $32,762; Eighth National Bank of the same city, $27,578; Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, also of Philadelphia, and the Merchants' National of this city, $4,236. The papers were put in the hands of a Deputy Sheriff, who served them during the evening, and his custodian was in charge last night. The failure of the firm, which has been doing business in this city since 1877, was somewhat unexpected. It will be remembered that Mr. Bradley, the late manager at Pullman, was a debtor of Judson & Co. for $5,000 for house-furnishing, a considerable portion of which is understood to be a total loss. Business, too, it was reported, had been dull for some time back, duller even than it is customary at this time of year; and the collections have, if anything, been duller than the sales.

Neither of the partners was inclined to say anything on the subject last night, but it is understood that the indebtedness to the banks consists of money borrowed for the purpose of buying goods, and that in addition to the $72,000 there is an indebtedness for about an equal sum mainly to Eastern manufacturers. The stock on hand, it is stated, would somewhat more than cover the judgments, but would not yield enough, even with the book accounts, to pay the other creditors.

## CORA'S COMPLAINT.

**A Young Wife's Recital of an Unhappy Domestic Experience.**

Cora Elizabeth Kapp entered a suit for divorce in the Circuit Court to-day against John Kapp. They were married in July, 1883, and lived together for three years. Mrs. Kapp alleges that her husband has rendered her life miserable by his cruel and brutal treatment. She complains that he gave himself up to habits of intemperance, and that he neglected her in every way. He failed to provide for her, and at times his conduct was such that she was in fear of her life. Once during a delicate period her husband, she alleges, ran after her with an ax, causing her great fright. He deluged her at times with foul epithets, and did everything to terrify, harass and annoy her. At length being sick in mind and body from her husband's cruel treatment and neglect she was compelled to go to her mother for assistance, and she is now being cared for by her relatives. She asks for the restoration of her maiden name, Cora Jennings.

### Opium-Smoking in Boston.

From the Boston Record.

There is said to be nearly eight hundred opium-smokers in Boston, and the number is increasing every day.

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d strength, but will not resume
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# WAR TO THE KNIFE.

## THE DECLARATION OF THE PARNELLITES AGAINST LORD SALISBURY.

**The Opening of Parliament—Queen Victoria's Speech—A Passing Allusion—Financial Legislation Recommended—Gladstone in Good Spirits—Meeting of the Parnellite Members of Parliament—The Belfast Riots—Nine Policemen Arrested and Jailed—Foreign News.**

*Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.*

LONDON, August 19.—House of Commons, 6 p.m.—There was a comparatively small attendance of members at the assembling of Parliament. The Tories were present in force but many Liberal seats were not yet filled. Gladstone who looked gay in a white waistcoat, white tie and a large pink rose, was received with vociferous and prolonged applause. Churchill, not long before, was received with mingled cheers and laughter. The Unionists again sat on the front bench, Morley and Chamberlain engaging in an apparently amicable conversation. The business so far was Bradlaugh's motion against sessional orders forbidding the peers to concern themselves in the election of members of the Commons on the ground it was a sham house. In the words of the Attorney-General 200 years ago it should not bark where it cannot bite. Much amusement was created by the allusion to the powerful Government now in office so ably led. Churchill replied for the Government with much dignity, proposing a committee of inquiry, which was received with loud laughter as an indication of the policy of the Government on other subjects. Gladstone's voice was fairly clear. He seems in good health and spirits. Bradlaugh got 122 members to vote with him. Though of course defeated by a large majority it was a moral victory.

### England.

THE OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

LONDON, August 19.—At the hour Parliament met a depressing and persistent rain was falling, and the crowd gathered about the Westminster buildings was small. Some enthusiasm was displayed on the arrival of various prominent leaders but it was generally faint. The attendance in the House of Commons was large. Many members arrived before they had had breakfast, in order to secure good seats. The Queen's speech was as follows:

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN: I have summoned you to meet at this unusual season for the transaction of indispensable business. The session of the last Parliament was interrupted before the ordinary work of the year had been completed in order that the sense of my people might be taken on certain important proposals with regard to the government of Ireland. The result of that appeal has been to confirm the conclusion to which the late Parliament had come. The provisional nature of the arrangement made by the last Parliament for the public charge of the year renders it inexpedient to postpone any furthey the consideration of the necessary financial legislation.

GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS—The estimates which were submitted to the last parliament and only partially voted will be laid before you.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN—At a period of the year usually assigned for the recess and after the prolonged and exceptional labors to which many of you have been subjected I abstain from recommending now for your consideration any measures except those which are essential to the conduct of the public service during the remaining portion of the financial year. I am confident that they will receive your prompt and careful attention.

MEETING OF THE PARNELLITE MEMBERS.

A meeting of the Parnellite members was held in the House of Commons before the meeting of that body. Mr. Parnell presided, seventy members being present.

The meeting decided to discus Irish affairs and especially the Belfast riots during the debate in the House of Commons, on the reply to the Queen's speech, and also to endeavor to learn the intentions of the Government in regard to Ireland.

WAR TO THE KNIFE.

United Ireland of Dublin, Mr. Parnell's organ, reiterates the declaration that there will be war to the knife against Lord Salisbury. The people of Ireland, it says, will resist him with a desperation and skill that have never before been displayed.

### THE BELFAST RIOTS.

**Catholic Working People Discharged by Orange Employers—Policemen Arrested.**

*Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.*

BELFAST, August 19.—The city wore a much more peaceful aspect yesterday than at any time for the last fortnight. Many soldiers have been off duty. The weather has been warm and fair, which is in striking contrast to the cold rain that has fallen almost continuously for weeks. The island men came up more quietly last evening than at any other time since the riots began. There was no cheering nor disorderly conduct of any kind. I wish I could say that this pacific aspect was an augury of the real and permanent end of the disturbances. The hatred between the two parties has not abated one iota. On the contrary, it has rather increased. Their ideas are so far apart and there are so many brutal tendencies on both sides that there is no such thing as mutual concession or toleration. The removal of the military and of extra police would be followed by the most sanguinary results. Of course, all these armed forces cannot remain here forever. The cost is becoming a most serious consideration for the tax-payers who will have to bear the burden thereof. There is no pretense that the local police force would be able to preserve peace, and the city acknowledges itself unable to maintain order without outside assistance. An aggravating circumstance just now is the fact that a great many Catholics are losing their places in the factories. In some cases they find life there so disagreeable that they voluntarily resign, as did the Catholics employed in the Queen's Island ship yards. According to a reasonable estimate it is asserted that there are 2,000 Catholic men and girls who have been thrown out of employment during the last thirty days. The rich men of Belfast are all Protestants. They own the factories where great numbers of people work. The lines are drawn so closely now that the religious affiliation of each employe is made

A TEST OF FITNESS.

Catholics are losing their places every day and these poor people, who earn but little at the best, are now in a most distressed condition. This is one of the most threatening features of the situation.

I heard it intimated yesterday that an effort would be made to have country merchants and New York merchants stop their orders for linens and other articles of commerce made here. This would inaugurate a double boycott. The rougher elements in the Protestant party are being fed every day by incendiary speeches from their leaders. No prominent Orangeman has yet had the courage to call a halt in the revolt against the police. On the contrary, they are adding fierceness to the denunciation of the police. Mr. De Cobain, M. P. for this city, made a most abusive attack on the police Tuesday night, before a public meeting called for the purpose of protesting against their further employment. Here is a sentence from his speech:

"The liveried scoundrel must be surrendered to justice, and justice must unfrock him and mete out to him without parley the assassin's doom."

The liveried scoundrel here referred to is what in New York is called "one of the finest." What respect can the police expect to have shown them by the ignorant, savage hoodlums of the Orange party when one of their Members of Parliament talks so of them? This is what the constituted authority of the city has to face, and this is what unnerves every effort made to restore permanent order. I think the city may remain quiet till Saturday night or Sunday, when there is every probability of an outbreak. In fact, these outbreaks may be expected to continue until some better policy of restoring order is adopted. I have to mention one slight disturbance last evening at 6 o'clock. The employes of Barbour's mill, near the Falls road, were going out when some one fired a shot and one man was hit in the hand. A panic ensued and the two parties divided off and began to throw stones. Police and military interfered, but no one was seriously hurt except the man wounded in the hand. It was not ascertained who fired the shot.

THE SITUATION INTENSIFIED.

The situation has suddenly become intensified by a warrant issued at 11 o'clock last night for the arrest of nine policemen on the charge of deliberate murder. This is the result of the inquest that was in progress all day yesterday on the death of Isaac Jackson, one of the men killed by the police in their efforts to suppress the Orange mob on the Shankhill Road. Coroner Dill is an Orange sympathizer and he is following the suggestion of Mr. De Cobain. It is now apparent that the Orange party mean to hold the police force responsible for the deaths following their efforts to stop the rioting and there is no end of trouble expected. The names of the policemen arrested are: Sergt. James Daly, Acting Sergt. Wm. Armstrong, Constable John Kenney, Geo. Wynn, Wm. Barclay, Owen Devlin, John Bruner, Lawrence Linihan and John Houston.

THE MAGISTRATES IN A QUANDARY.

BELFAST, August 19.—The magistrates of Belfast are in a quandary as to how to proceed in view of a verdict of wilful murder found against nine policemen at a secret sitting to-day. The policemen have not as yet been arrested. They are charged with unnecessary firing upon citizens during the recent riots.

THE POLICEMEN ARRESTED.

The nine policemen have been arrested and sent to jail. They intend to apply to the Court of the Queen's Bench for permission to give bail. Two mobs gathered to-day and indulged in stone-throwing, but they were soon dispersed. Affairs here have almost resumed their normal condition and no serious rioting is feared. The military precautions have been relaxed.

### Burmah.

REINFORCEMENTS OF TROOPS.

LONDON, August 19.—The Indian Government is inviting tenders at Newcastle for transports to be ready to proceed to Bombay and Calcutta at the end of August. They are to be used, it is presumed, to carry reinforcements of troops to Burmah.

### CRACKER BAKERS.

**A Limited Convention in Session at the Southern Hotel.**

There has been in session at the Southern Hotel this morning a meeting of nineteen representatives of cracker manufacturers who are members of what is known as the Missouri River Compact. Prior to six months ago, when by limitation it expired, there existed the Western Cracker-makers' Association. It was a large and, the members thought, unwieldy organization. It included manufacturers in all the Western States. The compact includes only manufacturers in Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa. Its object is to regulate the prices of staple goods, the style of packages and some details in the methods of doing business. The meeting this morning was presided over by L. D. Dozier, the Chairman, J. L. Loose of Kansas City, Secretary. Representatives from the following firms were present: Dozier-Weyl Cracker Company, Manewal-Lange Cracker Company, Kendall-Bayle Cracker Company, St. Louis; Corl Cracker and Confectionery Company, Huggins Candy and Cracker Company, Kansas City; Riley Brothers, St. Joseph, Mo.; Jos. Garneau Cracker Company, Omaha; McClurg Cracker Co., Council Bluffs, Ia.; Wichita Cracker Co., Wichita, Kan.; Alfred Welsh, Atchison, Kan; J. M. Christy, Des Moines; Rupke, Smith & Co., J. C. Boehl, Davenport; J. P. Farley, E. W. Albee, Dubuque, and Jones, Douglas & Co., Cedar Rapids.

The last meeting of the compact was at Des Moines about six weeks ago. The custom is to have a meeting as often as there is business to justify it, and the meeting is called almost anywhere in the territory covered by the compact. The meeting to-day is to arrange details with reference to packing, etc.

### SOUTH MARKET.

**The Court Asked to Declare It a Nuisance—Suit Filed To-Day.**

A petition looking to the removal of South Market, Fourth street and Chouteau avenue, was filed this afternoon in the Circuit Court by A. A. Paxson in the name of the State, at the relation of the Circuit attorney. The proceeding is entered against about fifty stockholders in the market-house, a long narrow building, located on Carondelet avenue, opposite the old Convent of the Sacred Heart. The parties chiefly interested are John H. Fisse, Jacob Klein, Solon Humphreys, Julius S. Walsh, Jacob Kaiser, E. J. Chassaing, Dr. Pococke and John D. Elliott. An ordinance was granted in 1839 for the establishment of the market and shares at $25 each were issued to raise funds for building the market-house. It is alleged that a handsome sum is collected from the stall-keepers and the proprietors of stands and wagons outside the Market-house, and that the thoroughfare is obstructed and rendered almost impassable by reason of the market encroachments on the street.

Steps have previously been taken in the Municipal Assembly to abolish the market but they were always defeated by a strong lobby. It is now moved that the Court declare the market-house to be an obstruction to a public thoroughfare and that the marketing business on the sidewalks, under the sheds and along the curbing be declared a nuisance and be abolished. The business houses in the neighborhood and parties interested in Soulard Market are interested in this proceeding.

### BURGLARY AND LARCENY.

**George Williams Held for the Grand-Jury—Correction Court Notes.**

George Williams waived examination in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day in two cases of burglary and larceny and was held in the sum of $500 in each. In one he is charged with breaking into the house of William H. Barnett and stealing four gold rings valued at $20 belonging to Mrs. E. W. Farrell, and two shirts valued at $3 from William H. Barnett; and in the other with breaking into the house of E. Herring and stealing a suit of clothes and $27 belonging to Herman Bollinger.

The case of Morgan Hots, charged with assault and battery, was dismissed for want of prosecution.

Dennis Moore pleaded guilty to malicious trespass and was sent to jail for five days. He broke a window sash and six windows belonging to the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.

### Marriage Licenses.

| Name and Age. | Residence. |
|---|---|
| Anton Roesch, 23 | 1008 Lami st |
| Lena Vollmar, 23 | South Broadway |
| Wm. Uckalay, 22 | 3833 North Twenty-fifth st |
| Frieda Schweitzer, 24 | 2314 Palm st |

# WASHINGTON.

## SECRETARY BAYARD'S PROBABLE RETIREMENT FROM THE CABINET.

**The Secretary of State Annoyed by the Criticisms of His Enemies—Mr. Porter's Trouble with Private Secretary Bryan—The Cape Town (Africa) Naval Scandal—A Court-Martial to Be Ordered—Washington News.**

*By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 19.—There seems but little doubt that when the Mexican troubles are settled Secretary Bayard will retire from the Cabinet. This statement is made upon reliable authority, coming from a close and near friend of the Secretary. He would do so now were it not for the unfavorable comment it would create. To do so at this time, his actions would, he knows, be misconstrued and attributed to the unpleasant feature of the Mexican imbroglio. Much, of course, will depend on the manner in which a settlement of the affair is made. If Bayard can sustain himself before the people and receive their general approval, which he says he does not have at the present time, the question of resigning may be reconsidered. First Assistant Secretary of State Porter will, in all probability, resign as soon as the business of the office will admit of it. The cause for Mr. Porter's dissatisfaction has grown out of the unpleasant relationship that has sprung up between Bryan, Bayard's private secretary, and Mr. Porter. It is claimed and stated by those in position to know that Bryan, who is empowered to act for the Secretary in the Secretary's absence, has grown dictatorial and important, oftentimes overriding the will of Mr. Porter, and that it is quite out of the question to get on with him. An effort has been made to have the Secretary provide for Bryan in some other capacity, where he will not come in contact with the heads of various departments, which may be brought about. If this is done Mr. Porter may remain, but if not, he has signified his intention to retire as soon as the important matters now pending are disposed of.

### The Naval Scandal.

*By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 19. — Col. Remey, Judge-Advocate-General of the Navy Department, said to-day to the POST-DISPATCH representative that it was the wish and purpose of the department to bring about an investigation of the charges against the navy officers of the American men-of-war at Cape Town, on the southeast coast of Africa. "If the charges are true," said Col. Remey, "the Navy Department is more anxious than any other branch of the Government to be informed of it. We want to be thoroughly satisfied of the truth of the charge before we go to the expense of sending out a court-martial. So far there has been but one side of the controversy presented to the department, and before authorizing an investigation it is necessary to know something from the officers themselves. When this is furnished it will then be the wish of the department to proceed as it may think best. We are anxious that all the charges that are to be made shall be placed on file as soon as possible."

Consul Siler, who is in possession of many new facts which have never gone to the Department of State, is still in this country on his leave and is confined to his bed from rheumatism. He will, as soon as he gets well, furnish the State Department with the additional information. There is but little doubt that the charges will be of such a nature that it will be necessary to order an investigation, which, in all probability, will result in having the paymasters implicated cashiered from the service.

### A DOMESTIC BROIL.

**Jesse Johnson Fined for Beating His Wife—Carondelet Jottings.**

Francis J. Poupeney Jr., clerk of the Police Court, has obtained sixteen days leave of absence and he and his brother-in-law, Mr. Eugene LeMarchal, Jr., leave for St. Paul, Minn., this evening.

Mr. M. E. Lennon, the sanitary officer of this district, was presented a very handsome cane last night by the leading business men, through Police Capt. S. J. Boyd for his efficient work in clearing the city of filth within the past four months.

Deputy Coroner Tom Hennesey held an inquest yesterday on the body of George Martin, who accidentally shot and killed himself last Monday while fooling with a gun near Emmeneck's farm, about two miles south of this point. A verdict of accidental death was rendered. The funeral of the young man took place from his late residence, 7416 South Pennsylvania avenue, to Mount Olive Cemetery.

Lydia Johnson, colored, swore out a warrant yesterday against her husband Jesse for assault and battery. From Lydia's statement it appears that Jesse came home late last Tuesday evening, somewhat down cast. He was kept standing outside for a half-hour knocking for admission, by his wife. When Lydia opened the door her husband walked in and, picking up a huge sea-shell, struck her on the head with it.

This morning Lydia appeared in court with a bandaged head and a swollen eye to prosecute her husband. Judge Von Gerichten fined the prisoner $50 and costs.

### POOLED WHISKY.

**An Effort to Put New Hoops on the Splitting Association.**

H. B. Miller familiarly known as "Buffalo," of South Bend, Ind., president of the weak-kneed whisky pool is in the city, come to adjust local differences that being repeated in other cities threaten the disruption of the pool. At the last meeting Tuetscher of this city was not present. It was understood that he was dissatisfied with the conduct of affairs as affecting his distillery, and would draw out unless a new arrangement was made. In the disorganized condition of things of which this was but a feature, Sessinghaus, whose new distillery in North St. Louis, built over a year ago, has never produced an ounce of spirit as he was compensated by the pool to keep idle, has not been taken care of, and he is now preparing to begin making whisky. This would add so largely to the output of the country as to further disorganize the pool interests. In self defense the members are forced to consider some plan of protection, and it is understood Miller will propose the incorporation of an association under the laws of Illinois in which the pooled distilleries will be placed, as stock, each separate firm or corporation owning stock to the value of their distillery, and operating it for the association. This will enable it to so control its units as to prevent all possibility of dissolution. Such an association would be thoroughly iron-clad. What will come of the plan is only conjecture now.

### ERIE'S LOVE.

**An Alleged Lack of It Crazed a Jealous Husband—A Divorce Plea.**

Erie Austin entered a suit in the Circuit Court this afternoon seeking a decree of divorce from Ed A. Austin. They were married in April, 1881, and lived together at intervals until May, last year. Mrs. Austin alleges that her husband gave way to fits of anger and accused her of a lack of love for him. He developed symptoms of unreasonable jealousy and left her several times. She always forgave him when he came back again, but he behaved worse than before. He left her destitute for days and weeks together. Once he induced her to sign a chattel mortgage and threatened her by displaying a revolver. On two occasions he savagely assulted her and was arrested and sent to the Work-house. Mrs. Austin asks for restoration of her maiden name, Erie Sherman.

### A Father's Appeal.

Henry E. Schroeder, a widower, applied this afternoon to the Circuit Court for a writ of habeas corpus to be directed against August and Minnie Wolfe, his deceased wife's parents, who have custody and control of his little boy against his will and consent.

### The Robbery Record.

The residence of J. B. Johnson, No. 3839 Cook avenue, was entered last night by thieves and a half dozen tea-spoons, a half dozen silver table-spoons, a half dozen silver knives and forks and a lot of silver napkin rings were stolen.

A silver watch valued at $8 was stolen yesterday afternoon from Louis Musler of No. 1225 Gratiot street.

Yesterday a young man called at the residence of Mrs. Anton Rothmund, No. 1805 California avenue, and represented that her husband had sent him there for money to pay the damages done by his vehicle to another wagon in a collision. She gave him $3, and afterward learned that her husband had not been in any collision, and had sent no one to her for money.

### THE ANARCHISTS' TRIAL.

**State's Attorney Grinnell Finishes His Speech—Judge Gary's Instructions.**

CHICAGO, August 19.—In the anarchist case this morning, State's Attorney Grinnell resumed his address. The Court will begin his instructions to the jury about 1:30 p. m. At 2 o'clock on the convening of the court, Judge Gary instructed the jury. In his instructions, after giving the usual definitions of what was murder, and what its punishment is under the statutes, the Judge said: "The Court instructs the jury as matter of law that, in considering the case, the jury are not to go beyond the evidence to hunt up doubts, nor must they entertain such doubts as are merely chimerical or conjectural. A doubt to justify an acquittal must be reasonable, and it must arise from a candid and impartial investigation of all the evidence in the case, and unless it is such that were the same kind of a doubt interposed in the graver transactions of life it would cause a reasonable and prudent man to hesitate and pause, it is insufficient to authorize a verdict of not guilty. If, after considering all the evidence, you can say you have an abiding conviction of the truth of the charge, you are satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt. The Court instructs the jury as a matter of law that an accessary is he who stands by and aids, abets or assists, or who, not being present aiding, abetting or assisting, has advised encouraged, aided or abetted the perpetration of the crime. He who thus aids, abets, assists, advises or encourages shall be considered as principal and punished accordingly. Every such accessary, when a crime is committed within or without this State, by his aid, or procurement in this State, may be indicted and convicted at the same time as the principal, or before or after his conviction, and whether the principal is convicted or amenable to justice or not, and punished as principal."

STRONG LANGUAGE.

If the defendants attempted to overthrow the law by force and threw the bomb, then the defendants who were in the conspiracy were guilty of murder. If there was an anarchistic conspiracy and defendants were parties to it, they are guilty of murder, though the date of the culmination of conspiracy was not fixed. If any of the defendants conspired to excite, by advising people to riot and murder, such defendants are guilty of such murder, which was done in pursuance of said conspiracy, and the impracticableness of the aims of the defendants is immaterial. Circumstantial evidence is competent to prove guilt, and if the defendants conspired to overthrow the law, and Degan was killed in consequence, the parties are guilty and it is not necessary that any of the defendants were present at the killing. All parties to the conspiracy are equally guilty. Circumstantial evidence must satisfy the jury beyond a reasonable doubt. In such case the jury may find the defendants guilty. When the defendants testified in the case, they stood on the same ground as other witnesses. The jury can take into account the interest of the witnesses. If any one of such defendants has lied as a witness, the jury should only believe such part of his testimony as has been corroborated.

The jury were not to go beyond the evidence to hunt up doubts. Doubt must arise naturally from the evidence and the jurors must act as they would in ordinary affairs of life. A doubt must be a reasonable one. Sympathy does not constitute a doubt. The jurors must believe as men where there was no oath to witnesses. The jurors were judges of the law and fact, but should not go against the Court without full consideration. The jury might find any or all defendants guilty or not guilty, and could fix the penalty for all. If guilty of murder, or of anything else, the sentence should be fixed in accordance with the statute. Forms of verdict were given to the jury providing for all the sentences, and also acquittals. For the defendants, the instructions were that if the jury understood the law better than the Judge, they should so act. Before the jury can convict these defendants they must find them guilty beyond all reasonable doubt. Mere probabilities do not constitute guilt. Personal opinions of facts not proven are incompetent. They are sole judges and can consider the interests of witnesses which might color their testimony. Waller and Seliger were accomplices and their testimony should be viewed with great care. If Waller and Seliger testified from a promise of reward, such fact should determine the weight of their testimony. If any of the State's witnesses testified from hope of reward, the same rule should apply to them.

The Judge finished his instruction at 2:50 p. m., and the jury immediately retired.

### Belleville News.

Dr. Floyd T. Miller of Casyville, who was mentioned prominently for the nomination for the Legislature, has announced that he does not now desire it. Dr. Miller would have undoubtedly received the nomination, and the announcement of his withdrawal disconcerted the Democratic leaders here this morning, but a substitute who will doubtless prove as strong a candidate was agreed upon this afternoon. The new candidate is Mayor J. F. Webb of Lebanon. Mr. Webb was in the city to-day and expressed his willingness to announce himself as an aspirant for the nomination.

Deputy Sheriff Ragland was overcome by the heat yesterday at French Village, but is not in any danger.

August Klein had an artery in his left arm cut yesterday at the Western Nail Mill by the fall of a heavy cylinder.

### Preferred the Hose to Food.

Mrs. Roberts of No. 2112 Olive street made a commendable but unsuccessful attempt to make a tramp work the other day. A man about 45 years of age came to her door begging for something to eat, and she gave him a hose and fixtures to wash the sidewalk. The gay and festive tramp took the hose and never returned with it. It was a new hose fifty feet in length. The lady vows that after the unfortunate outcome of this venture she will never again attempt work out of a tramp.

### Knocked Down and Trampled.

While William Keightly was delivering a load of ice at the Dorris Mansion, King's Highway and Olive street, between 11 and 12 o'clock yesterday morning, his team became frightened and ran away. Keightly was knocked down and trampled by one of the horses, being considerably bruised about the head and face. He was taken to his home, 2230 Walnut street, in the Health Department ambulance. His injuries are not considered dangerous.

### After Forty Years.

Mary Hill entered a suit this afternoon in the Circuit Court seeking a decree of divorce from Fred M. Hill. The marriage took place in Nottingham, England, July 12, 1842, and after living together nearly forty years a separation took place the husband deserting the wife in June, 1881. Mrs. Hill alleges that the separation was not through any fault on her part. She possesses some property, but cannot convey it until a divorce has been obtained.

### On a Lark.

C. W. DePauw, son of the New Albany, Ind., millionaire, ran into the Lindell Hotel this morning with J. K. Woodward, Jr., I. P. Leyden and Frank Stay of New Albany. They chucked their valises over the counter, ate breakfast, and skurried out into the city to ride on the cable cars, which, DePauw explained to his friends, his father owns. They will run back to New Albany to-night, having greatly enjoyed their brief dissipation.

### Death of R. W. Ulrici.

Richard W. Ulrici, an old citizen, died at the Southern Hotel to-day at 11:55 o'clock of old age. He has resided in the hotel ever since it was built, and resided for years in the old hotel. He came to St. Louis in 1840 with his parents from Prussia, where he was born. He was married in 1848 to Miss Theresa Paul, daughter of Gabriel Paul, a wealthy citizen of the city in those days. Mrs. Ulrici died several years ago, and her husband has been gradually failing ever since.


# This is a Time of Danger

Dangers, in the shape of alarming ills, threaten the household at this season, which, if neglected, become prostrating diseases. To guard against them requires vigilance, abstinence, and SANFORD'S GINGER.

This unrivalled household panacea and delicious summer medicine is an original combination of Imported Ginger, Choice Aromatics, and French Brandy, vastly superior to all other "gingers" and household medicines known to physicians.

It instantly relieves cramps and pains, speedily checks all forms of summer complaint, prevents indigestion, destroys disease germs in water drunk, restores the circulation and digestion when suspended by a chill,—a frequent cause of cholera morbus,—breaks up colds and fevers, and wards off malarial, contagious, and epidemic influences.

**SANFORD'S GINGER,**

Is Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

As a healthful summer drink, with water, milk, iced water, lemonade, effervescent draughts and mineral waters, it is the best.

Mothers worn out with the cares of maternity or the household, or when weak, nervous and hysterical, should take a dose of this delicious invigorant. No other remedy is so wholesome, palatable, and safe for delicate women, young children, and the aged.

For the nervous, sleepless, and mentally and physically overworked or worn out SANFORD'S GINGER is a pure and safe invigorator. It eradicates a craving for intoxicants in those addicted to their excessive use, allays nervousness, assists digestion, and promotes sleep.

Beware of worthless "gingers," offensively urged by mercenary druggists, on those who call for

**SANFORD'S GINGER,**

The Delicious Summer Medicine.

# "CARBOLIC SMOKE-BALL."

**ASTHMA'S CONQUEROR! THE DREAD FOE FEARED NO LONGER.**

ST. LOUIS, August 17, 1886.—"Carbolic Smoke-Ball" Co.—Gentlemen: For eighteen years I have been troubled with the Asthma, my attacks at times being very severe. This morning, having an attack (I could hardly speak three words without gasping for breath). I tried "Carbolic Smoke-Ball," and received instant relief, the strain and pain in my tonsils also disappearing. The quick change from torture to comfort was wonderful. I had no idea that any medicine—I have tried many unsuccessfully—would do so much for me. I would advise all fellow-sufferers from Asthma to try "Carbolic Smoke-Ball."

GEORGE RICHARDSON, Painter and Grainer, 36½ North Tenth street.

☞ This is positively the only sure cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis and other diseases of the Head, Throat and Lungs.

**Offices Removed to S. E. Corner Olive and Broadway, Over Wabash Ticket Office.**

☞ "Smoke Ball" sent by mail with full instructions on receipt of price ($2) and 4 cents in stamps.


### CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. W. F. Mallison of Little Rock is visiting friends in the city.

Dr. E. H. Gregory has returned from a vacation spent in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto U. Von Schrader returned this morning from their bridal tour.

Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Wilcox of 3899 Delmar avenue have returned from the East.

Miss Rasie Dupierris of Pine street is on a visit to her friend, Mrs. M. T. Jones of Kansas City, Mo.

Miss Addie Beauvais and sister, Miss D. L. Beauvais, are expected home from a visit to the North next Monday.

Mrs. Wm. V. Walcott and family leave for Niagara Falls this evening to spend the remainder of the summer.

Dr. Kuhn and family with Mrs. Stewart have spent August in France. They expect to return about the 1st of September.

Mrs. E. C. Sands of this city will leave for Detroit in a few days and will spend some weeks at the lakes and Niagara Falls.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shine, family, mother, and Miss Ella Sullivan of Finney avenue, left on the Mary Morton for St. Paul, Minn., and the Northern lakes.

### ABOUT TOWN.

THERE was a light docket to-day in the Second District Police Court, made up of the usual cases of disturbing the peace and drunks on the street.

THE first bale of Arkansas cotton, of this year's crop, bought by R. B. Schwartzkopf & Co. of Hope, Ark., was to-day shipped to Senter & Co. of this city.

J. A. MCGINNIS and family, Miss E. Thompson, W. H. Gregg and George N. Sayers are among the late arrivals from St. Louis at the Oakwood, Green Lake, Wis.

SUITS on coupons for $3,000 were filed this afternoon in the United States Circuit Court by the Ninth National Bank of New York City against Cape Girardeau County in connection with bonds issued for the State line railroad.

AN unnecessary alarm of fire was turned in at 6 o'clock this morning from box 152, a hot box in the cellar of the Laclede Mill, southwest corner of Ninth and Soulard streets, being the cause. There was no damage done. On the way to the fire truck No. 4 broke down on Eighth and Julia streets.

### Banker Tracy's New Bond.

*By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.*

PEORIA, Ill., August 19.—Harlan P. Tracy, the Elmwood banker, who is under bonds for embezzlement, surrendered himself this morning and immediately filed a new bond, with signers who represent $5,000,000.

### The Young Men of the South.

*From the Atlanta Sunny South.*

The idea prevails largely in our current literature that the young men of the "new South" are full of force and energy, eager to grapple the difficulties of their situation, and quite prepared to wring success from unwilling fortune. The picture is not wholly one of fancy. There are such young men among us, and they are illustrating what may be done in the new order of things amid which they are thrown. But they are not very numerous—are, in fact, painfully exceptional. The great bulk of our young men are of the opposite type. They go about business, if they go at it at all, in a half-hearted way, as if they regarded failure as a foregone conclusion. A great many do not engage in any steady vocation, but accept any little job by which they can earn a few dollars. Perhaps there never were so many men who cannot be said to be pursuing any regular calling. An ambition to get behind a counter, or to secure a traveling agency for some business house is that which generally takes possession of the minds of our young men. There is a turning away from agriculture as if it were not a calling which promises to patience, energy and industry the very best rewards. We must own it, that the bold, ambitious young man, who is willing to forego present ease and display, and who will not be content with any expedient that may meet the present emergency, is an exception among us. There is as good chance to lay the foundations of a fortune now as there ever was if young men will only exercise the proper industry and economy.

### By Tunnel from Sweden to Denmark.

*Copenhagen Letter to the London Standard.*

Mr. Alexandre de Rothe, an engineer, who has been working at Panama under M. de Lesseps, has presented to the Governments of Denmark and Sweden a project for a submarine railway tunnel under the Sound between Copenhagen and Malmo. The tunnel is to have a total length of twelve kilometers, three between Ameger and the small island Saltholmen, under the Strait Drogden, and nine between Saltholmen and Sweden. The ground to be worked much resembles that in the channel between England and France, and it is said to offer no difficulty to the execution of the work. The cost of construction is calculated to amount to 30,000,000f, or £1,200,000. The Swedish Government takes a great interest in the plan, while the Danish at present is keeping somewhat back. Mr. de Rothe entertains sanguine hopes of a successful result of the negotiations. The tunnel would be of the greatest importance for the future commercial connection between Sweden-Norway, and later on of Russia and the whole continent, as laden railway wagons could then run from the north of Norway, Sweden, or Finland, down to the south of Italy.

### Orleans House at Twickenham.

*From the London Figaro.*

According to my Parisian namesake, the Comte de Paris will most probably, after his return from the trip in the Highlands of Scotland and Switzerland, go to live again at Orleans House, Twickenham. The Comte will find this mansion very much as he left it some fifteen or sixteen years ago. It is true that the Orleans Club took it in 1877, and for years used it as a club-house, but no great changes were made in consequence in the internal arrangements. Many of the heavier pieces of furniture remain to-day in the very places in which the Comte de Paris left them when he quitted Orleans house. The dining-room is still hung with the same tapestry, embroidered with the arms of the house of Orleans, which was there during the former residence of its again exiled master. The same massive and handsomely carved mahogany table stands in the middle of the apartment, and even in the bed-rooms much of the simple but tasteful furniture which was in them in 1875 is still there. Needless to say that the unusually large and well-arranged cattle sheds which were built under special direction of the Duchess of Orleans, are also still in existence, while on the walls of Orleans House still hang portraits, in oil, of the more famous cows and oxen which, from time to time, gained cups and medals at agricultural shows. At Orleans House, in short, the Comte de Paris, surrounded as he will be by so many familiar objects, cannot fail to feel at home at any rate, or as much so as he could hope to become in a foreign land. It is true that this residence has few, if any, points of resemblance to a French chateau, but those who have been inside it will admit that it is a model specimen of a comfortable English home.

### Flirting in Camp.

*From the San Francisco Chronicle.*

Flirtation in the woods is always a more serious and impressive thing than in town. You'll see a couple come gradually together in a camp or at a hotel by the seaside. As much as three or four days will elapse before any special affinity develops itself. Then you'll see little attentions of a delicate nature; they segregate from parties first, not too obviously; then they take to kind of devoting themselves to each other; then they get taking strolls alone, and the seriousness becomes imposing. The other campers or outers are very respectful; a compact seems to exist that flirtation shall be respected. But the demure air they both put on is awfully funny. They are partly ashamed and partly proud; they are a little scared at first and steal off separately and meet accidentally out of sight. But it doesn't last long, and they very soon take to marching off openly together, while every man and woman in the camp casts a smile askew at them as they go. Then they quarrel and she won't speak to him; she treats him with great frigidity, and everybody in camp sympathizes on one side or another. Then they make up, and everybody in camp knows it. And all you ever hear of it after the season is: "Oh, yes; they were a good deal together at Monterey." If it was in town everybody would say: "It's shameful the way those two are going on."

### Advice to a Young Man.

*Burdette in Brooklyn Eagle.*

Don't worry, my son, don't worry. Don't worry about something that you think may happen to-morrow, because you may die to-night, and to-morrow will find you beyond the reach of worry. Don't worry over a thing that happened yesterday, because yesterday is a hundred years away. If you don't believe it just try to reach after it and bring it back. Don't worry about anything that is happening to-day, because to-day will only last fifteen or twenty minutes. If you don't believe it, tell your creditors you'll be ready to settle in full with them at sunset. Don't worry about things you can't help, because worry only makes them worse. Don't worry about things you can help, because then there's no need to worry. Don't worry at all. If you want to be penitent now and then, it won't hurt you a bit to go into the sackcloth and ashes business a little. It will do you good. If you want to cry a little once in a long while, that isn't a bad thing. If you feel like going out and clubbing yourself occasionally, I think you need it and will lend you a helping hand at it, and put a plaster on you afterward. But worry, worry, worry, fret, fret, fret—why, there's neither sorrow, penitence, strength, penance, reformation, hope nor resolution in it. It's just worry.

### The Vatican's Cremation Position.

*From the Pall Mall Gazette.*

The Vatican has taken a singular step with reference to the cremation question. It has all along viewed with disfavor a form of sepulture which is at least chronologically pagan. But though cremation made its great start in Italy its progress there has been comparatively slow. Milan remains the headquarters of a system not yet introduced into Rome, and even in Milan, though the mortality keeps its full average, the furnaces are but seldom kindled. The Italians, as a people, are slow to take up "fads," and are accustomed to find the State interest itself in ventures which in other countries are left to private speculation. The new decrees dealing with the question are very peremptory in their terms. All faithful Catholics are forbidden to affiliate themselves with any cremation society, and no one is to be permitted to order or facilitate cremation, even when the testator should have directed this kind of sepulture for himself and his executors and next of kin are desirous to carry out his wishes. Of course these decrees do not override the law of the land, though they accentuate the distinction between the Pope's authority and that of the Italian Legislature. In Germany they will probably have no influence at all, and, presumably, not very much across the Atlantic, but in France and Italy the cause of cremation may receive a temporary check.

### Last of the Roman Ghetto.

*From the Pall Mall Gazette.*

Another picturesque piece of antiquity is doomed; and the Jews' quarter at Rome will in a week or two's time be a thing of the past. From the sanitary point of view the demolition of the Ghetto is no doubt highly desirable; but the traveler seldom troubles himself about the health of the people whose streets he visits, and he will regret that he will see no more those picturesque ruins creeping up besides the ancient monuments, leaning against the gate of Octavus, swarming with an active and industrious folk who lived so to speak, on their doorsteps. All this is disappearing. The Jews had made themselves there a sort of second fatherland; their habits, their traditions had followed them there, and they were a little town to themselves. The present Government dispossesses them, and gives them wide streets, and Israel is again dispersed.

**F. W. GUERIN, PHOTOGRAPHER,**
Twelfth and Washington Avenue.
Highest prize awarded at National Photographic Exhibition, Cincinnati, 1884; medal awarded at Paris Exposition, and gold medal awarded at the World's Exposition, New Orleans, La., 1885. Special attention paid to Crayon and Pastel work.

**Select Oysters and Little Neck Clams 25c per dozen at**
GEORGE MILFORD, 114 N. Broadway.

## CITY NEWS.

WITHOUT the slightest shadow of a doubt, you can these days get more dry goods at D. Crawford & Co.'s for a dollar than anywhere else for two dollars ! ! and the people know it, as witness the crowds to be daily seen at this great bazaar. This big sale will be continued only a few days longer. Send for D. C. & Co.'s new illustrated catalogue.

GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO.'s Factory and salesrooms, 304, 306, 308 Locust.

**Dr. E. C. Chase,**
922 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgences. Call or write.

## "HUNKY DORY."

**The Famous Elephant Shot and Killed in Central Park.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, August 19.—"Hunky Dory," an elephant, was born in the jungles of India six years ago. When he was two years old he was captured and sent to this country, where he became the property of John B. Doris, showman. Hunky Dory was as awkward and uneducated as any elephant fresh from his native forest might be, but was docile and good natured, and before long become a refined and polished animal. He was happy in his adopted home and nothing came to mar his pleasure until last Friday night. The circus had been at Yonkers during the day and Hunky Dory had done his part towards entertaining the visitors. He walked the tight-rope, played see-saw with a brother elephant, waltzed and danced on upturned tubs and with exceeding great care had carried children around the ring. After getting through with the day's work, he was led out into an open lot and left with a bundle of hay to pass the night. The precaution had been taken to put a heavy chain around one leg and fasten it to a post. In the morning, when his keeper went to give him his breakfast, great tears stood in Hunky Dory's cheeks and he held up one of his front legs as if in pain. An examination showed that the leg was broken. Superintendent Conklin of the Menagerie in Central Park was sent for. He said it would be a long time before the elephant could perform again. On the following day the elephant was put into a car and taken to Jersey City. While he was being there Doris decided to send him to Central Park and have him killed. A big cattle truck brought him to New York, and on Tuesday night he was put into a little building just back of the menagerie in the park. He could not lie down, and he stood moaning and crying with pain. Mr. Conklin

DECIDED TO HAVE HIM SHOT

at 7 o'clock last evening. A few minutes before that hour the elephant followed one of the park-keepers out of the door of his temporary home. All his legs except the broken one were tied securely with large chains and were fastened to a heavy iron fence. Henry Bergh had been informed that the shooting was to take place, and he sent his nephew, Henry Bergh, Jr., and two of his men, to see that no cruelty was practiced. Mr. Conklin marked a spot at the base of the elephant's brain with white chalk for Peter Simpson, who was to fire the shot, but Jennes Richardson, taxidermist, disagreed with Mr. Conklin as to the place where the ball would penetrate the brain, and marked a spot both hands and longue quiet while I am here. I am always glad to say anything that is wished by the papers, but this time I am on a real vacation, and all I can say is that I feel at this delicious atmosphere and under the care of my good American friends."

THE GREAT ACTRESS

swept aside the train of her long gown as she arose and held out her beautiful, firm white hand in adieu. Miss Terry in the drawing-room is very different looking from Ellen Terry behind the footlights. She is tall and slender, and walks with the most remarkable buoyancy of step. Her hair is of the palest blond, curling and rather short, gathered back from her brow and caught on behind with blond tortoise-shell pins. She is pale and her black-lashed eyes are of a rare and peculiar shade of green, without a hint of blue or gray in them. Eyes of such a color are almost unknown and always indicate a very uncommon and impressionable temperament. She holds her head slightly thrown back and speaks with an English accent in a rapid, forcible way. Her hands are most beautiful. They are long, white and exquisitely shaped, and the clasp of them is something to be remembered with absolute pleasure, so cordial and warm is it. Miss Terry seems to have a strong partiality for white silk as a summer garment. She was dressed in a long matinee gown of white Chinese silk that hung in soft folds about her, and was no whiter than her cheeks and brow. The night that Irving, the Lockwoods and the yachting party dined in the Casino, and after nearly everyone had gone, they collected in the turret gallery for half an hour to watch the effect of the moonlight on the waves. It was the first time Miss Terry had showed herself at all, and as usual she was in white silk, with a long white shawl embroidered and fringed with silver wrapped about her head and shoulders. The yachting party from the Rambler, which includes Richard Mansfield and Florence as well as Irving, has been here several days. They are to be seen amusing themselves in Narragansett fashion. They have been very desirous of taking Miss Terry away in the yacht with them when they leave, but Dr. Hitchcock is indisposed to permit this. Meanwhile they are being lunched and dined and generally amused by the cottagers at both Narragansett and Newport. They are to stay a few days longer and then the Rambler heaves her anchor and leaves for a short cruise.

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## ERIN'S NEW VICEROY

**A TITLED RETAIL COAL DEALER AND POST-PRANDIAL POLITICIAN.**

**Lord Londonderry and His Arrogant Wife —A Shameless Acknowledgment—The House of Commons—The Entrance of Ireland's Ruler Into Public Life—His Infamous Ancestor.**

So Castlereagh has cut his throat! The worst
Of this is—that his own was not the first.

Lord Byron, who wrote the above epigram, with several others which are scarcely fit for publication, merely gave expression therein to the feelings of satisfaction experienced on all sides when the mysterious suicide of the second Lord Londonderry, otherwise known as "bloody Castlereagh," became known. The circumstances attending his death are fortunately shrouded in more or less gloom, since they would hardly bear the light of day.



*Marquis of Londonderry.*

His successor and grandnephew, the present Marquis, who has just been appointed Viceroy of Ireland, is a comparatively harmless young man of considerable wealth, and, although an excellent whip and first-rate horsemen, possesses but a small modicum of brains. It is somewhat difficult to write anything about the career of so exceedingly uninteresting a young nobleman. His education at Oxford appears to have been somewhat neglected, since he was in the habit of hunting five days in the week of the time he spent there. Needless to say that he left the University without attaining any distinction.

A sudden fit of patriotism caused him to consider the necessity of devoting the talents and latent statesmanship with which he felt himself possessed to his country's service. Accordingly he placed the matter before an unfortunate Irish constituency, and by dint of the most extravagant and reckless promises, induced the electors to return him to represent them at Westminster. His maiden speech in the House was made when he was selected, by reason of his birth, to move the address to the throne at the opening of Parliament. Certain that he could not depend upon his somewhat weak memory he committed his oration to paper, and to the intense astonishment of the whole House coolly read it from the manuscript. By this unheard-of breach of Parliamentary etiquette he incurred a vast amount of ridicule. The only other occasion on which he addressed the House was when he was called to account for having broken the promises which he had given to his constituents previous to his election. The excuse for his shameless repudiation of all the pledges which he had then made was characteristic. "I can only account for my ever having undertaken to support home rule by the fact that I had been speaking after dinner."

Needless to add that he made a point of always voting against every measure which was calculated to advance the liberties of Irishmen.

Since he has achieved considerable success in London as a retail coal-dealer some anxiety is expressed in Ireland as to the possibility of his issuing a Viceregal decree ordering that in future Londonderry coal be used as fuel throughout Ireland instead of the national bog peat.



*Lady Londonderry.*

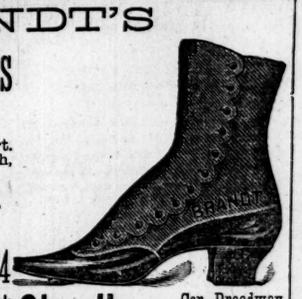
Lady Londonderry, who is considered a great beauty, is credited with somewhat more intelligence than her lord and master. She is a great favorite at Marlborough House, but has incurred much unpopularity in London society by reason of her intolerable arrogance. No greater contrast can be imagined than that between the new Vice-Reine and the Countess of Aberdeen, whose pretty face, kindly smile and winning ways endeared her to all. Lady Londonderry is the sister of Lord Shrewsbury, who died at the age of 16 achieved a most unenviable reputation in connection with some shady horse transactions, which resulted in his appearance in a police court. In 1881 he eloped with Mrs. Mundy, a relative of Lord Byron, and after tamely submitting to a horsewhipping on the part of the outraged husband, went off on a yachting expedition in the Mediterranean with Mrs. Mundy. Two brothers of the latter—the Messrs. Morewood, at the present moment, I believe, residing in Virginia—traveled with the enamored couple and created at the various ports where the yacht touched a healthy impression as to the morality of the British aristocracy. On her return to England Lord Shrewsbury, meeting old Mrs. Morehead (at that time his mother-in-law *de la main gauche*) at a railway station, was the victim of a most ridiculous assault on the part of the old lady, who used her umbrella on the head and shoulders of England's Premier Earl with considerable vigor, to the delight of the assembled crowd. The divorce was obtained from Mrs. Mundy just in time to enable Lord Shrewsbury to marry the lady before the birth of Lord Ingestre, who made his appearance in the world about three weeks after the ceremony.

**Arrangements for the Conclave.**

Paducah Commandery of Knights Templars, stationed at Paducah, Ky., has chartered the steamer John Gilbert to bring them around to the conclave. They will make their headquarters on board the boat, which will remain in port four days.

Michigan Commandery of Detroit, Mich., mounted, will bring their own horses with them, and have already engaged stable quarters on Broadway and Cass avenue. St. Louis Commandery has made arrangements to have its quarters in Masonic Hall, Eighth and Market streets, lit up with electric-lights. This commandery expects to spend $20,000 during the triennial week. The Drill Corps of the Knights, which has been inactive during the hot weather, will be ordered so nightly drills after the first of next week.

**BRANDT'S**
**Cloth-Top Button Boots**
**FOR LADIES**
Combine style with perfect comfort. We carry them on the Spanish Arch, Opera and Common-Sense Lasts, in
**WIDTHS FROM AA TO F.**



**Prices, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4**
**J. G. BRANDT'S** Double-Deck RETAIL **Shoe House** Cor. Broadway and Lucas Av.
Open every Saturday Night until 10:30.

## ELLEN TERRY.

**THE ENGLISH ACTRESS SEEKING REST AND AMUSEMENT AT NARRAGANSETT PIER.**

**Quiet Drives in the Country—Moonlight Yacht Trips—An Interviewer Cleverly Foiled—The Actress' Appearance—Suffering from Insomia.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, August 19.—Miss Terry has been here at Narragansett with Mrs. Lockwood, the sister of Secretary Bayard, for some days, but little has been seen of her by the gay world. The Lockwood cottage stands some distance back from the water, behind the Hotel Columbus, and is embowered in trees and hung with vines. Almost the only glimpse any one has had of the famous actress has been when she was stepping into a carriage at the gate of this cottage, starting for a drive in the country. She dresses always in white silk, with a black hat covered with plumes, long black gloves and parasol. She and Mrs. Lockwood drive along the ocean drive, past the Casino, dip into the country and are seen no more until dark. Lately, during these moonlight nights, a boat slips out to the Lockwood yacht, and the vessel spreads her white wings and floats away down the long silver path across the waters. These little evening sails are taken in the hopes of inducing Miss Terry to sleep. She suffers from insomnia, and is in the care of a physician who forbids her to see any one and orders her to bed twice a day to be thoroughly rubbed for half an hour.

FOR REST AND RECREATION.

"I am going to ask you to let me be quiet while I am here in America," she said to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent. "I am here under orders to take absolute rest and have refused to talk to any one. And, after all, I have nothing to say of any interest. The whole story of my coming is that after my work was done this season in London I was very ill and the doctors ordered me away from everything. I was to go where nothing would remind me of what I had been doing, and I came to America, and here I stay day after day, doing nothing whatever, just lying, dozing and dreaming like a pussy cat in the sun. I would not say anything in the London papers, even before I left, and I see all manner of absurd things attributed as my reason for being here. You know the sort of things I always do when I get into the papers," she said with a little laugh. "I always do that when the reporters get me into print. Just fancy a woman of my age doing that sort of thing. So I mean to keep my mouth and tongue quiet while I am here. I am always glad to say anything that is wished by the papers, but this time I am on a real vacation, and all I can say is that I feel at this delicious atmosphere and under the care of my good American friends."

THE GREAT ACTRESS

swept aside the train of her long gown as she arose and held out her beautiful, firm white hand in adieu. Miss Terry in the drawing-room is very different looking from Ellen Terry behind the footlights. She is tall and slender, and walks with the most remarkable buoyancy of step. Her hair is of the palest blond, curling and rather short, gathered back from her brow and caught on behind with blond tortoise-shell pins. She is pale and her black-lashed eyes are of a rare and peculiar shade of green, without a hint of blue or gray in them. Eyes of such a color are almost unknown and always indicate a very uncommon and impressionable temperament. She holds her head slightly thrown back and speaks with an English accent in a rapid, forcible way. Her hands are most beautiful. They are long, white and exquisitely shaped, and the clasp of them is something to be remembered with absolute pleasure, so cordial and warm is it. Miss Terry seems to have a strong partiality for white silk as a summer garment. She was dressed in a long matinee gown of white Chinese silk that hung in soft folds about her, and was no whiter than her cheeks and brow. The night that Irving, the Lockwoods and the yachting party dined in the Casino, and after nearly everyone had gone, they collected in the turret gallery for half an hour to watch the effect of the moonlight on the waves. It was the first time Miss Terry had showed herself at all, and as usual she was in white silk, with a long white shawl embroidered and fringed with silver wrapped about her head and shoulders. The yachting party from the Rambler, which includes Richard Mansfield and Florence as well as Irving, has been here several days. They are to be seen amusing themselves in Narragansett fashion. They have been very desirous of taking Miss Terry away in the yacht with them when they leave, but Dr. Hitchcock is indisposed to permit this. Meanwhile they are being lunched and dined and generally amused by the cottagers at both Narragansett and Newport. They are to stay a few days longer and then the Rambler heaves her anchor and leaves for a short cruise.

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**ASTONISHED THE VILLAGE.**

**The "Old Maids' Club" of White Plains Gives a Grand Picnic.**

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, August 19.—The "Old Maids' Club" of White Plains astonished the village on Tuesday, when after the meeting Miss Deborah Cummings, the long-trusted treasurer, announced that the club had decided to hold a picnic at Glen Island. The members had been noted for years as sticklers for firmness and propriety, and a picnic without rustic swains was beyond the villagers' comprehension. Young blood, however, was recently infused into the organization by the election of Miss Stainach, daughter of an Austrian Count, with great expectations, and two others who still possess much of the peach and creaminess of youth. To their influence was ascribed the late change of the club's name to the "Arlington Club," to which the village has never taken kindly. On them was also laid the blame of the picnic. Miss Amanda Dunn, the President, however, declared that the picnic was a spontaneous and unanimous proposition and added that the club would not tolerate men whom it placed in the same category with cows and dogs. Yesterday morning, therefore, the villagers arose early to see the club depart in a big stage. The party numbered fifteen, which included the President and the nine Vice-Presidents of the club, all attired in black jerseys and skirts of striped tennis cloth, with large straw hats tied down with ribbons, and a number of pairs of blue spectacles. There were three old married ladies for chaperones, a small boy in knickerbockers to throw stones at dogs and cows and

A GRANDFATHERLY OLD MAN

who seemed to be there for general utility. Large luncheon baskets were carried on the front seat, and it was said these contained "a bottle of milk, a dozen of sandwiches, three lemons, ten pickles, an apple pie and two ginger breads." At Glen Island, after the long ride, two of the most determined-looking members went at once to Capt. Hinde of the police stationed there and demanded a special officer.

"We have not come here to be insulted," said they, "and we want you to arrest every reporter who pesters us." Capt. Hinde put himself at the head of the weird procession and they started for a secluded spot. But on the way they passed a restaurant. "Tea, tea," came from ten excited pairs of lips as they remembered the prime necessity of their trip. A special delegation entered and asked if fifty-six cups of hot tea could be served during the afternoon. The head waiter examined his stock and said he might be able to furnish twenty-eight cups, and that he did. The club then marched to the picnic grounds by the beach. The luncheon was eaten with dignity and decorum. No frivolity was visible anywhere. The adjacent babies were viewed with an air of long suffering, and a cat belonging to the bath-house keeper occasioned such paroxysm of delight that an experience meeting was organized at once and reminiscences of absent tabbies were revived with close attention. Finally, a conversational visit was made to the menagerie. Here the monkeys were the special objects of interest. They were pointed out as the ancestors of men who, after all, were only unfeeling brutes. About 3:30 o'clock the procession again filed down to the ferry where the stage was waiting. A careful count was made of the spoons and dishes and Capt. Hinde was thanked for his services, and the first annual picnic of the "Old Maids' Club" was ready for record on the secret books of the secretary.

## WENT TO JAIL.

**Col. Bolton of the Chicago Post-Office Re-Arrested on New Charges.**

CHICAGO, August 19.—W. H. Bolton, late superintendent of second-class matter in the post-office, was re-arrested yesterday, on a warrant sworn out by Inspectors Bassett and Kidder. The discoveries of the inspectors, it is claimed, show a defalcation of nearly $12,000 which is daily increasing. Col. Bolton was brought before Commissioner Hoyne. Mr. Pierce, Col. Bolton's attorney, argued that it was neither competent nor legal for the Commissioner to consider the case again. District Attorney Ewing maintained that there was good legal authority for asking to have Col. Bolton held in larger sum, and asked that the bonds be increased to $25,000 on the embezzlement charge and remain at $5,000 on the conspiracy charge. Mr. Pierce said that was simply outrageous. Col. Bolton had a good record, had made no attempt to escape, and yet he was pressed as if he was a common thief. "The matter ceases to be prosecution and becomes persecution," concluded Mr. Pierce.

Commissioner Hoyne decided to hold Col. Bolton in the sum named by Mr. Ewing, and Mr. Pierce offered himself as security. Mr. Ewing said he did not think him good beyond the bonds he had already signed and declined to accept him. Col. Bolton approached the Commissioner at this juncture and said angrily: "Make out your commitment and I will go to jail. You have done everything you can to disgrace and persecute me. Now do your worst." The papers were made out. The inspectors say that on the night previous to Col. Bolton's first arrest they examined his safe at his office and found in a private box a check-book and two small note-books containing a memoranda of the alleged stealings during the months of March, April, May, October, November and December, 1885. The accuracy of the memoranda, it is said, has been verified by the investigations. Col. Bolton was taken to the jail last evening, but at a late hour was allowed to leave in charge of a Deputy United States Marshal and spent the night at a hotel.

## STABBED HIS PLAYMATE.

**A Murderer's Suicide—Train Wreckers Arrested—Illinois Items.**

MARSHALL, August 19.—J. W. Hetherington, a lad of ten years, had a quarrel yesterday with Garrett Wall, a lad of the same age, who stabbed him three times in the back. He cannot recover.

MT. CARMEL, August 19.—Officers reported yesterday that the murderer Emmons, who killed Allen Stout, shot himself through the heart in an old cabin. He pulled the trigger with his feet.

CHICAGO, August 19.—Hiram A. Denison and Bernard Ferguson were arrested last night on the charge of throwing switches. They are also accused of attempting to wreck a passenger train.

HIGHLAND, August 19.—The Vandalia Railroad depot at St. Jacobs was struck by lightning last night, and was consumed in flames.

CENTRALIA, August 19.—A heavy hail and rain-storm early yesterday morning did considerable damage throughout the suburbs.

DIXON, August 19.—Congressman Henderson was renominated yesterday in the Seventh Illinois District.

CHRISTIAN, August 19.—Elder Hiram Buck, a Methodist minister of forty-five years standing, has been stricken with paralysis.

VIRGINIA, August 19.—The One Hundred and Fourteenth Regiment Illinois Infantry reunion at Ashland was largely attended.

CLINTON, August 19.—The Harrison Methodist revival closed last evening. There were 500 conversions reported.

SPARTA, August 19.—An employe of the Mobile & Ohio Railroad was drowned last night while bathing.

**CHOICE**
From our entire stock of Check, Stripe and Plaid Imitation Seersucker Coats and Vests for
**$1.50! $1.50! $1.50!**
Coats and Vests that were $4.50, $4, $3.75, $3.50, $3 and $2.50 now $1.50.
Men's and Boys' Summer Clothing, Hats and Furnishings at Cut Prices.
**F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.,**
Clothing, Hats and Furnishing Goods,
N. E. Corner Broadway and Pine.

**The J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.**
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.
Furniture, Carpets, Stoves and Household Goods of Every Description,
BABY CARRIAGES, GASOLINE STOVES and ICE-BOXES,
Sold on Easy WEEKLY or MONTHLY Payments at Lowest Cash Prices.
SPECIAL RATES for parties going to housekeeping.
Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

## TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Turkey says she will assist Bulgaria against Servia in case of any war.

The striking workmen at Vierzon, France, have been brought to order.

Chinese and Japanese have been rioting seriously at Nagasaki, Japan.

The Bishop of Metz, Germany, is dead. He was a very prominent prelate.

Conradi, an American, has been imprisoned at Simferopol, Russia, for spreading Jewish heresies.

Queen Victoria attended the Edinburgh Exhibition yesterday, and a brilliant reception was accorded her.

Geronimo is trying to make terms with the Mexicans in order to make Sonora his base of future operations.

Miss Edith Campbell, a Steubenville (O.) society lady, is missing. She left her home through a window.

Gen. Boulanger's biography, despite his interdiction, is having an immense sale throughout France.

There are strong hopes of stamping out the dread disease leprosy which for twenty years has baffled the medical authorities at Tracadie, New Brunswick.

Marquis Tseng declares that Corlea is an insurgent province and that the latter will resist any foreign power's attempt to seize it.

James O'Neill of Cork, Ireland, followed his wife and mother-in-law, Mrs. Cavanaugh, to Boston, Mass. They ran away with all his money and he followed them.

Eliza Woods, a negress, accused of poisoning Mrs. Jesse Wooten, was lynched at Jackson, Tenn., last night. A number of other crimes are attributed to the woman.

John Kinney, a worthless negro, murdered his father-in-law, Monroe Clark, near Wichita, Kan., on Christmas eve, the latter took away Kinney's wife when his abuse became intolerable.

An old engagement was consummated in the marriage of Edward L. Gambrell and Sarah C. Cockrell, at Louisville yesterday. He is 63 and she is 59. Neither had been married before.

A Belfast Coroner's jury has returned a verdict of murder against two police sergeants, in the case of Jackson, shot by the police. Warrants for the officers' arrest have been issued.

The great charity concert of Patti which was mentioned in her delightful letter to Miss Glover of St. Louis published in the POST-DISPATCH came off at Swansea, Wales, yesterday evening.

Augustus Duddenhausen, Register of the Land Office, at Oxford, Idaho, was suspended, but his successor was rejected by the Senate and has been ordered to retransfer the office to Duddenhausen.

J. M. Thompson of Rhea County, Tennessee, arrived at Chattanooga, Tenn., yesterday, and asked protection. A mob of his political enemies in Rhea County tried to lynch him, and after a hard fight he escaped.

The 56th anniversary of Emperor Joseph's birth was observed with great festivity at Vienna yesterday. In the evening at Babelsburg, Emperor William of Germany gave a banquet in honor of the occasion.

The Premier of Victoria, Australia, said in Parliament yesterday that unless the transportation of French criminals to the New Hebrides ceased the Australian colonies would unite to defend themselves.

An attempt was made Tuesday to assassinate the President of Uruguay. The bullet caused a painful wound in the executive's head. The miscreant was caught by the enraged populace and pounded to death.

Despite France's fresh protest against the appointment of a Papal Nuncio to Pekin, the Vatican refuses to reconsider its action and has asked its chief of missionaries in China to submit a statement of the mission's condition.

Dr. Dreifus, a prominent Jewish physician in New Orleans, has been convicted of subornation of perjury. It is a reminiscence of the murder of Murphy by Judge Ford, a case that caused the hanging of two men, confining of three in the penitentiary as principals, conviction of five for perjury, and one for forgery.




**MOST PERFECT MADE**
Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor deliciously.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.

## SUMMER RESORTS.

THE "Oakwood" Green Lake, Wis., opens for summer guests the 15th of May, with extensive improvements. Apply for circulars, with prices, to David Greenway, owner and proprietor, Dartford, Wis

**HOTEL ST. LOUIS—LAKE MINNETONKA.**
The St. Louis Hotel, Lake Minnetonka, will be opened informally for the entertainment of guests on June 15, and regularly July 5. It is the only thoroughly drained large hotel on the lake. The Lyndale water, quite equal to Waukesha water, is brought to it. It has gas, fixed wash-basins, baths, a fleet of boats, and the drives around it are the finest in the Northwest. Board cheaper than either of the other large hotels. Address I. D. Crawford (formerly of Gardner House, Chicago), Manager, Northome, Minn.

**WEST END HOTEL,**
**LONG BRANCH.**
Cottages and Restaurant will open June 10, the Hotel June 19.
D. M. & W. R. HILDRETH, Proprietors.
New York Office, 52 Broadway, New York.

**The Doomed Anarchists.**
Read Our Full Report.
VOL. 37—NO. 43.

**WI**

**ROYAL CA**
WITH CHARTI
Make Summer Cooking a Pl
SOLD BY THE FOLLOWIN
Wm. Milfell, 1940 North Broad
Reardon Bros., 1240 North Br
F. Schiereck, 819 North Sixth s
P. Stone, 2022 Franklin av.
A. & W. Hawtin, 820 N. Seventh
J. M. Ward, 1115 Franklin av.
Staley House Fur. Co., 809 Fra
Miller & Stevenson, 305 N. Fou
E. Marschuetz & Son, 816 O'Fal
C. Wuerz, 1916 South Broadwa

**"CARBOLI**
ASTHMA'S CONQUEROR
ST. LOUIS, August 17, 1886.—"Ca
been troubled with the Asthma, my attac
could hardly speak three words without g
instant relief, the strain and pain in my
was wonderful. I had no idea that any m
me. I would advise all fellow-sufferers t
GEORGE
This is positively the only sure
and Lungs.
Offices Removed to S. E. Corne
"Smoke Ball" sent by mail with f

**THE DEMOCRACY D**
While They Denounce the
Ring and Influences in
Convention,
John O'Day Plans to Secure
the State Central Commit
Status of Members of the Co
Unsuccessful Fight on Chairm
—Attorneys Form the Majorit
Committee and Many of Them
Attorneys—O'Day the Chairm
Executive Committee — The
"Influence" Will Be Suprem
Campaign.

At the opening of the Democratic
vention, which has just adjourned
George G. Vest sounded the key
sentiment when he invoked the St
to enforce the railroad laws on
books. The sentiment was instant
by the independent country men
rolled up a heavy vote for that plat
fight over the nomination for th
Judgeship became a question of r
anti-railroad. On the stage a tardy
often announced in advance for
cause "that's a railroad county
Henry had become identified with r
terests. In his private conversation
frequently criticised the views and
his associates on the bench, and r
their adverse conduct in cases wh
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brother judges as prejudices almos
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gained public notice in the coln
POST-DISPATCH through a local
office-holder upon whom no conf
been imposed. Judge Henry did n
his views. In the canvass

HIS FORCES WERE LED BY JOHN

who has for years been the railro
nator in State politics, and who
recognized head of one of the
the railroad corporations in
The delegates to the conven
put under obligations to thi
manager by accepting favors at his
the convention Judge Henry's int
more than once entrusted to the
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party which, while in the flush
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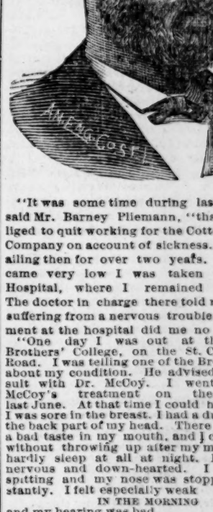
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AT CHRISTIAN BROTHERS.



"It was some time during last January," said Mr. Barney Pliemann, "that I was obliged to quit working for the Cotton Compress Company on account of sickness. I had been ailing then for over two years. When I became very low I was taken to the City Hospital, where I remained six weeks. The doctor in charge there told me that I was suffering from a nervous trouble. My treatment at the hospital did me no good.

"One day I was out at the Christian Brothers' College, on the St. Charles Rock Road. I was telling one of the Brothers there about my condition. He advised me to consult with Dr. McCoy. I went under Dr. McCoy's treatment on the 16th of last June. At that time I could hardly speak. I was sore in the breast. I had a dull feeling in the back part of my head. There was always a bad taste in my mouth, and I could not eat without throwing up after my meal. I could hardly sleep at all at night. I felt weak, nervous and down-hearted. I was always spitting and my nose was stopped up constantly. I felt especially weak

IN THE MORNING

and my hearing was bad.

"Suffering from all these symptoms I went to Dr. McCoy's office. I was told that I had catarrh of the throat and stomach, and that it might take three or four months to cure me. I have been under his treatment regularly since the 16th of June. My strength and appetite and sleep have returned to me. There is no trace left of any of my disagreeable symptoms, and I am as well to-day as I ever was."

Mr. Pliemann's statement can easily be verified. He is an intelligent German, who came over to this country about thirteen years ago from Hanover, in the North of Germany. He is 34 years old and lives at 309 South Fourth street. The likeness of him given above is a very fair one.

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